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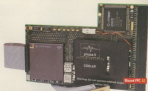
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## Cover disks

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Here's the Quick demo! This will let you know exactly what you can expect from the full game. You even get to play around with all the many settings and options. There's another 600kfile or so of the latest software too, including a big interactive fiction section, SBBasePro, a massive 150Mb of PowerPC software and the best pickings from Amiga 120.

**18 SBBase4Pro**

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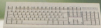
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# News

## St. Louis Show



In 1983, the St. Louis Amiga users group held a show to draw to the Gateway 2000 acquisition of the Amiga you could make it, get a rebid in the show had any indication that their purchase was less than two weeks away. This year of course, Amiga Inc. was invited and shocked up in full force, which is to say that nearly the entire office came.

This year's St. Louis show was a better organized affair — Bob Schanz, who had previously run the show as the user group's representative, decided to streamline the operation and run the show as a private enterprise, giving him full control over the event, which worked to owner's advantage. It also involved

expanding the show a third day with Friday dedicated to seminars and developer networking. Friday culminated with a private dinner and open bar sponsored by Amiga Inc. who have apparently already learned the quickest route to our hearts.

For entertainment, a portable Blues Brothers band were did their schtick on the stage. Escam never bought beer for the US Amiga community, so score one for Amiga Inc. Saturday and Sunday were the show proper. The exhibitors ran the usual gamut — small or part-time Amiga retail or reseller operations and small development companies, all the way up to big-time Amiga dealers and famous developers like Adam Osborne, Bob Lutz

and Newtek. Classics ran throughout the days as well as programming, networking, HTML, and Amiga applications.

Pete, Jeff Schenderland at times his lovely wife Kim, Joe Tarr, and Marilyn Hite were all available for varying levels of consultations, questioning, and advice. Joe had his new blackmark being-bull-leopard working, and was given a pair of

powered boxing ball shoes by some admirers.

Saturday night was capped off by an overkill banquet — some paying

patrons were moved out to a hotel gathering area for dinner and then invited to the main floor for the speeches. Most important of the

### An Interview With Petre Tyschtchenko

**Q:** We've seen the licensed Microsoft Scandinavia. Is this a sign of more things to come?

Petre: Yes, absolutely. There will be a new licensed Scandinavia from AGI when Microsoft's exclusive period (6 months) runs out. We hope to launch more products like this. The licensed products should undergo full technical testing in the US but so far there have not been the facilities to do this.

**Q:** How does Amiga Int'l function?

Petre: We are entirely funded by sales now and in fact can afford to transfer some money back to Gateway. Amiga International is responsible to sports

make the current Ad strategy?

Petre: What we are trying to do is to build up the existing distribution — give them some cash rewards, help them earn money. Our products can only be as good as our distribution.

**Q:** What would make you happy?

Petre: I would like to see the Amiga return its success, with a new aggressive product, like the Commodore 64 and the Amiga in 1986. We need good partners to make this happen.

**Q:** You've been through some difficult times lately. With your experience you don't have to work with the Amiga — why do you still do what you do?

Petre: I joined Commodore in 1982. We seen a lot of up and down, but I like this market. I get a very strong feeling from the people in it. Certain times, like after Windows, seem rough but I believe in being patient and honest and sticking with it. I also want to make sure that I have a good successor for after I retire.

**Q:** Any particular memories of Commodore that stick in your mind?

Petre: I remember when Jack Tarnell left the company — he was a real friend. He bought AGI for 10 years. Adam Brothers — they were having some difficult times then, it was the video game market. He brought my old boss, Mike Sturges over to AGI as well.

Petre Tyschtchenko is head of Amiga International in Germany.



**Q:** Can you share





increasingly rare (and also expensive) 3D drives, but its direct CD-ROM reader and drop-down interface make it a terrific package. Amiga is looking into DVD support for their products in the not too distant future.

## Photogenics Ng

Paul Nolan was on hand to show off the Sarnese System, as well as Photogenics Ng, which shows considerable costs and savings from photobooks. While the name is not yet written in stone, the new program may be the final word in printing-effect packages, and was impressively fast in 24-bit color.

Just across the aisle from Mr. Nolan was Ramit Woodall of Nova Design, showing off the latest ImageFX 3, with a totally reworked interface which dishes the old GUI conventions and moves to a more modern, windowed system. IFX 3 also boasts an expanded set of effects, including the ability to use a number of formulas developed for Photoshop.

## Nowtek return?

Nowtek may be flopping back to the Amiga. In a move of considerable

## An Interview Markus Nording

**Q1: What is your company's feeling on the PowerPC boards now?**

Markus: We need a better PowerPC implementation — that's what my technical staff tells me. It's not easy to do a good job programming for the PowerPC the way it has been implemented on the Amiga right now. For example, the PPC port of AmiDirect was slower than the 68k version. If you need local access to the OS, it slows everything down. That's why we've seen relatively few PowerPC programs so far.

**Q2: What do you suggest?**

Markus: A pure PowerPC motherboard Emulation of the 68k is possible, cheaper, and better for the PPC implementation. We have a 68k emulator ready to use, and it may be possible to even implement it on existing PowerPC cards.

**Q3: What are the keys to a growing software market on the Amiga?**

Markus: Answer to C++, with strong development tools. Java could potentially be very big for the Amiga software market as well.

**Q4: So where is Morph, your Amiga Java implementation?**

Markus: It's not easy to get finished programmers and close contact with Unix engineers (but even that sometimes takes time) to get a spec-

tion answered — that makes the development process more difficult.

**Q5: Have Image and Photos committed to using Java for future products?**

Markus: That remains to be seen — but we have to get Mental out.

**Q6: Tell us about Tomado3D — where you see it fitting in the 3D market.**

Markus: It is definitely targeted at Lightwave. The developer of Tomado is a video professional, so he knows what he needs for his work and knows what a good 3D program should achieve.

**Q7: Any other products coming through the pipeline we should know about?**

Markus: DayWriter is starting to look more like a real wordprocessor now — we should have a demo in 1-2 months. Also, we are working on a new Morph interpreter coded in C++ rather than assembly for portability. It may have to be "Visual Amiga" to be when combined with StormBlaze. There is some good loss in the new interpreter because of the C++ code although we don't have any benchmarks right now.

**Q8: Will there have PPC versions?**

Markus: Other could be — we'll see.

**Markus Nording is a good source of Amiga & Amiga.**

buying anything with Amiga technology in it.

Sometimes the most interesting developers are tucked away in quiet places — that's where *WarmWare* lives with their Lisp software. Lisp uses the numeric device and an animation which you can create, or use a stock set to create realistic movie characters for dialogue, which you can then dub over for cartooning. It's easy and fun, and almost ready for commercial release.

Anchoring the show were the retailers, anchored by National Amiga, Compupoint, and Wonder Computers, who decided at the very last minute to attend. Between these three and the smaller retailers present, most anything you could want to buy was on hand, from old peripheral boards to 48600 and 41200 PPC cards, Mvix, Micronix towers, and scan boards. The retail staff generally looked quite busy.

Plans are already underway for Amiga 86, including a move to a better hotel. If the next 12 months are an upward building process for Amiga Inc. and the rest of us, I have little doubt that it'll be even better. ■

## An Interview With Jeff Schindler

**Q1: Where are you now, in your eyes?**

Jeff: We're off in the sales definitely. But Microsoft doesn't dominate the future, and we need to exploit the areas of the market that we can tap without competing our future plans.

We're encouraged by the fact that most contacts with high-tech firms we almost always find a few strong Amiga people. You have to understand that even now we're still finding new things in use around in the Amiga community and deciding what software solution is relevant and what is important is a very busy process.

**Q2: Amiga Inc.'s approach to development focusing on software, encouraging others to build the hardware? Has a Microsoft flavor to it, is this because of Gateway's experience on the other side?**

Jeff: No, I think it's because this is the strategy that makes sense for the Amiga at this time. We need third party development and products and to incorpo-

rate their technology as our own, not to do it all of those good things and simply say a "Gateway-Amiga" sticker on everything. So we're focused on future technology and learning.

**Q3: Has there been any move toward getting the Ram Kernel Manual, email developer doc, republished?**

Jeff: We have some legal people looking into it but nothing has happened yet.

**Q4: Honestly can you say that Gateway knew what they were getting into when they bought the Amiga last year?**

Jeff: No, they weren't really aware of what they were getting into. We didn't just buy technology although that's what they saw at first. We bought into a group of people.

Jeff Schindler is head of Amiga Inc. in the US.

generically the company goes away at least 100 copies of Lightwave 5.0 for 1000s of users. While their booth was fairly low-key with a few demo running but no huge signs or blinking lights, the representatives there were consistently "up" when it came to discussing the Amiga, and it seems that Lightwave 5.0 for Amiga is being re-evaluated for development.



MagiBox are present, as are a number of other vendors. The next display to announce upcoming show events. The company has put their 41200-based information kiosk all over — in Trump Towers and many locations in Las Vegas, even in the 1987 Super Bowl. One snag their business has hit — TCI, the country's largest cable firm, has a firm policy against

## phase5 announces first PPC Amiga Clone

Last month, phase5 implied that there was a "logical" next step for them to take with their high-end CPU and graphics chip development on the Amiga. This month, they made their intentions clear, announcing the preview, an Amiga600 computer which will operate on four PowerPC chips as well as a 60000-series CPU. Whether that CPU will be on the motherboard or emulated on the PowerPCs is as yet undetermined.

Because of the relatively low prices of PowerPC CPUs and phase5's commitment to multi-processing, the company believes that it can offer attractive price/performance ratios compared to the PC market. The systems will not be targeted at the lower end of the market, but will focus on medium to high-end users - power users, professionals, and serious gamers.

There is no indication that AGA will be present on the new prefabrics - instead, an 8MB high-

speed PCI bus graphics chip will provide high-resolution display through ColorDepthX. The only Amiga600 machine to ever ship with out an Amiga graphics chipset was the Draco, which also employed ColorDepthX.

For expansion, phase5 plans to ship with SCSI, IDE, serial, parallel, and USB as standard. Three PCI slots will be available for add-on boards, and it is anticipated that drivers will be written to support the most common (ahem, etc.) and it is entirely possible that more custom boards, such as video editing cards, could find software support on the new machine. Memory expansion will be through fast SDRAM, and a special slot for a Modem/232 add-in board included.

Based on current pricing and projections, phase5 expects an entry-level machine (a quad-PPC 6004e/200) to sell for \$1000. At the other end of the spectrum is a quad-CG (PPC 7445/600), for \$3300.

## Amiga Pyromania

Leading Hollywood visual effects

company VDS have announced the release of Pyromania Classics, a visual effects compilation for the Amiga 4000 and Video Toaster.

The compilation CD contains over 30 visual effects sequences including explosions, fire, smoke and shockwaves for use with your own productions.

Individual sequence files are also included for use in applications, such as ImageFX, Photogenic, or Toxopoint.

For more details contact VDS at <http://www.vds.com> or call +1 800 264 9827.



## News in Brief

### Browse frenzy crashes Hush - twice!

Following the release of the latest upgrade to the Hushweb web browser, Hush were forced to take down their website twice when a flood of hits by users in search of a download crashed Hushweb Internet twice in the first few hours.

Demon claimed that the problem was due to the heavy use of CGI scripts in the site design, and Hush have withdrawn their site to prevent further system outages.

While the rest of the site is redesigned, you can still download the free upgrade to Hushweb 1.2 from <http://www.hushweb.co.uk>

### Descent gets CV3D

Development on the Amiga 3D version of PC game Descent has taken a new turn with the release of a beta release of the game with support for the Vaga 3D chipset used in the Copernicus 64000.

Although the 3D Vaga is a primitive chipset by the latest 3D standards, this marks a historic first with Amiga game with hardware 3D acceleration.

The current beta release archive can be downloaded from the Amiga Descent web page at <http://www.informal.net/Amiga/Descent/>

### AMIGA means what?

Imagined Design Solutions, a South Florida-based electronic commerce consulting firm and their partner Bell South Telecommunications, have announced the launch of the Americas Information Gateway, an Internet-based information resource gateway to be known by the abbreviated name of AMIG.

Of course, a certain US computer manufacturer we know well may have something to say in the near future about the use of the name Amiga to brand an Internet initiative.

### Norwegian Mag

Michael Bengtson, editor of Norwegian anti-porn magazine Amiga Piretes is looking to expand his site. If anyone (preferably Norwegian speakers) wants to help out, or just buy a copy, they can email him at the address [michael@newmedia.no](mailto:michael@newmedia.no).

## Inside Out needs You!

Siemens Systems, the company formed by Paul Nolan and Index Information's Mike Tinker, have unveiled a novel plan to encourage advance sales of the Inside Out.

Concerned that demand for the unit, which turns any PC-based computer into a fully functioning 640 or 680-based Amiga might not be sufficient to justify the large

just £225. The selling price does not include a processor, which can be either a 586/60 940 or a 686/60 950.

Paul Nolan from Siemens said "As you can see, it is worth paying the deposit and as long as you meet a target of 500 boards we will invest the money needed into the Siemens PCI Amiga board. This may seem like an extraordinary wage to develop a product, but the software is 80% complete and the hardware is 90% complete. However, the development cost is two high when the Amiga buying

InsideOut contains a full AGA chipset, meaning that the vast majority of existing games and software will be able to run on a system fitted with it.

An additional video output socket on the board will ensure existing graphics are compatible, opening up the possibility of using a system fitted with the card as a low cost analogue/digital hybrid video system, something which Siemens have heralded as yet another first for the Amiga.

Users who place orders for the unit will be required to settle the balance once the board has been manufactured, which is expected to be around 3-4 months after a decision is made on whether to go ahead with the project.

Readers of our March issue will also know that one of the main intentions behind the card is to provide users of the Siemens PCI with the ability to run the Mac OS and software, as the card will be fully capable of emulating a full Mac, using one of the existing Amiga emulator programs. For further information, pay a visit to the Siemens Systems web site at <http://www.siemens.co.uk>.



InsideOut

sum of money required for development and production, the company has announced a deposit scheme, whereby purchasers can save money off the intended £225 selling price, depending on how much they pay upfront.

In short, a deposit of £35 will bring the total price down to £190, while £50 lowers it to £160 and £150 down brings the price down to

public have become so bullish about pricing for new Amiga products, and at the same time complain about the lack of development".

The InsideOut card promises to be the fastest 686-based computers ever designed, as all VCI graphics display, sound etc. are handled by the host machine, while the bandwidth flow across a PCI bus is around 10 times faster than SCSI 3.



# Stateside News

By Jason Spector, Editor in Chief of Amiga Report Magazine

## Newtek Does it Again?

Newtek, notable for developing the Video Toaster, Player, and Lightwave, and more recently for having an unclear and mercurial policy towards Amiga development, seems to have changed their minds once again — about the Amiga, and also about their management.

Danish Persicale, Newtek CEO, has been replaced on an interim basis by founder and former CEO Tim Jensen, who stepped out of the role a couple of years back in favor of Persicale, a lawyer who helped Newtek's formation and legal development. While rumors of "ending the anti-Amiga person" seem to be exaggerated, this

move roughly coincides with a re-opening of the Amiga Lightwave issue at Newtek.

Newtek halted Amiga development with version 5.01 (other Lightwave platforms are presently on V5.0). However, a re-evaluation of the Amiga market seems to be taking place. No formal announcements by



Newtek have yet been made, but the growing popularity of the phased PowerPC technology along with the conversion of SaaS, Lightwave's transition to the PPC system may bode well for Lightwave's future on the Amiga.

# NewTek

## ImageFX Plugin Goes Commercial

PerCaveis, a plugin for ImageFX 2.0 and above that allows the user to simulate "documentary-style" camera effects on a still image, has been licensed by Legacy Maker Inc. and is now being offered as a commercial product.

The program takes a large single image in the ImageFX buffer and pans across a predefined path to generate an animation. This effect is commonly used in documentary and news footage, to zoom in or out on a photograph or document.

PerCaveis sells for roughly \$25. Ordering information is available from +1 773-465-5158 voice, or [www.percland-journal@legacy-maker.com](mailto:www.percland-journal@legacy-maker.com).

## REBOL for Real?

Just when it seemed like Amiga Legend Carl Sassenrath's REBOL initiative was dormant and slowly passing into history, it appears that the project may be headed for a new level of legitimacy.

The language of REBOL, "Technology's first press release is very similar to that of earlier REBOL news — promising a revolution in the way people interact with computers and computers interact with the Internet. It is also of the most extreme degree of startup: there is indication of one employee other than Sassenrath, but the rest of the necessary corporate posts remain unfilled.

For more information, contact the company at +1 703-465-6823 (fax) or, [www.rebol.com](mailto:www.rebol.com) online.

# REBOL



## DKB reduces operations

Amiga hardware pioneer DKB have cut back their operations and development in response to lagging demand for their products.

The Michigan-based company was one of the first to ship hardware add-on boards for the original Amiga computers, and may well be the longest running Amiga development company in existence. But their product line fell behind the times and the pace of hardware development, these days primarily set in Germany, they never shipped their planned graphics board, had only one D50 accelerator (The Wildfire, for \$2500), and no new products in quite some time.

As such, the company has been relegated to back-order status while its primary employees pursue other

business ventures. Mr. Hardware has been contacted to provide tentative dates and service of the remaining stock and existing customer base of DKB products. For more information, contact Mr.



▲ A DKB Wildfire Accelerator

Hardware at 01 6-204 61 70, or [www.k.net-hardware.de](mailto:www.k.net-hardware.de).

## Advertisers Index

Bolton Technologies	51	0125 480114
Chargex	182	0191 545 9179
Chromatix	51	01903 501 188
Fire	84	01933 60004
Globalnet	117-119	0117 552 1188
Gen Marketing	16-17, 24	0174 330000
Gensoft	117-119	01947 712 186
Net Computers	84	0171 262 1004
New Computer Systems	46	0173 231644
Perceptive	76	0191 545 9179
Golden Image	84	0191 580 6101
Web	182	0190 101 800
Web Associates	76	01947 704071
Power Computing	4-6	01916 161000
Education	18	01903 262 100
SpecialServices	18	011 91488719
West Software	117-119	01 74 145000
Web High Technology	76	01947 704071
West Technologies	18	0191 552 1000

# CD-ROM

## Super CD-ROM 22



Welcome to CUCD22. This CD is crammed full of programs, games, utilities, mods and a host of other goodies. If you don't yet have a CD drive, this is your reason to buy one. Prices have never been lower and 650Mb of quality software each month is just too good to miss out on.

### How much of what?

It's easy to miss where the real contents of a CUCD live so here's a list of how much data lies in each directory. Headlining the CD is the 5Base4 (see page 18 for a walkthrough guide). Apart from that there's more than enough to keep anyone going until next month, whether its graphics, offline web browsing, music, programming or tinkering with the many utilities and tools to be found on the disc. Of particular note this month is the comprehensive PowerPC section.

PowerPC	51MB
Quake	15MB
Superbase	20%
CDSupport	64MB
System files	12MB
CDInfo	17MB
Demos	13MB
Graphics	121MB
Information	3MB
Magazines	65MB
Online	45MB
Programming	4MB
Readers	28MB
Sound	27MB
Utilities	33MB
WWW	28MB

### Making the most of CUCD22

**A**ll CUCDs are designed to be used whether you boot from the CD or your normal Workbench. If you boot from the CD, everything is setup and ready to go. If you want to install the CD from your Workbench, you should first run **InstallCD**. This sets up various assigns and paths needed by programs on the CD, so if you don't do it, things won't work. It doesn't make any changes to your system, or write any files to your hard drive, all changes are temporary and can be reverted by running **InstallCD** again.

### Your own custom CD

In the past you had to use whatever the viewers we set up on the CD, since these had to work with all Amigas they were quite limited. From CUCD12 we decided to allow you to specify how the CD should work on your Amiga.

Now you have **InstallCD** to run before you should be asked if you want to when you run **InstallCD**. **InstallCD** lets you specify which programs you want to use to handle each type of file, graphics card users can view pictures in full 24 bit colour, **PrepCD** users can listen to midi files through their work card and people with sound cards can listen to music with an A/D module player. It also enables us to store all the defaults for Workbench 2.0 users. Once you have run **InstallCD**, your settings will be saved to your hard drive and will be used every time you use this CD or any other CUCD.

Some people had problems with the original set of files, partly through a lack of understanding of how it worked and partly through a lack of explanation from us. All users now use CUCD16 as their default tool, and the previous file problems should be a thing of the past. **InstallCD** now copies

CUCD16 and its configuration to your hard drive, if it's not already there. This means that files copied from the CD will now work without needing the CD present. You will almost certainly need to run

CUCD16 to set it up to use your own viewers, but you should do that anyway as it will result in faster access. If you do have any problems, make sure you have run **InstallCD** at least once.

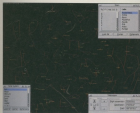


▲ 24 Bits goes...

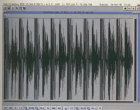


▲ How all this falls, check with a pile of game tips.

## Highlights of CU Amiga Super CD 22



▲ How far can you stretch a face when the size exceeds your relative sight? Well now you can find out with Digital Resonance.



▲ Test your Peltide sound card's the face with a demo of the new sample filter Sumpitude.

### PowerPC/Graphics/ ElasticDreams

This is a demo of a very slick-looking image manipulation program. Although it's in the PowerPC diskset, it works very nicely with a 68K CPU.

Now, if only someone would lend me a PPC card to check out the difference...

### CUCD/Games/ AmiCheats

This is one of those collections of game cheats on this month's CD.

Between them you should be able to find a solution to just about anything.

### CUCD/Online/ POP3module

At last, the Amiga has a program to browse through a POP3 mailbox.

This incredibly useful utility shows the contents of your mailbox in a standard Directory Open Folder.

Not only does it let you dispatch spam to oblivion at the click of a button, it even has configurable spam recognition and auto-deletion.

### CUCD/Sound/ Sumpitude

This is a demo of a useful-looking sample editing program, from the makers of the Peltide sound card. It works with standard audio hardware too.



▲ How everybody can have a rubber face with the PPC-ready Elastic Dreams photo manipulation demo.



▲ Test and tear files.



▲ Rotate computing - the files rotate.



▲ Peltide compatible sample photoviewer.

### CUCD/Sound/TapeDeck

Another Peltide special, this one uses the Peltide card to record and play back samples, using a standard tape recorder style interface.

### CUCD/Utilities/Digital Almanac

Digital Almanac is an extremely program with loads of options. Even if you're not into astronomy, it's worth looking at for curiosity.

### CUCD/Utilities/QDOS

Similar QL versions are possibly more familiar about their machines, this Amiga version. Now be back with this Sinclair QL emulator.

## Making things work

Wherever possible, we have tried to make software work straight from the CD, this isn't always possible for a number of reasons. Some programs need to be installed to your hard drive to work, others requiring specific system files. These files are usually on the CD so running toCD often helps here.

Most software contains a list of system requirements in the documentation, and some will not run unless you have the required processor, memory, operating system version or chipset. Some programs, particularly demos and games are written in an OS illegal way. This means they only work on specific machine specifications, sometimes the readme states this, but not always.

Many demos are intended to be run for a short, the icons we add simply start them from a script. It comes says this will not work, especially demos that need a lot of RAM.

In this case you will need to boot without startup-sequence and run the program from the shell. Your Modembook manual should explain how to do this.

## What's on this month's CU Amiga CD?

**PowerPC**

There has been an explosion in the amount of PowerPC software available recently, and this looks likely to continue now that all 260 PowerPC accelerators are available. This directory contains a wide range of programs and utilities for using and programming PowerPC. Many of the programs here also work without PowerPC so everyone should look in here.

**Quake**

This contains QuakePlayer and a game file. QuakePlayer is more than a clonehow type demo, it actually plays the game the same as the full version, but without user interaction. This means you can see just how well Quake will run on your own setup.

**Superbase**

Superbase personal is a powerful, yet easy to use, database. See the coverdisk pages for sample data information.

**CDISupport**

This contains various support files, such as read players, write players, GATfiles, MUI, Chained. Most importantly this is where the CDIndex program lives. With this you can customize your CU2D to search your choice of programs for each type of file. Two other

utility icons in here are DocsIndex, with links to all the program documentation files on the CD, and Index, run Index, type in the name of a program, or part of it, and it will search the contents of the CD for you. You can either search the current CD or the index files of all CU2Ds since number 4.

CDISupport also contains icons to start Phoenix in various configurations, ready to use when linking a CD2V or CD2D to another Amiga.

**CU2D**

The CU2D drawer contains most of the CD contents, here is a selection of what each drawer holds:



**CU-ROM:** We have the latest demo versions of MasterMind and MasterMind, the most popular CD release programs for the Amiga. As always there is an installer for AmiCDPS, a much faster filing system than the old supplied with Workbench 3.1.



**Demos:** Another substantial selection of demos this month. Over 40MBs of audio-visual extravaganzas for your entertainment and delight.



**Games:** Quite much demo-wise, but there's still goodies here for demo fans.

**Graphics**

A huge selection in Graphics this month, with some impressive online, plenty of icons and backgrounds, a large number of 3D objects in Images, Lightmaps, Cinema4D and Reflections formats.

There is also a scanner driver for Amiga scanners, a new version of the Raytrace 3D renderer and a collection of DEM files for use with the recent VistaPro graphics.

**Disk doesn't load?**

If your CD does not load contact DiskSpace on (0445) 810070. If they advise that the CD is faulty send it along with a SSM to CU Amiga Magazine Disk Returns, DiskSpace, 7 Willow Court, Bourton Industrial Park, Bourton on the Water, Gloucestershire GL54 2HL.

Please note that some CDs will not subload on systems other than CU2Ds, so to loading is from Workbench files. CU2Ds will work with almost all Amiga configurations and filesystems. However, we recommend older CU filesystems be replaced where possible. A non-working program is not an indication of a faulty CD!

**Information**

This drawer contains various Amiga information resources, including the online FAQ (frequently asked questions from comp.sys.amiga introduction) and guides to various system files and software.



**Magazine:** Here are all the support files for the C Tutorial. The software reviewed in the Internet PD pages is all on here, as is a massive collection of files to go with the IP feature. There are also some AffixLink addresses and the files mentioned in the Page modern reviews.



**Online:** We have the usual selection of Internet and MPlayer mailings, plus archives of the last monthly discussions on the CU Amiga mailing list. Other utilities include online developer modules for Super 3.1, various web page creation tools and the brand new Mame 3.



**Programming:** There's not much in here this month, but look in the PowerPC drawer for other programming resources, including the new version of vnc, a freely distributable C compiler that works with GDB, and PowerPC Amiga.



**Readers:** Another collection of stories, games, art and modules created by you readers.

**Keep them coming**

**Sound:** A good collection of modules, covering a wider range of musical styles than usual.

There are demo versions of

Samplitude and Alchemy and an API based rapid audio player with GUI.



**Utilities:** Another diverse collection of incredibly useful utility programs, including a print spooler, updated SCSI drivers for Obsolete cards, virus checkers and much, much more.



**WWW:** Another selection of Amiga related web sites. Notably this includes CU Amiga Online.



# COVER DISKS

## SBase4Pro

### A beginner's guide to SBase 4

**D**espite its age and its rather primitive-looking interface, SBase 4 is an immensely powerful relational database system for the Amiga.

A complete guide to this program would occupy several hundred pages, so what follows is merely a brief introduction; there is simply no substitute for obtaining a copy of the manual.

The two principal interface components of SBase are its worksheet – the main window used to enter and view records – and the browsing controls – a set of tools, like the controls of a VCR, used for scanning through records (see box).

However, before manipulating records, you must create a record scheme, i.e. a definition of the characteristics of each field in the record. Next you must create at least one index for that record; indexes are

each member's full name, address, the type of Amiga they own, and their membership number. This membership number will uniquely identify any particular member.

#### Creating the example file

Select **File** → **File** from the Project menu, and enter the filename "Members" into the file requester. What SBase calls a "file", i.e. a particular record scheme, its indexes and record data, SBase actually maintains in several physical files all with the same filename root. When manipulating files with SBase, it is only necessary to use this root – which in our example is "Members". Next, SBase asks you to enter *join* words, if required. We will not bother with any for our example, so just click "OK". However, there are three levels of password protection. The

One of the best database packages the Amiga has ever seen has finally made it into your hands! SBase4Pro can be as simple or complex as you make it. Either way it's bound to make your life easier!

#### Loading instructions

To install SBase and the Interactive Fiction games on your hard drive from this month's cover disk, first boot up Workbench and then insert cover disk 1B5. Open the disk and you will see three icons. The first is named "Drag Me To HD and Click". If you do just this – drag it to the hard drive partition of your desktop and double click it – SBase4 will be installed there. Do the same for the other icon "Games Drag Me To" to install the games.

Single click it! While installing the games, you'll be prompted to insert the other disk, disk 1B6. Everything will be fine, if you do this when asked. When the installation is finished, you may start SBase by double-clicking on the SBase4Pro.HT icon. Further information on the use of SBase can be found later on this page. Instructions for loading and playing the IF games are given opposite.

Figure 1



used in two ways: to provide a quick method of looking up individual records, and to provide a sequence for the presentation of records.

#### An example

We will now use a small example as a tutorial. Suppose that you run an Amiga club and wish to keep a database of your member's details (perhaps a full example, I know). What data would you need to store, and how would you need to access this data? It is always best to think about the data to which a database will be put before actually creating it. Our example file will contain

first level, Delete, gives full access including delete permission. The second level gives read/write access only: users may update records, but not delete any or the file itself. The third level allows read only access: users may only view records.

The file definition requester, which is used to create the record scheme, now pops up. In this example, each record will hold the details of one member. The first field of each record will hold the unique number of that member, and we will ensure its uniqueness by getting SBase to assign this number next using the built-in function "SER".



Figure 1

## SBases - Wort Members Indexed on Number

Enter the field name "Number" into the "Field" gadget of the file definition requester, select the "Numbers"

the "Int" gadget and set the text format (see box) to length 20 and "Upper case". Select "Required" (this

ensures how drastically the record structure may be modified).

The next stage is to create the indexes. We want to be able to access and scan the file by membership number and surname. So, first, select the field Number from the list gadget, then click "Unique Index" and "OK". This instructs SBases to duplicate attempts to create two records with the same value for Number. For the other index, select Surname from the list gadget (note that this is not unique since many people have the same surname) and click "OK". Then just click "OK" to finish and SBases will create the index files.

## Entering and editing data

A database is useless without any data, so that is what we will attend to next: entering data. To create a new, blank record, select "New" from the "Record" menu. You will be presented with a column of fields on the main worksheet of SBases, and, hopefully, if all went to plan, the field Number should have the value "1" opposite it and there should be a flashing cursor opposite Surname.

This shows that SBases is waiting for your input. For our example, when we create a new record, we are in fact adding a new member. So let's add a new member. Enter "blaggs" opposite Surname and press return. The flashing cursor should now be positioned opposite the Other names field. Here, enter "Joe", press return, then enter "1 Rowhere Street, Anytown" for the address, "00000 00000" for TEL.

and "1200" for Computer, remembering to press return after each.

Note that the data you enter in lower case is converted to upper case. After you finish entering the final field, you will be presented a requester asking whether you wish to save this record. Select "OK" if you

## File definition requester

Figure 1

1. Field for whose field and surface should select
2. List field type: the Name field type on field 1 requires that the field type is set to "Number" and the field type is set to "Number"
3. Field name: the field name for the field is set to "Number"
4. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
5. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
6. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
7. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
8. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
9. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
10. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
11. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
12. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
13. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
14. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
15. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
16. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
17. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
18. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
19. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"
20. Field type: the field type is set to "Number"

## Browsing controls

Figure 2

Field	Value
1. Name	00000
2. Surname	00000
3. Other	00000
4. Address	00000
5. TEL	00000
6. Computer	00000
7. Other	00000
8. Other	00000
9. Other	00000
10. Other	00000
11. Other	00000
12. Other	00000
13. Other	00000
14. Other	00000
15. Other	00000
16. Other	00000
17. Other	00000
18. Other	00000
19. Other	00000
20. Other	00000

## Number format requester

Figure 3

1. Number format specified
2. Number format specified
3. Number format specified
4. Number format specified
5. Number format specified
6. Number format specified
7. Number format specified
8. Number format specified
9. Number format specified
10. Number format specified
11. Number format specified
12. Number format specified
13. Number format specified
14. Number format specified
15. Number format specified
16. Number format specified
17. Number format specified
18. Number format specified
19. Number format specified
20. Number format specified

## Text format requester

Figure 4

1. Length: maximum number of characters in field
2. Length: maximum number of characters in field
3. Length: maximum number of characters in field
4. Length: maximum number of characters in field
5. Length: maximum number of characters in field
6. Length: maximum number of characters in field
7. Length: maximum number of characters in field
8. Length: maximum number of characters in field
9. Length: maximum number of characters in field
10. Length: maximum number of characters in field
11. Length: maximum number of characters in field
12. Length: maximum number of characters in field
13. Length: maximum number of characters in field
14. Length: maximum number of characters in field
15. Length: maximum number of characters in field
16. Length: maximum number of characters in field
17. Length: maximum number of characters in field
18. Length: maximum number of characters in field
19. Length: maximum number of characters in field
20. Length: maximum number of characters in field

type and up-caps the number format requester. Here, set the number format (see box) to integer and 00000, and click "OK". Now select "Format", type "GEM/Member" in the string gadget of the requester which appears, and click "OK". Select "Read only" when returned to the file definition requester, because, as SBases assigns the number to each member we do not want it to be modified later. This is the definition of the number field complete, so click "Add" to add this to the record. SBases will then close the requester ready for you to define a new field.

Our next field will be for the member's surname. So, enter "Surname" into the "Field" gadget of the file definition requester, select

requires that some data must be entered into this field) and click "Add". You should be getting the hang of things by now, so repeat this to create some more text fields: one called "Other names" and of length 20, one called "Address" of length 60, one called "TEL" of length 12, and the last called "Computer" of length 6. After all the fields have been defined, click "OK" to accept the definitions.

If you make a mistake with your file definition, you may modify it by selecting "Modify" from the Project menu. This pops up the file definition requester again and you can click on the field you wish to modify in the listview gadget. Once you have begun to enter data into the records, there are certain restric-

Figure 5: File definition requester

## Interactive Fiction

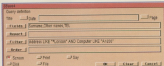
To tie in with this month's feature on Interactive Fiction, we have generously decided to include nine IF games on the cover disk.

These games are first only adventures in the classic Inform tradition. However, be warned—this is *addictive*. *CU Amiga Magazine* will not be held responsible for symptoms such as loss of temporal awareness, lack of sleep in the forgetting of real time which may be caused by these games.

Eight of the games that we have given you are written in the portable Inform language, and so to play them on your Amiga you'll need an interpreter. Luckily for you we've put the program *Interp* on the cover disk for just this purpose. To start a game, double click on the *Interp* icon. When it has loaded, it will present you with a file requester. Simply select the game you wish to play and double-click. All the adventures have *Memories* ending in the letter "Y" and a number, e.g. "Figure 0Y".

The other game on the cover disk is an Amiga version of that classic from the 70s, *Dungeons*, which formed the basis for the famous *Trek Trilogy*. It may be played by double-clicking on the *Dungeons* icon.

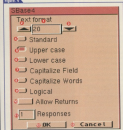
If you are eager for more information on Interactive Fiction, please read the feature. And don't forget, if you get really stuck with the games, you can always type "HELP".



### ■ New addition requests

record data is correct. "Cancel" if there is a mistake. If "OK" then you will be requested whether you wish to enter more records. Select "Yes" here to continue adding more records. Feel free to make up some more names and address and add them to the database.

### Figure 3



You may modify the contents of a record at any time, by clicking on a particular field with the mouse when that record is shown on the worksheet and editing the contents as required. You may move the cursor to the next field of a record with the Tab key and back to the previous field with Shift+Tab. If you try to move to another record without saving a modified record, you will be informed and asked if you wish to save that record.

## Browsing and filtering

Browsing through a series of records is simple thanks to the simple browser toolbar (see *here*). If you click at the title bar of the worksheet, it will tell you by which field the current file is being indexed. Press the <-> (arrow) key to step

through the available indexes. In our example file, when indexed on Member, the browser controls will move through the records in order of the Member field. When indexed on the Surname field, the records are ordered alphabetically by member's surname.

When you have many records in a file, the filter tool can be useful to

reduce the number of records displayed to a manageable amount. When you click on the filter tool, a requester pops up. This allows you to enter a boolean expression, which will be evaluated for each record in your file. If it evalu-

ated on the toolbar, and the browser controls we only let you view those records which are accepted by the filter. To turn the filter off and view all the records, simply click the tool button again.

## Database querying

The query facility in SBase records similarity to the filter function, but with the added advantages of formatted output and the ability to save query commands to disk for later reuse. Select Query > >Edit from the Process menu to define a new or modify an existing query, or select Query > >Open to load a query from disk. As an example we will use the filter form above to display a list of names and phone numbers of those members who live in London and own an Atari 2600.

Type "Surname" string-gadget in the Query Definition requester. This selects the fields we wish to be displayed in the list. Next enter the filter expression from above into the "Filter" string requester to select which records to display.

Click "OK" for the list to be generated. When you have finished viewing the list, select the "Current record" button from the toolbar to return to displaying records. Other query features include the ability to generate the query straight to a file or printer, to perform counting or summing operations on the list, and to create a title and date for the list.

## A whole lot more

I have barely touched on SBase's features. There is a form editor to create visually appealing interfaces to your databases, there is multiple file support, there is the ability to implement so-called "external" files as database fields (e.g. text, pictures, etc.). There are facilities to import and export record data to and from various file formats.

If you are *Slashed Pro* there is even a complete programming language called DML, which allows you to create spreadsheet applications which access your databases. ■

Richard Greenwood

# SBase4Pro Manual Offer



## Video Escort

do not own, operate, or even consider using any other computer. Plainly, we think the other platforms are crap. We purchased SBase4Pro Amiga in 1989 because we didn't want to see it die and we have been working on upgrading it ever since. Admittedly, we have not been making as much progress as we had hoped. The reasons for this vary, but basically it comes down to two problems.

**Problem One:** The SBase4Pro source code was a mess when we got it. It took a lot of work just to make it compile under SAGC v6.5 because it was last updated under Lattice v3. Our first programmer left the Amiga, our second programmer lost a lot of time after being injured in a car accident. The good news is that he has gotten better and he is back at work on SBase4Pro. We recently made a deal with another programmer, so there are now two good Amiga people diligently working on the code. We are finally making some real progress. **Problem Two:** Money! We don't have any! Being 100% Amiga does have its rewards, but great riches are not one of them. Our 100% Amiga dealership has grown in spite of the joys and tribulations of the Amiga, but it's very difficult to set aside money for programmers when every day is a financial challenge. To help solve this problem we decided to ask CU Amiga if they wanted to include SBase4Pro on their cover disk. As you can see, they said yes. We wanted to assure all the loyal Amiga owners that this is not the end of SBase4Pro for the Amiga, but rather it's a new beginning.

We have great plans for SBase4Pro which include an upgraded, freely distributable Runtime module that's fully compatible with the

main SBase4Pro program. We want to encourage the Amiga community to use their Amigas to do business and to make their business software creators available to other Amiga owners. The future will bring new features to SBase4Pro such as font sensitivity, better graphics board support, networking, and more than a few surprises. We are going to do this with or without your personal help, but with it we can do it faster. That's why we're making the following offers at this time. Anyone who has purchased the CU Amiga cover disk version of SBase4Pro will be eligible for a special discount on the next version. A complete SBase4Pro user manual for the CU Amiga cover disk release can be purchased for \$60.00 US plus postage. Please allow 6

## Retail Escort

to 8 weeks for delivery. Remember SBase4Pro is a \$300.00 program that you just got for free. If you buy a manual, your discount on the next release version will be even greater. Video Escort, our fully featured Business Management and Accounting program for videographers, which runs under SBase4Pro, can be purchased for just \$100.00 US plus postage. Retail Escort, our Point of Sale, Inventory Control, Accounting, and Business Management program, which also runs under SBase4Pro, can be purchased for a special low price of \$400.00 US plus postage.

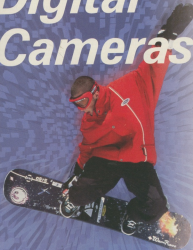
Joe Rothman  
Mr. Hardware Computers

For more information on Mr. Hardware Computers or any of our Amiga products, please visit our web site at [www.li.net/~hardware](http://www.li.net/~hardware), send email to [hardware@li.net](mailto:hardware@li.net), or call us at 516-234-8130. Thank you for supporting the Amiga.





# Digital Cameras



Now is the time to get into digital cameras. Lower prices, better hardware and now plenty of Amiga software should be enough reasons for now...

Until very recently the realm of digital cameras offered little to the Amiga user. None of the hardware manufacturers produced Amiga software drivers for their digital cameras, so it was down to the Amiga community to get on with a bit of DIY. John Kennedy got the ball rolling with a simple driver for two Kodak models.

While quite usable and certainly functional, one driver for two cameras (which unfortunately are now being discontinued) can only give you so many options. However, things have moved on since then, and now you can choose from at least a dozen different cameras ranging from the cheapest of the cheap to far more sophisticated and capable snappers.

## So why should you get one?

There are plenty of reasons and an endless string of applications to which they can be put, but the main reason is that they are just such a convenient tool for getting photographs into your Amiga. What you shoot (and how you shoot it) is up to you, so is what ever you do with your pictures, once they've been shovelled over to your hard drive.

They may appear like expensive toys, the latest gadget on which you're being encouraged to splash out, our hard-earned money buying. Yes, it's true they are great fun - but they are also useful for anyone interested in computer graphics or photography, opening up all kinds of new avenues and making other jobs far quicker.

Digital photographs are ideal for use with GTP for example, as they can quickly be dropped into place. They can also be processed beforehand, to bring out detail or remove unwanted background details. Although the resolution of most cameras makes them unsuitable for professional output work, if you plan on printing your printout using a standard inkjet printer, they are ideal.

Internet web sites are another application for which the cameras could have been custom built. Web sites need images which are colourful and yet not too large - either their dimensions or file sizes. The pictures created by digital cameras are perfect in both respects, with a little ingenuity, digital cameras can also be used as "web cameras", providing automatically updated images.

Some digital cameras even have a built-

## Bizarre digicam applications

After all, digital cameras are good for a laugh. Their flexibility and low running costs means you can mess around them in all sorts of ways. For example, there's a guy called David Greenewald who does all kinds of weird things with his DC20, such as creating 3D stereoscopic images, attaching the camera to a remote control aeroplane or model rocket and taking 360 degree camera-controlled panoramic photos. You probably wouldn't want to strap a £1000 camera to a rocket, but a model such as the cheap and simple DC20 can easily be padded and secured to a projectile and is unlikely to suffer too much damage in the event of a crash landing, purely because there are hardly any bits to break off it.



▲ Pottery field (Greenwald)

tools to grab a sequence of small pictures - perfect for making small looping AnimGifs for personal home pages.

Because digital cameras don't use any film, you can keep re-taking your shots, previewing them on the LCD screen as you go, and you get just the picture you're after. There are limits to storage space, comparable to conventional cameras, but you can delete any or all of the pictures when ever you like to make room for new ones. Some cameras come with flash-memory cards for extra storage space. With a few of these memory cards you could build up a large stock of pictures in a single session (out in the field) without having to return to base to download the pictures to make room for more.

You get what you pay for with digital cameras. Those range from a little over £100 for the most basic to around £1000 for the top of the line examples. The cheaper models output lower resolution images, have less storage space and basic camera mechanisms (lenses, flashes etc). See page 28 for more details on the cameras themselves.

## Digital Camera Web Links

### The DC20 Secrets Page:

<http://home.konline.de/home/Oliver.Hartmann/dc20secrets.htm>

### The DC20 Page:

<http://home1.worldnet.se/~w-13268/>

### Remote Control Aeroplane Pictures:

<http://www.wco.com/~dgreen/>

### Cameras on Rockets:

[http://www.wco.com/~dgreen/Gallery/for\\_sat.htm#film](http://www.wco.com/~dgreen/Gallery/for_sat.htm#film)

### Amiga Digital Camera Page:

[http://www.xpo.de/eng/digicam/index\\_e.html](http://www.xpo.de/eng/digicam/index_e.html)

### Web Cambers:

<http://www.virtual-london.co.uk/cam.htm>

[http://www.capitalfoto.co.uk/WebObjects/CapitalPhoto/London\\_Guide/Topic.asp?\\_type=night.html](http://www.capitalfoto.co.uk/WebObjects/CapitalPhoto/London_Guide/Topic.asp?_type=night.html)

### Stereoscopic Photography:

<http://www.wco.com/~dgreen/Gallery/Stereo.htm>  
[http://www.foto.co.uk/The\\_net/3d/](http://www.foto.co.uk/The_net/3d/)  
<http://www.internet.dk/lynneminden/stereo/3d/3d2.htm>

### Kodak UK:

<http://www.kodak.co.uk>

### Olympus:

<http://www.olympus.co.uk/index.html>

### Canon UK:

<http://www.canon.co.uk/>

### Fuji:

<http://www.fujifilm.com>





## How they work

**T**he key to all digital cameras is a chip called a CCD, or "Charge Coupled Device". This is a matrix of tiny cells, each of which can measure the amount of light which falls on them. In a colour camera, the CCD array is actually a sandwich of three CCD layers, one sensitive to Red light, one to Green and one to Blue.

Each cell in the CCD matrix creates a tiny electrical charge, and when the photograph is taken an analogue/digital circuit scans the entire CCD, converting the voltage levels into a level from 0 to 255. As each cell contains red, green and blue information this means that the image is captured with 24bit accuracy, which means over 16 million colours can be represented.

At this point the camera's internal processor compresses the image to save space: if the images were stored uncompressed they would take up too much room – even a relatively low resolution camera could create pictures of over half a megabyte. Most cameras use a minimal form of compression to the well-known JPEG scheme, which discards some details in order to pack the

image dealing with large picture files. For the reason some high-end cameras have SCSI connections. Other cameras use PC cards with Flash memory, which means the cards can be removed from the camera and inserted into a suitable reader on the computer. Currently all the cameras which link with Arriaga use the serial port.

Once the image has been transferred to the computer, it still needs to be expanded back into its original form – or at least, as closely as possible. This is simply the reverse of the JPEG-style compression algorithm used in the camera. Sadly for third-party developers, few manufacturers release detailed information on the compression used (understandably they don't want to disclose their trade secrets) which makes it hard to develop Arriaga-based applications.

### Make a resolution

Digital cameras often get a lot of criticism when it comes to resolution. Take the Kodak DC20 for example, which can capture images at a maximum of 495 by 375 pixels.

Compared to the output from a flatbed scanner, this resolution is so low to be laughable. Worse, the compression used in the camera can blur fine details. Of course, you can get sharper pictures by increasing the resolution: the current generation of "megapixel" cameras can take snaps with over a million individual pixels, as the name suggests. However, these are still expensive and Arriaga drivers are not currently available. Worst of all, they still don't produce images of the same quality as a scanned photo.

Digital cameras have the distinct advantage that they are very convenient: it only takes a few moments to download a picture and display it on-screen. Compare this with ordinary film which needs developing and printing, before it can be scanned.

Furthermore, images captured by a camera are just about the right size for on-screen work. Higher resolutions are required for printing, but for mapping around in a paint package or creating web sites, even the CCD's picture size is perfect. CCDs are great for quick and easy image capture at home,

### Future Developments

What's around the corner is the digital camera front? It's easy to predict that the current lines of development will continue and therefore images will gain resolution as the price of Flash memory drops. Let's not forget however, that the camcorder market is currently undergoing a revolution as it has gone digital. Using tiny little DV tapes, a digital camcorder can sport moving images with a very respectable resolution of 700 lines, and many camcorders offer the ability to take still shots and send them to a computer or printer.

The biggest change though could be the integration of digital cameras with handheld computers. Casio's digital camera can be linked to it's Handheld PC running WindowsCE, but Sharp has gone one better and made a slot in camera on a hand option for their Handheld.

In a few years such devices could be considerably more powerful and affordable, with built-in GSM mobile phone features. This means that not only could your camera take a picture, but it could also send it via email with the press of a button. And that soon leads on to the possibility of hand-held video conferencing systems, built into watches. The ability to make a video phone call whilst in the bathroom? How there is something to look forward to...



▲ A digital camera works in a similar way to an ordinary camera. Light is focused onto a light sensitive region. In digital cameras, a CCD chip instead of film is used.

images down as tightly as possible.

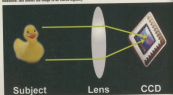
The compressed images are then stored in the camera's memory. This is another important area, as it's imperative that the memory doesn't "forget" its contents when the camera is switched off. Unlike the memory in an image, the camera uses Flash RAM – a form of memory which requires no power to store data. Flash memory is still expensive compared to ordinary DRAM or SRAM, which is why digital cameras come with only small amounts: this explains why the images must be compressed.

To retrieve the images, the camera is connected to a computer. The most common way of doing this is to use a straightforward serial link. Serial links are cheap and easy to create, and all computers have compatible serial ports. The only disadvantage is that serial connections are quite slow, especially

and is also used by NASA scientists who use it as an irreplaceable technology for space research and interplanetary probes.

Another hidden advantage is that CCDs can often capture images which film cannot: dark blues and greens, or fluorescent colours don't show up well on film. CCDs are also popular with astronomers, not only ground-based ones with telescopes, who can use CCD to take and process exposures very quickly, but also tidal scientists who like to see what their space-probes are up to.

▼ The CCD is a matrix of light sensitive cells. In the image below one is the amount of Red, Blue and Green light is measured. This allows the image to be stored digitally.





## CamControl

■ **Type:** OS/9

■ **Available from:** VersaPro Computers  
[http://www.vpc.develop.com/index\\_e.htm](http://www.vpc.develop.com/index_e.htm)  
 ■ **Price:** £29 (approx.)

This commercial offering from German company VersaPro Computers comes in a variety of flavours, compatible with various Kodak, Olympus, Fuji, Minolta and Casio cameras.

While it lacks many of the editing and enhancement features that other such drivers would contain (such as printer drivers like TurboPrint and Studio), it still serves as a very slick, stable and functional interface tool.

The main operations can be carried out, ranging from transferring the entire camera memory to your chosen drive (where it is

cards such as the Port Plus, MultiFace and HyperCard). However, with any of the cameras or software available, you are unlikely to get a successful transfer rate higher than 18,000 on a machine using lower than an 68030/650 processor.

Via the software, you can access the current camera's settings remotely, as well as alter the brightness of the LCD display (if it has one), change the shot resolution (again, if it is adjustable) and rotate the images as you download them.

The interface is similar to that found on most scanning software, with a preview window and various pull-down requests to define whether you want to act on a single image or a group.

The various incarnations of the package are the following:

**OVControl:** Casio OV-19A, OV-19B, OV-300  
**CCControl:** Fuji D8-1, D8-6  
**DCControl:** Kodak DC-25, DC-25  
**OVControl:** Minolta Dinolite V  
**CamControl:** Olympus C-4000, C-8000, C-9000L, C-10000

Each version retails for 89,900DM, which is roughly £29 by current exchange rates.

A selection of Affix scripts are also provided, which allows you to directly insert transferred pictures into applications such as Personal Paint, Deluxe Paint, PageDesigner, Adobe and Photoshop.

The main benefit of this software over other offerings at present is the ability to work on individual images, rather than all operations being on masses, making it an extremely close cousin of the suppliers own drivers.

## AmiDC 2.0

■ **Type:** Freeware

■ **Available from:** John Kennedy  
<http://www.defocus.demon.co.uk/amidc/>  
 ■ **Price:** Full \*

John Kennedy's AmiDC is the only PD driver software available for the two compact Kodak cameras, the DC25 and DC25i, allowing you to perform the basic operations needed to get your photos from camera to hard drive.

Software features are in fact quite basic, especially compared to its commercial counterpart, but nonetheless the program is functional, providing you with a simple row of command buttons:

**Setup:** This button is supposed to remotely command the camera into taking a picture, but which we couldn't get to work with either camera, seemingly due to a communication error between the two.

**Fetch:** A simple transfer command, which draws across the entire contents of the camera's memory, converting each individual picture into IFF format before saving the pictures in its default directory.

However, at present you cannot transfer pictures straight from a memory card to the computer, as you can do with the original PC and Mac software.

**Erase:** Performs a complete erasure of the entire contents of the camera's memory. Again, selective erasure is available on the original software, but has not yet been implemented here.

**Mode:** This updates the camera status information, such as the camera model, number of used shots, what format the shots are in (JPG or LZW) what speed it is set on and so on. This feature mainly aimed at and especially handy for the DC25, which does not have its own LCD monitor for displaying such facts, in the way the DC25i can.

File transfer from the two cameras is surprisingly fast, as is IFF file conversion. The lack of a destination requester is annoying, leaving you to hunt for your freshly converted files the first time you use it.

The program itself is very stable, although a stark warning at startup informs you that your computer will hang if the camera is switched off when you try to access it, but this is also common with some of the original PC and Mac software for it as well.

## OVHack

■ **Type:** Beta released Freeware

■ **Available from:** John Kennedy  
<http://www.defocus.demon.co.uk/ovhack/>  
 ■ **Price:** N/A

This beta utility is the early stages of a PD driver for the Casio OV-19a OV-19B camera that is currently available from Amiot.

The program is still at an early stage, with no recognisable GUI interface, no image manipulation and no particular controls other than a workable download routine.

However it is still in active development, with a full user interface almost completed and enhanced download and image handling routines also being written for it.

You can download the latest version from <http://www.defocus.demon.co.uk/ovhack/>.



saved as an archive, printing single or multiple images, running slideshows straight off the camera and deleting individual or multiple photos from the camera.

As well as being highly configurable, it has support for ports other than the standard serial device, meaning that users can connect their camera via the high-speed serial port if the Sun Spigot and using add-on I/O

\* This beta release of the software poses no threat to the hardware.  
 Page 4/10



Software

## Digital support in applications

As well as the Affix support in CamControl, some of the high grade graphics applications currently being released are also providing direct support for some of the more popular cameras.

Image is Partner have just released a plugin for use with AffixNet, which adds direct support for the Kodak DC25 to the program, while the new version of ImageX will have direct plugin support for both the DC25 and the DC25i.



Olympus C-300L

Identical to the 425L in terms of design and control, this model is significantly higher resolution.

The 500L features a high definition LCD display and is compatible with the CamControl software package. This one has PAL television output facility like the 425L.

Both models have a 9V DC power input, tripod thread mount, LCD display for frame count and flash settings and a standard

viewfinder with guide marks.

**Price:** \$399.99  
**Picture Capacity:** 36 (Standard)  
 16 (Hi-res)  
**Picture Size:** 768 x 1,024 pixels  
**RAM Size:** 2 Mb (Expandable via optional smart cards)  
**Connection Cable:** 8-pin Serial (Supplied)  
**SCA Photo:** (Supplied)



Olympus C-400L

The C-400L boasts a high definition 2 inch LCD screen, which caters the Kodak DC25 also serves as a viewfinder in addition to a review screen for your pictures. The camera holds 64 compressed or 28 frames plus, both at a frame size of 640 x 480 pixels.

Angelo driver software is available in the form of the CamControl package, which includes Allure scripts for direct insertion of images into graphics software such as PPhoto and PageStream.

Among the stock options is the ability to run off nine frames in

quick succession, extremely useful for creating small animations, such as web site GIFs.

Images can also be viewed via a normal television set, using the supplied SCA video cable.

**Price:** \$399.99  
**Picture Capacity:** 60 (Standard)  
 28 (Hi-res)  
**Picture Size:** 640 x 480 pixels  
**RAM Size:** 2 Mb (Expandable via optional smart cards)  
**Connection Cable:** 8-pin Serial (Supplied)  
**SCA Photo:** (Supplied)



Kodak DC25

One of the smallest digital cameras on the market, the DC25 is not much bigger than a cigarette pack. It is a very simple affair, with only three buttons, an on/off switch, the zoom button and the digital shutter release. A tiny viewfinder serves only as a rough idea of what you'll get from a shot.

In contrast with most cameras in the same price bracket, the DC25 has 1 Mb of internal memory, which can store 16 low resolution images at a smaller than average 320 x 240

pixels, or eight 16-res pictures at a larger 480 x 320 pixels. Angelo software support is available in the form of a PD driver written by John Kennedy or a Kodak-specific version of the CamControl software.

**Price:** \$199.99  
**Picture Capacity:** 8 (Standard)  
 16 (Hi-res) **Picture Size:** 320 x 240 (Standard) 480 x 320 (Hi-res) pixels  
**RAM Size:** 1 MB (Not Expandable)  
**Connection Cable:** 8-pin Serial (Supplied)

Styled like a conventional compact film camera, the DC25 has a small pop-up flash in the centre of the camera but does not hide the LCD display of the 500L, which makes it much smaller and lighter, on a par with the Kodak DC25.

Most of the main camera features remain the same, and soft

ware support is also available in the form of the Fuji version of the CamControl package. Again, no PD drivers are available yet for this camera. Its one main advantage over the 500L is the inclusion of a smart card socket, which allows for the use of removable media and memory expansion, something which is lacking on the others.

**Price:** \$499.99  
**Picture Capacity:** 60 (Standard)  
 30 (Hi-res)  
**Picture Size:** 320 x 240 (Standard) 640 x 480 (Hi-res) pixels  
**RAM Size:** 2 MB (Expandable via optional smart cards)  
**Connection Cable:** 8-pin Serial (Supplied)

Fuji DC25



Olympus C-1400S

By far the largest digital camera compatible with the Amiga, this has a host of high-spec features that are normally only found on 35mm cameras.

Inspired by Olympus' own 1/180, this digital camera features a built-in 3x zoom lens and pop-up flash unit. The rear of the camera also has a 1.8 inch LCD screen for reviewing your images.

One removable 4 MB smart card is capable of storing 49 standard res, 12 hi-res and 4 super hi-res pictures with a frame size of 1280 x 1024 pixels.

Also, the largest of the featured cameras, yet again, software support is available in the form of the CamControl software package. Definitely the best of the group, but quality comes at a price.

**Price:** £1295.00

**Picture Capacity:** 49 (Standard)  
12 (Hi-res) 4 (Super Hi-res)  
**Picture Size:** 1280 x 1024 pixels  
**RAM Size:** 4 MB (Expandable via optional smart cards)  
**Connection Cable:** 9-pin Serial (Supplied)



Kodak DC25

The DC25's big brother boasts the addition of a 1.8" colour LCD screen and a programmable flash.

This camera uses the same two frame sizes as the DC20, but with a larger 28M memory, it holds 14 hi-res or 28 hi-res pics. PDMCA memory cards can be fitted, letting you boost capacity or empty out internal memory without downloading.

The camera is more complex to operate, with additional switches for flash control and picture resolution, along with extra buttons for controlling the LCD display and auto-focus control. A large rubber

lens on one side conceals the connection sockets for the serial cable and for an optional power supply.

Software support comes in the form of John Kennedy's excellent driver or the CamControl package.

**Price:** £195.00

**Picture Capacity:** 14 (Standard)  
28 (Hi-res)  
**Picture Size:** 320 x 240 (Standard)  
480 x 175 (Hi-res) pixels  
**RAM Size:** 2 MB (Expandable via optional PDMCA cards)  
**Connection Cable:** 9-pin Serial (Supplied)



Casio QV100

Casio were among the first companies to manufacture an affordable digital camera.

The QV100 features a 270° twistable lens, a 1.8" LCD screen and a 4 MB internal memory.

The camera can hold 192 standard images or 44 hi-res, with a frame size of 320 x 240 pixels or 640 x 480 pixels respectively.

Software support is available in the form of a PD driver called

QVFlash or under CamControl with appropriate drivers.

**Price:** £290.00

**Picture Capacity:** 192 (Standard)  
44 (Hi-res)  
**Picture Size:** 320 x 240 (Standard)  
640 x 480 (Hi-res) pixels  
**RAM Size:** 4 MB (Not Expandable)  
**Connection Cable:** 9-pin Serial (Supplied)

Fuji currently have two models which are supported by Amiga drivers. This, the more basic of the two is very similar to the Apple QuickTake 200.

This camera is very compact, dispensing with the flash but retaining a 1.8 inch LCD display screen and viewfinder. Stores 40 standard or 10 hi-res pictures at 320 x 240 and 640 x 480 pixels

respectively. Looks similar to the Kodak DC20, except for the screen on the back.

Like the two Olympus cameras, the Fuji can be connected to a television or VCR for display on a television using an optional cable, while transfer is done using the provided 9-pin serial lead.

Yet again, this camera is supported by a version of the CamControl driver package, but no

PD drivers are available at the moment.

**Price:** £449.00

**Picture Capacity:** 40 (Standard)  
10 (Hi-res) **Picture Size:** 320 x 240 (Standard) 640 x 480 (Hi-res) pixels  
**RAM Size:** 1 MB (Not Expandable)  
**Connection Cable:** 9-pin Serial (Supplied)

Fuji DS7





# Whats it for?



## Alternatively...

There is an expensive another way of getting an image into a computer, and that is to take a photo with a normal camera, get it developed, and scan it in with a standard flatbed scanner. This allows much higher resolutions (if you have seriously large amounts of RAM anyway), but it's a hell of a lot of work and effort. Here's a quick run down of each option at a range of price points.

### £100

Digital: Kodak DC20, AmibC2.0  
Comments: Small, quick, portable and very easy to use. Image quality is poor, with low resolutions and an abysmal lens. Easy to use.  
Alternative: Disposable camera, and of course parallel scanner, PD scanning

software.

Comments: Slow, low grade, likely to cause endless technical problems, expensive to run. Better image quality, but still poor.

### £250

Digital: Kodak DC25, Camcontrol software  
Comments: Much better in use, but lens and resolution still very poor.

Alternative: Decent Parallel scanner, PD software, second hand Praktica camera.  
Comments: A lot faster and cheaper to run than the previous alternative option.

Much higher optical quality than the digital alternative. High maintenance, though.

### £650

Digital: Olympus C-820L (street price), Camcontrol software  
Comments: Much better than cheaper digital cameras, good exposures, real lens, decent resolution.  
Lovely to use.

Alternative: Good HP or Epson Scanner,

SCSI interface, ScanQube software, second hand Canon camera

Comments: Solid and reliable, able to produce excellent images without too much hassle. A long way from the Olympus' ease of use, but better quality.

### £1500

Digital: Olympus C-1400L, CamControl, ImagePro3.0

Comments: Only camera in this group I would consider approaches normal cameras. Zoom lens, some exposure control, decent optics, all the ease of use of other Digital Cameras, twice the resolution.

Alternative: High resolution SCSI scanner with interface and ScanQube software, Medium Format SLR

### £10k

Digital: Large format (Leaf?) camera with phase I digital back or Canon EOSPro, and really really Amiga with a lot of RAM, high

**T**he main reason why you'll want to put a photo into a computer is because you can then play around with it. Image processing software such as Art Effect or Image

Pro - a instant photograph if you use Mac emulation - are ideal for this. Even if, like me, you've spent years up to your elbows in chemicals in a darkroom, you'll still find a lot of valuable convenience in packages like this. Here's a couple of examples of what you can do to make a bad photo interesting.

1. The wonders of Overlands on a dull, grey day. The processed image is far more dramatic. The open colours on the shop signs were altered to make them stronger and brighter and there's a little more blue in the image overall. The bit of overhanging branch was removed by copying another section of the sky, pasting it over and smoothing it out with an airbrush effect.

The sky was then made much more dramatic by entering it with a 'magic wand' which allows selection of just part of an image and then using brightness and contrast controls to bring out the subtle detail in the clouds. Strong contrast turns an overcast sky into the full of dramatic clouds.

2. A new typical snapshot, slightly blurred. Time to get desperate. Magic brush was used to select most of the background and then it is made total black. A motion blur was applied to the floor and parts of the car were painted over to clean up confused ones. A watercolour effect was then applied to the total image, before a few final touch-ups were applied by hand. These 'magical' effects are a bit gimmicky, but can be very useful at times.

I still find the range of things possible with a desktop a lot wider, but a lot more with too!

**D**igital Cameras are great. You just point one at something and click the shutter, and you are a bit of a while away from having a photo on your screen ready to hand to your wall and your image processing package. The story would be nice, but for one thing... they aren't much cop.

The problem is that the output quality of most cameras today are still a long, long way behind what is possible with conventional photography. This isn't necessarily going to be a problem, as reproduction of an image is only as good as the weakest link in the chain - in many cases there is something of lower grade than the camera output. If you want to produce graphics for the Web, for instance, a digital camera is ideal as you don't need high resolutions, anyway.

Move into print reproduction, and things get a little problematic. A photograph in this magazine is printed at 300dpi (dots per inch), while higher quality reproduction in a coffee table book, for example, might be 600dpi. What this means is that a digital photo of medium resolution (640 by 480 pixels) will look blocky if reproduced larger than an inch in the former case and only in the latter. Even then image quality will be less than ideal, it's always better to work within the limits of your original, not at them.

By contrast, I have frequently printed conventional photographs at 30 inches (75 cm) across and more, at a far higher quality than the images in the best reproduced magazine.

## Digital vs Analogous, round 2

The rise of digital photography has parallels in the world in the last decade between vinyl and CD. CD, like digital cameras, provides information which is fundamentally limited by being digital.

Vinyl records the full spectrum of the original signal, while CD chops it into little segments and

takes an approximation of each segment.

The difference is that with digital photography, the analogue alternative, film, is simply way ahead in the technology stakes. In very simple terms, conventional films work by exposing a layer of sensitive material to light. Developing chemicals remove or preserve parts of the layer depending on how much light fell on them. In the case of black and white film, you are left with a thin layer of silver salt crystals, while in colour film the silver salts are replaced with bonded dye particles.

The final image is made up of minute dots of varying size, unevenly spaced. Even if a digital camera had pixels as small as the particles of silver salt on a conventional film, because of the 'fuzzy' distribution of the crystals, the conventional film would still be more detailed. As a stand-in, no digital camera comes close to having pixels that small anyway.

## It gets worse.

There are further problems with digital cameras. The CCDs they use for imaging are not wide bandwidth devices. Black and white film covers a ratio of sensitivity from darker to lighter about 10 times greater than that of colour film (the ratio is as many photographers still use black and white) and colour film covers a ratio about 10 times greater than that is digital cameras. As a result, to get a reasonable contrast out of an image taken on a digital camera, the image suffers compression, which means lost subtlety of tone and detail.

Then we have the issue of data storage. Although the analogous/digital issue makes it impossible to do a direct comparison, high quality films can require the division of a pair of films at the rate of approximately 300 per millimetre. Couple a film square film frame, a good lens and a high resolution film, and you have a lot of information. To sample this digitally, you'd need a resolution of at least 100 times that of the top end Olympus 1400L, and in some circumstances ten times that. This would mean a minimum 25,440 cards for a single image. With a current street price of a hundred pounds a pop, you can see why this is not practical.

All in all, Digital photography is great for a certain

subset of uses, but it has a long, long way to go before it can be considered a serious alternative.



Will digital win?

best drive and clearest file resolution for the software.

Comments: Cameras EOS/1n is useful those looked at here as it is basically a top flight 35mm SLR fitted with a high capacity data store and CCD array. Much better in use than low end digital cameras, great for 'pro-photographers', but image quality still way behind conventional photography. Pocket packs offer resolution of up to 1000 by 3000 pixels, with some pictures taking 100MB and about 4 minutes to expose - for studio work only.

Alternative: Print grade drum cameras, 5 x 7" plate camera with Schneider optics. Comments: Outstanding print quality, strictly for serious professionals only.



The camera that can compete with the best of film photography.



The Olympus 1400L is great for those who want to take digital photography seriously.









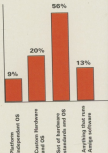


# The Big Amiga Poll

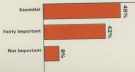
Everyone seems to have a different idea of what a new Amiga should be. We thought it was time the people were consulted on the matter, so we set up a poll on the CU Amiga web site...

Should a 'new Amiga' be

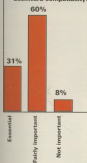
**Y**ou'll notice that none of the scores add up to 99%. This is not because we can't do sums. It's because each question came out with an insignificant 1% 'no response'. Bear in mind that this was a poll of Amiga users with Internet access. Without wanting to prejudice the band of Amiga users purely because they all have Net access, we should point out that this is not necessarily an exact mirror of the entire Amiga user base. However, Net access for Amiga users is now becoming the norm rather than the exception. The reason the poll was conducted solely via the Net was for speed alone. The delays involved in printing a form, waiting for them to be sent back, and then compiling the results by hand would have made it unworkable and the results would have been out of date by the time they were published. So if you don't have Net access, don't go sulking because you weren't included!



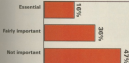
How important is compatibility with PC hardware?



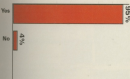
How important is backward compatibility?



Which price points should new Amiga systems include? Mark as many as you think appropriate.

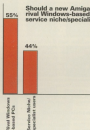


How important is emulation of Windows?



Should new Amigas be Internet ready as standard?

Should a new Amiga attempt to rival Windows-based PCs or service niche/specialist markets?



How important is Apple Mac emulation?





# Screen Scene

All quiet on the games front, so here's a much requested look at educational software. Games addicts can console themselves with a preview of the wonderful looking Genetic Species, and another Sourceville conversation...

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- 68 Tip Central
- 88 Masters Tips



## Genetic Species vs Quake

In the next month or so, two major releases will be vying for attention in the first-person perspective shoot 'em up stakes, Quake and Genetic Species. All that most people know about GS is the early demo look pretty and a lot of people have been saying it is going to be good. The question that seems to be on everyone's lips is "There's a Q going to stand up against Quake?"



A number of people have missed the opinion that Valve is making a mistake by branching so close to Quake. With both titles competing for the same pounds in the wallet of the Amiga games people would be known which one is for them. Conventional wisdom points to Quake as being the superior game (after all, how can you compete with the master?), while GS is an Amiga specific game which will run more smoothly especially on lower end machines. While there is some truth in this, such simplification misses the point utterly.

### No contest?

If you were to look at the complexity of the 3D engine, there would be no contest. Quake is a true 3D environment where you can look (and fire) in any direction and at any angle. Most of the appeal of the game comes from this free 3D approach. Playing Quake, you will not only find yourself shooting at monsters way above or below you, you'll also find yourself being hit by grenades over walls or bouncing them down flights of stairs. Genetic Species goes back to a pre-Quake sort of 3D to begin that it could almost be described as a Wolfenstein clone.



Although it may sound like Q3 is bettering what Quake brought, this would be false: It's a little better. Q3 editors Markus Yipke have made an elite decision to bring a 3D system which is relatively underperforming and using the open hardware that leaves them to patch it to be a little less than anything ever done with that sort of an engine on any computer before.

Playing *Genetic Species*, you are unlikely to actually notice the simplified Q3 because of its added extras: make the environment look so intense anyway. Textured maps are gorgeous, and clever use of lighting and transparency produce effects that are rather breathtaking. For example, if you fire a rocket down a long corridor in Q3, a following trail of flame and smoke goes out the end of it, and the walls of the corridor glow as it passes. When it hits the target, it bursts into glorious clouds of flame. Quake by contrast gives you a spray of rather plain pixels.

If you want to know how well Quake plays, you can have a peek at the Quakeplayer demo in this month's QCCB. You'll see that it is pretty breathtaking to look at, but unless you have a 160 processor and preferably a graphics card, you'll find it pretty slow going. Two sets of specs play with the various options to improve the speed, including some command-line tweaks, to make it run at any playable speed on much slower hardware. We'll give you the lowdown on the techniques what we can Quake a review, but Chalkboard them.



revels have told them that there isn't much point trying it out if you have less than a 50MHz CPU. To be fair to Quake, the final version is reported to be marginally faster, and watching it run on Quakeplayer makes it seem slower than it feels while actually playing it, but there is

no doubt: *Genetic Species* is faster. If a 33MHz 3D and 32M is considered the realistic minimum specification for Quake, it is a good machine to run *Genetic Species* on, with near full screen text pixel mode running very smoothly.



So, both games look fantastic. What about that all-important gameplay? Quake has come under much criticism for its gameplay. A common complaint amongst those who have had Quake for a while on their PCs or Macs is that Quake just doesn't have enough to it. It has often been said that Quake offers less gameplay than *Doom*, although I suspect that is just height-wed expectation talking.

Much of the criticism clearly stems from a sense that the talents in gameplay have been most compared to the *Doom* to the game engine. There is no doubt that playing Quake in multi-player mode over shadows the single player game, but then Quake is widely considered the ultimate multi-player experience. In single player mode, Quake is terse, atmospher-

ic and filled with puzzles, which although mostly of the "which weapon should I be using here?" variety, are more the less impressive. Quake, however, Quake comes with a heavy-weight programming interface which allows people to create "total conversions", new games using the Quake engine. Thus Quake has not only its own prosability, but potentially that of things like *Half-Life*, a superb total conversion using Quake's engine, with modifications including new levels, new weapons, and levels for single player destination and catch the day game. *Genetic Species* has been written using Quake's heavily to build from the word go, and according to Valves Software's Paul Carrott, there'll be their secret weapon. It survives the hype, it could be a "left" weapon.

*Genetic Species* contains rather more to think about than in most such games. A great deal of attention has been paid to the artificial intelligence routines for the bad guys. Each behaves in a manner determined by their environment, so if you start firing, bad weapons ready they will come looking for you, and they are more likely to fight when you are outnumbered. Injuries are badly, and he is that much more likely to run away. *Genetic Species* is also

bravely new, also based, and making the possible requires more than just destroying everything. An interesting extra is the Portable Probe System, which allows you to take over the bodies of enemies in a manner similar to the old *Commander Keen*. This becomes a new game of the puzzle.

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# Playdays Paint

■ Price: £9.00 ■ Supplier: Epic ☎ 01793 490 988 ■ Age Range: 3-8 years

**P**laydays Paint is basically just a colouring book offering 40 pictures to colour in; varying from children playing in the park to a simple house scene. The child has to choose a colour from the palette and then place that colour using the mouse on parts of the picture to fill it. The 'Mix' button allows two colours to be combined.

There is also a 'Change Colour' button so you can edit the colours of the pre-selected ones; do not suit (an adult may need to do that). 'Goto' will undo the last action just in case of mistakes and 'Erase' will allow you to start from scratch again. To select a new picture to paint you can click on the arrow buttons or click on 'Skip' which allows fast selection of any picture. A good idea here is that when you move to another picture, any colouring you've done is saved to disk. So if and when

you return to the picture at a later date it will still be coloured in.

This could cause a few problems to the uninitiated Amiga parent. If you use the original disk and have it write protected (as you should) it will produce a request asking you to unprotect it. If you do anything other than that the program will crash. As you don't want to overwrite your original you'll

need to make a copy of the disk to use or install to hard drive. There are no instructions about any of this or even an installer on the disk. The problem with overwriting the original is that if the child should use the 'Goto' button and draw further over pictures in place of the originals you will eventually lose some or all of the pictures supplied with the program. My five-year-old loved being able to draw his own pictures, colour them in and then see them printed out, albeit in black and white.

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There are also options to print birthday cards, calendars, text and banners with your pictures. Overall, Playdays Paint is a brilliant program that nearly costs me an ink jet as it sledge full of ink every time the box wants to use it. Very highly recommended. ■

Steve Rye



# Playdays

■ Price: £9.00 ■ Supplier: Epic ☎ 01793 490 988

■ Age Range: 3-8 years

**T**he looks like good value for money when you consider the amount of activities on offer. To name but a few: Word Match, Snap, Odd One Out, Counting

Spelling, Dot To Dot, Sliding Puzzle, Rhymes, Rhymes in Colours, Treasure Search and more. My five-year-old took to the general theme of Playdays quite well, especially as he is familiar with the programs from T1, and although he needed plenty of praise and encouragement to soldier on he did enjoy playing with Playdays for an hour or so. The problem was I think there is a little too much work (ie, thinking) and not quite enough fun.



You may view that as a good or a bad thing but as far as my kid is concerned it is most definitely bad! From the parents point of view Playdays will at least try to teach your



child a few worthwhile things. You will need to interact quite often for this very thing as there is quite a lot of menus to navigate.

Playdays is not hard drive installable which is quite annoying and plays along quite slowly in places, but worth a look. ■

Steve Rye

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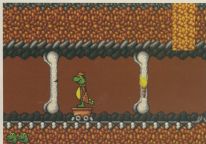


# Kids Rule O.K. II

■ Price: £9.99 ■ Supplier: Epix ☎ 01793 490 988 ■ Age Range: 8 years upwards

**T**here are three games in this bargain priced and nicely presented box. Easily the best of the three is *Dinosaur Detective* (see which has some great graphics and is good fun to play, but ultimately it's just a simple platform romp that most kids will growed of fairly quickly. For a kids game it's really tough too.

Next best is *Bully's Sporting Oats*, a very original game that has had its day. There is just as good, and some better, in the PS2 nowadays. So how the score? Praise the wandering hero at the board and shoot. The only evil reward is the ability to control your fly.



As the confusing player-control setup isn't help much either. Last and most definitely the least is *Popeye's Whistle Crazy*. It is well known that any competition that has its end in the complete to Popeye is sadly a bad gameplay, awful graphics and total control makes for a classical game with very little to no educational value.

The compilation stands on DCH as its star with only exactly the best that any more and basically this is the game you are playing this.

**40%**

Game Box



# Amiga Descent

■ Available from Aminet: <http://www.archive.wustl.edu/~aminet/>

Hot on the heels of Doom, another big 3D PC hit is now available in a number of Amiga variants since the source code of Descent was released...

**I**t's the dark thing at the moment, release the source code of your best catalogue classics and invite the world's programmers to recompile it for new platforms. id Software started the ball rolling with Doom and now Parallax Software have followed that up by giving Descent the same treatment.

While nobody near the phenomenon that Doom was, Descent was with a very big and influential step in the evolution of 3D games. Whereas Doom used 2D sprites for enemies and only allowed movement in two axes (hacking up stairs doesn't count), Descent took things an another stage to incorporate total 3D movement and rotation loaded up with with polygon objects.

That's the way the story goes at least. Of course, tight simulations had been doing this for years previously, but as far as 3D shoot 'em ups were concerned it was quite a big step.

As for the game itself, there's a lot more to it than the disturbingly realistic minor of scuffs that is Doom's insane bloodshed. The object of the game is to rescue miners who have been taken hostage by aliens while working at the open in tunnel networks

beneath the surface of some far flung planets. To add a bit of pace and spice, you also have to set off the nuclear reactors in each mine and escape to safety before you're reduced to a microwave TV dinner for the enemy.



■ Descent does anger and fear (sorry, no more Status Bar type features yet).



■ Rescue those hapless miners! Descent puts you on a mission and makes it clear in the words of Plato.

will run on an i386 and ADescent on an OS/2 but the reality of the situation is that an 640 is the practical minimum. 10MB of RAM is recommended, and OS/2 3.0 and AGA or a graphics card are required for display. Read here for the latest on future revisions. ■

Jason Compton

## Descent

This port does not offer sound or music, but is expected to get Virge 3D support via CyberVision 3D cards in the near future. Of the two ports, it performs relatively better under AGA than CyberDagblat, including a special 320x100 mode for gameplay which, despite taking a little getting used to, is quite fast and comfortable. If you have a fast enough machine, moving up to 320x200 (MTG) is advisable. On an 660, a very respectable 15-20 frames per second can be achieved. Modes as large as 400x300 are available but are totally impractical even on an 660.

This port has some wild code in the texture routines, which makes floors and ceilings appear badly and causing as you travel near to them. For a game like Descent which induces vertigo in a lot of people, this glitch unfortunately makes the effect worse. This, too, is mentioned in the improvement.

**80**

## Here's the rub...

As with Doom, the entire game has not been fully freely available. The source code for the game engine has now been converted into two Amiga incarnations, but to play the game you'll still need a registered version of the original PC game (v1.5 to be precise). You should be able to get it from the main game suppliers currently advertising in C/A Aminet.

Descent is a more resource-intensive game than Doom. In theory, Amiga Descent



## ADescent

ADescent, on the other hand, does provide sound effects, which are quite welcome. I would suggest that CyberDagblat/Phoenix 90 users start here - rather than Descent's hard-core resolutions, you can customize the display using a requestor. The "floor walking" is present but doesn't seem to be as bad in this version.

Sound is faithfully recreated... and adds a whole new world to gameplay. The speed performance is a bit disappointing, though, especially through AGA. It would have been nice to be able to shut off sound entirely - ADescent uses IRQ, which is very convenient but not the most CPU-efficient method.

There's still work to be done before the ultimate Descent is available for the Amiga. MPC support, 3D hardware, and more options are just the beginning. See you in the mines of Plato!

**82**





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## Adventure Helpline

### Willy Beamish

I'm stuck outside the tavern, and I try to get in but the guard won't let me then out of nowhere a gang shows up. I try to run but they catch me each time and that's it, game over.

Tom McIlwain, Dunfermline

Throw the cherry bomb; the bomb gets you at the gang, if you took the tapestries picture on the way that is. Then use the sword the guard throws to you in the fire hybrid before the smoke disappears. Now run behind Christie style to their next headquarters and talk to the barmaids. If you say the right things you should be safe.

### OnEscapee

I made it to the underwater base so now I've run around it forever trapped up the strange slungun using gloves, and I've shot at the go by the spaceship.

I've even passed him and shot him from behind, but my laser has no effect on him. This is a great game, and I'm really like to finish it. Please help!

W. Roper, Michigan

You have been so close to making it without my help! On the screen with the trigger happy gun and the spaceship, take a couple of steps towards the man.

Turn around, and bend down. Now the guy will see the slungun. And you'll know it's no slungun but something they need to get the spaceship started.

The rest of the game is a piece of cake. Good luck!

### Indiana Jones and the last crusade

Can you please tell me, which skulls to press in order to get to the tomb?

Steven Owen, Bolton

When you come to the room with the skulls, look at the Great Diary. In order to open the door, you must push the skulls in the correct order (the door will open for a small amount of time if you perform this in the wrong sequence).

Each skull is a different name from your father's diary (remember that you are Indy, and his LEFT is your RIGHT). I must confess that I don't remember the exact sequence, or if it's the same each time even, but the Great Diary always holds the key. When I

played this game some years ago, I looked in all the different books I was carrying each time I found myself stuck, and if my memory serves me correctly they helped a great deal.

### KGB

I desperately need help. I'm stuck in the Intrepid Progress Club in chapter 1. I've entered the club, bought the tape from video and flushed the cocaine down the toilet. I know that the next step is to get the twins to lure you outside. How exactly is this achieved?

Paul Dunnington, W. Midlands

Have you tried talking to them?

You probably have. If you've done the right things earlier in the game they should invite you to a party. If you've done the following before talking to them, it should work:

Make sure you're wearing the clothes last seen in the closet in your bedroom. Grab the money in the drawer before you leave for Kink Street. Enter the bar and speak with the bartender and Romeo, but don't discuss Hollywood or Layer 2. Find out when the bar closes, take the beer glasses from the bar and throw

Go around the corner to the left, enter the back room of the bar and go upstairs. Light a match and get the clipboard from the cabinet. Get out and walk around to the apartments and knock on the door to apartment 7. Say you're doing an opinion poll about the opposite sex. Enter and tell you're investigating murders. Ask about the neighbours and be sure they tell you about Belafonte in Lefortown.

Now go across the hall and talk to Belafonte in apartment 5. Bring up Lefortown and you'll get some inside information on the guy in number 4. When you're done at number 4 you'll know something interesting about the occupant in apartment 6. At this time you should also hear two thugs discussing their mugging strategy as they walk upstairs to the EPC.

Follow them up, and drop the clipboard in the hall. If you've done all this and then do what you'd already done inside the EPC, you're in for a party. To help you even further I'd advise you to have faith in yourself.

Why go for something small when it's possible to take on something bigger?



Not only do we have the first test of the long-awaited Blizzard PPC card, but we've got loads of PPC-compatible software too, including the very old Elastic Dreams. Also after last month's Mac feature we take a look at the latest version of Fusion, and the PD pages have had a rejig, too!

#### 01 BLIZZARD PPC

Richard Ross and Richard Drummond take you through the long-awaited Blizzard PPC card.

#### 02 BROADBENT 1

The new improved Broadbent 1 has finally got the new test from our critic Andrew Ross.

#### 03 GAT (GAMES) PRO

Jason Fingleton gets to grips with this multi-player developing software.

#### 04 POWER (SHARED) PRO

Power Manager Pro isn't just a bandwidth viewer, it's an image processor too.

#### 05 PLOT 3.0 (HARD)

But Windows can't say so when it comes to MS Windows, how the Plot 3.0 takes the goods?

#### 06 DESIGNED (HARD)

There's no stopping that! Windows is for the game, the Spectrum is for the PC's users.

#### 07 EUROPE (HARD)

Andrew Ross does what you'd expect as all of these people who buy his in the office.

#### 08 FUSION 3.0

This month Jason Fingleton gets further coverage of this reader favourite software.

#### 09 PD (PD)

Our latest software test was right to feature as PD games is still in the air.

#### 10 RE-REPT

These PD software, for those of you without Internet access, brought to you by Steve Day.

#### 11 HOT (HARD)

As Richard Andrew Ross gets to this exciting world to bring you the best of the software.

#### 12 NEW (HARD)

We've got it together this month, it's covered all the software made in April's New Group.

# Blizzard PPC

■ Price: See price box (page 53) ■ Developer: phase 5  
■ Supplier: White Knight ☎ 01930 822 302

**Play the fanfare, roll out the red carpet... it's here at last! Richard Drummond and Andrew Korn take you on a guided tour of the eagerly awaited Blizzard PPC card.**

**T**he first words that spring to mind are "at last". The second are "at last". I am of course talking about what must be the most eagerly awaited product to arrive for testing at CU Amiga Magazine in many a long year.

At last the product which has inspired a good 60% of all queries to our Q&A pages over the last six months is here. At last there is an affordable accelerator card for the vast majority of Amiga users with A2000s, which has the potential to bring their computers the horsepower they have been so veraciously lacking. At last those of us without an A286C4000 and a bank manager with a big smile can join in the PPC revolution - or evolution - espoused by Amiga International.

Unless you have been living on Mars or planet Microsoft for the past few years, you will have heard about the PowerPC. This CPU, developed by Motorola, Apple and IBM was designed to be a replacement for the old technology 680x0 series processors used in the Amiga and, until a few years ago, the Apple Macintosh.

Utilising a reduced instruction set, the PowerPC runs highly efficiently, most operations taking fewer clock cycles to perform than in old complex instruction set designs. This is good news, especially as the PowerPC packs a lot more clock cycles in a second than the old 680x0 CPUs ever did. It's "off the shelf" 680x0 CPU used in an Amiga has ever broken the 50MHz barrier.

cycles per second barrier, although the latest revision 600 processor offers clock speeds of 80MHz safely.

By contrast the slower PPC card we have here, the cheapest, slowest of the crop, runs at 180MHz. Although the 600 processor used in this card is a little slower clock for clock than the 684 used in the Cyberstorm PPC card we reviewed in our January issue, it certainly has the potential to make whatever processor you currently have in your A2000 look very silly indeed.



## Two CPUs

These new cards from phase 5, just like the Cyberstorm variants for the A4000 and A5000, actually have two CPUs on board, one PowerPC CPU and one 680x0 series CPU. Although it would be ideal to have just one, software written for the Amiga to date uses the 680x0 series instruction set and so will not run on a PowerPC chip.

Most importantly, this includes the Amiga Operating System. Without an OS, you don't even have a computer. To retain the ability to run the operating system and all old software, it is essential that an accelerator card should be able to run 680x0 code. Although it should be possible to produce a PPC

## PowerPC software

There is not much point in having a bright and shiny new PPC chip attached to your Amiga without some software to show it off with. Consequently, this month's CD-ROM is the ultimate PowerPC software repository: it contains a 100MB archive, examined with just about every Amiga PPC-compatible we could find.

One area where there seems to be plenty of development is in that of PPC image manipulating software. There are

a number of packages available but a real CU favorite is Mike Polla's efforts processor Candy Factory. It allows you to apply effects (light-coverage levels, shades, glow, motion-blur, etc.) to an 8B stack image, say a piece of bitmapped text. It works on any Amiga, but with the PPC version many of these effects can be applied in real-time. It is a perfect tool for creating stunning logos for WWW pages. The package is freeware and needs some polish, but is an impressive beginning.

Perhaps the most useful PPC compat-

# TechScene



# 040/603 Card

accelerator card) with software capable of emulating a 680x0 CPU, there are various disadvantages to this approach which led Apple to adopt, and Amiga Inc. to select, the dual CPU approach for now.

phase 5's boards use a 68040 chip to run the OS and any software written for the older processor while PowerPC programs run independently on the PowerPC chip, happily multitasking with the 68040 code programs. Thus you can be

running your 68040 Network as normal, typing away on Symantec running on the 68040 while an Amiga

phase 5 are having problems getting these from Motorola at the moment.

## Bring on the card

The card we have in for testing has a full 68040 25MHz, a 600e 180MHz and a SCSI II interface. We will endeavour to bring you bits of the rest of the range as they become available. Versions with higher clock speeds will certainly go faster, but

ration plays simultaneously on the PowerPC, displaying in another Windows window for more quickly than the 68040 processor on its own could ever manage it.

The Blizzard PPC cards come in a number of different configurations, which seem to be changing slightly all the time. Check the bottom of page 50 for details of the full range as it currently stands. The first release of the card is the variant with a 68040 running at 25MHz and a 600e running at 180MHz. This comes either with or without a fast SCSI II interface, although unlike earlier Blizzard cards, the interface is a part of the board rather than an add-on, so decide whether you want it before you choose which to buy.

Later versions of the PPC chip will be replacing over the coming weeks, but expect more in a version with the 68060 CPU, as

read on to our test results and you will see that even in this 'low end' configuration, this card is a real monster. If you want a rough guide to how much faster the 250MHz and 240MHz 600e cards will go, a good estimate can be made based on real-time clock speeds.

The Blizzard PPC card is probably the most powerful accelerator card that you are likely to see. A real test of engineering, the card comes with two SIMM slots, two CPUs, a header for the BlizzardVision Permedia 2

graphics card, an optional SCSI header, and a large black metal shield which encloses and shields several of the chips, acts as a heatsink for the 600e PowerPC CPU, and also ducts air flow in by a miniature slim line fan.

Software is installed and the board fired as with any other. Although recommended for use in AT280s, phase 5 do state that it can be used in a desktop case if proper shielding precautions are taken. We found that with the topcover left off and the AT200

resting clear of the desk on six feet, the board ran fine in a desktop model.

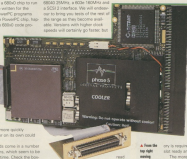
However the power drain of the two CPUs necessitates an uprated power supply - with the standard wacky AT200 supply, we suffered regular crashes. The 68040 version should be more reliable in this configuration as it runs cooler than the 68060 and consumes less power. The Blizzard card differs from the Cyberstorm PPC in one very noticeable respect, while the Cyberstorm demands a pair of matched SIMMs for memory, the Blizzard needs just one. This makes fitting memory to the card a lot more hassle free, and will certainly be beneficial to people upgrading from an older accelerator who already have a limited of sufficient size. If more mem-

ory is required later, there is a second SIMM slot ready and waiting.

The more technical amongst you will have noticed that this indicated the Blizzard 600e card runs 32 bit wide memory access instead of the 64 bit wide access of the Cyberstorm 600 card. This will be a bonus in performance, but the proof is in the testing and as you can see from the charts, the Blizzard cards certainly perform well. Memory access may be well below the Cyberstorm level, but it is a long way from embarrassing itself.

There are two pieces of software we consider crucial for this card, the PPC library and

▲ From the top right working clockwise we have: the glue logic chip, the PPC chip connected with a massive heat sink, the SCSI connector and the IDE



the package yet to appear is that from the desktop guru, Andreas Klemmer. The latest versions of his sUPP and xPPM datatypes provide PPC support - and very well implemented it is, too.

Loading a 3Mb file was boosted from 8 seconds on a 25MHz 680 to under 2 seconds on the 180MHz 600e. To enable PPC support you must have a registered bytefile, but at only 199M (about a fiver) this is otherwise well worth supporting.

The question an everyone's lips concerning PPC gaming (will PPC Quake prices that be) is 'What is PPC Decon-

Blat?' 'Pretty good' is the answer. Of the two current versions, 'DeconBlat' and 'DeconBlat', the latter would not work due to the problems with WarpOS.

However, 'Decon' works perfectly and can break out up to 33 frames per second on a 199M 180. As you can imagine, this makes for an immensely playable game, and 'Decon' is hardly the most optimised piece of PPC code.

▲ Lastly Factory offers excellent image processing for PPC users.

You'll also find plenty of PPC programming and software development tools. Not only are there several C compilers with PPC support, a couple of assembly ones, and two different PPC kernels - PowerUp and WarpOS each with their own development material - but, every time you turn over back, a new language appears.

Current offerings include Forti, Prolog, Eiffel and Logo. Now programmers have no excuse for not producing PPC compatible software.



## The SCSI interface

Unlike phase 5's earlier A386-based models, the SCSI interface on the Blizzard PPC range is not an optional add-on but an integral part of the board. Hence, the decision of whether to plump for the SCSI version or not has to be made before you lay one - which complicates an already rather difficult choice.

I expect that many who will buy the Blizzard 603e+ (the 'e' means the one with the Fast SCSI-II interface) already have a SCSI interface of some variety for their 4190 - perhaps in a earlier Blizzard card or even a Squiggle. How does the PPC's offering compare with these? Well, its faster, obviously. The graph below shows some average data rates achieved by all three interfaces when tested reading from a rather nippy 1GB test drive.

Like all phase 5's interfaces, the PPC features DMA (direct memory access). What this means is the controller on the board can read and write directly to your computer's memory, leaving the processor largely free to do other things. As the graph shows, in our tests the PPC's interface gave an average CPU availability of 83% compared with the Squiggle's 9%, for the processor was free for 83% of the duration of the test while the Squiggle completely hogged the processor.

The Blizzard 603e+'s SCSI interface is fast - probably as fast as you'll need. When given a large buffer, it flies (we managed speeds in excess of 10Mb/s here, and I doubt you will find many SCSI devices that can keep up). The 603e+ reveals that, in fact, the Squiggle is a tortoise.

Average SCSI Speeds



the CybergraphX system. The first is the program which allows the two CPUs to operate together, whilst the second is a rotatable graphics library used by a large number of the programs and demos on the supplied CD. Unfortunately the software distribution which came with our card is a bit of a mess, with the old CD for the Cyberstorm card still shipping.

Although there is an update disk, it does not contain the latest version of the CybergraphX software with the A44 driver allowing users without a graphics card to use the software. phase 5 should have a new release of the CD any day now, but meanwhile you'll find CybergraphX ASL in this month's CUCC. The latest PPC library on the other hand is certainly in the release - in fact it is actually now embedded on the card in a flash ROM.

## WarpOff

There is an interesting side effect of having the PPC library in ROM. You may have heard of the dispute between phase 5 and Haage & Partner over the latter's rival kernel to the PPC library, WarpOS. H&P claims that WarpOS is the best solution as it offers better switching speeds between the two CPUs and makes life easier for programmers, while phase 5 claim that only their system allows compatibility with future developments such as the multi CPU prebox (see news). While

most users might just shrug their shoulders and wonder what all the fuss is about, the dispute has led to some fairly ugly exchanges, much fuelled by the fundamental incompatibility of the two systems, which makes it impossible to open one library while the other one is open. With the PPC library in

ROM being opened at boot-up, no software using WarpOS will currently run on the Blizzard card. Inevitably people at Haage & Partner have accused phase 5 of

taking the flash ROM approach to intentionally snuff out WarpOS. Staff District replied to this recently in the comp.sys.amiga.programmer newsgroup as part of an ongoing debate inspired by a rather one-sided article on the subject in another UK magazine, and while his response didn't answer every question, it did give several good reasons for the move.

Primarily, having the libraries in the flash ROM means a lot fewer set up problems: the Cyberstorm boards required a lot of patch files, and that was amongst some of the most technically competent Amiga users. Having the flash ROM makes the Blizzard card much more plug and play and far less prone to problems people have found with older more buggy versions of the PPC library.



## Whetstone and Dhrystone speed tests

The whetstone and dhrystone tests both assess CPU performance by repeatedly executing a set of commonly used instructions, the former floating point, the latter integer. Neither one is a good test of overall

performance since both can reside entirely in the CPU's cache and both ignore MM and I/O access speeds. The results also depend on how optimized the compiled code is.



## MemTest

The MemTest is a test of memory access speed based on a utility from phase 5. More than the 664, with its 540K data bus, it over twice as fast in this test as the 661, which has a 320K bus.



Of course being in 32-bit ROM, the library can be loaded by version checking installers.

Wall Gernich told us that phase 5 have decided that their course of action will be to give MacOS. He claimed they will make an effort to ensure their hardware does – or doesn't – work with it. Whether phase 5 could actively support the choice alternative

option or whether it is purely down to the software vendor to provide compatibility is arguable. It should be remembered that phase 5 have an agenda – multiprocessing systems such as the prebrix – which Haage & Partner do not share.

Although phase 5 may choose to ignore MacOS, others have not. Most software so far has used PPC Library. Stefan Haase is a notable MacOS fan, and uses it in his PPC Doom, 2ndDoom, and the PPC version of his excellent rog library currently in development. As it stands, these pieces of software will not run on the Blizzard card until Haage & Partner come through with a fix.

There is no doubt that this has put some people off, but fortunately now that Amiga Inc. have settled the hardware issue, they will have to settle the software issue reasonably soon. When they do it should stop the argument, whether that go for p5, H&P or their own solution. Worried purchasers can however rest assured, whatever happens H&P have promised it will be compatible with the current hardware, so your purchase is safe. The debate has caused uncertainty amongst developers waiting for a consensus or word from AI on which path to take, but on the flip side the competition has probably inspired better development of both.

## Flakory graphics return

A/0001 owners with graphics cards will be laughing, but those without will have to struggle a little with the currently slightly flaky AGA version of CybergraphX.

Installing it allows programs which normally run on CybergraphX to display properly on a bog standard A1280 AGA chipset. It allows retrograde software to draw to AGA with the same routines it uses to draw to a graphics card, although clearly against the actual output to improve. Plenty of CybergraphX software opens, 16 or 18 bit screen displays which is fine for graphics cards but isn't supported in AGA, so they won't work.

We found a couple of applications which partially worked, such as the PPC model-view program Borell which draws the screen but not the image, although this is generated and can be saved out as an PP. Like a lot of phase 5's software, this one still needs work on final release, but it does open up a fair bit more software to AGA users. Of course there is plenty of software which doesn't require CybergraphX too.

## Catch 22: the software

The thing that scares people in buying something like this is proof that it will give real advantages, and that means having software to run on the PPC side.

Check out the PPC directory on our CD this month where we have collected 1000s

## PRICES

Blizzard 6601 Power Board	Blizzard 6640 + Power Board 6640
1600MHz with 540.25	1600MHz with 540.25
1600MHz with 540.75	1600MHz with 540.75
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of PowerPC software, including the latest updates from the phase 5 FTP site. Much of the software is developer's stuff, but there is a great assortment of graphics utilities, games and so on. Setting up PPC strategies, archives and file viewers can make quite an impressive difference to everyday Workbench use too.

People have worried about the several milliseconds switch taken between the two processors, but when that PPC is decoding a JPEG for you in two seconds instead of ten, it isn't much of a penalty. An increasing amount of software uses PPC when available, notably Art Studio, Picture Manager Pro and Elastic Dreams in this issue. TurboPint and ImageX 3.0 which we should review next month do the trick, as do the rendering packages Reflections and Fernando 3D, and many more to come.

The real issue at hand is that anyone who wants to jump on the PPC bandwagon now can, and at an extraordinarily good price. A year ago a 66040 would have cost you this much alone. The software is starting to roll in and the kernel issue is going to resolve itself without impacting too badly on the end user. There are questions to be asked about the software currently provided, no doubt, but nothing that stops the board from impressing hugely and free updates will come.

The 66060 model will appeal to those who want to wait for the best, the 660C340 version is there but I'm not convinced of the value of saving a few quid for the loss of an FPU. This model offers a superb blend of value and power not to be missed. A real bargain. ■

Andrew Kane & Richard Drummond

## Blizzard PPC 66040/25 and 660C340 Developer phase 5

**System Requirements:** 486+ minimum, 16MB recommended 40 MB recommended

<b>Score of test</b>	85%
<b>Play and Play makes the most of the latest, but still maintains flexibility</b>	
<b>Performance</b>	94%
<b>But as fast as the 66060 boards but better than anything else. Excellent 3D performance</b>	
<b>System: Cheap PowerPC performance for the price of a 66040 equivalent</b>	95%

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**94%**

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CARE PRODUCTS 01923 894064 FAX 01923 672102		CARE PRODUCTS 01923 894064 FAX 01923 672102	
Days CUA, 15 Holland Gdn, Wotton, Herts WD2 6JN		Days CUA, 15 Holland Gdn, Wotton, Herts WD2 6JN	
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# Wordworth 7



■ Price: £39.99 (upgrade £24.99) ■ Developer: Digits ■ +44 (0)1385 276273 ■ <http://www.digits.com>

**Digits fire the latest salvo in the Wordprocessor war - only this time they're aiming for a far larger enemy.**

**W**ordworth vs FinalWriter has been one of the enduring stories of the Amiga (like David and Goliath, Cain and Abel or Tom and Jerry). These two, age-old protagonists have been hammering away at each other since time immemorial. Each time one comes out with a release, the other has been close on its heels, playing catch-up and trying to go one step beyond. Last year Digits packaged Wordworth 6 in the excellent Wordworth Office CD, while Softwood introduced DTP and linked text boxes in FinalWriter 8T.

This year, Softwood have gone a bit quiet, leaving the pitch as much as any other. Digits is the other hand have come out fighting with an upgrade that quickly matches Softwood for the linkable text boxes and, yes, like a robot building, saving up a substantial fee times its size, takes a pop at its big one, Microsoft Word.

You've probably used one or another version of Wordworth at some time. If you most want to know what the differences are, read the boxset on the subject. Checking its list of features does not make it seem all that massively new and impressive, but a few hours toying on the beast and you start to realise how well chosen those upgrades are.

## What's new in 7.0

- Linkable text frames
- Auto Spell checking with Word like outlines
- Snap to grid / align objects
- Quick shapes
- Context sensitive menus
- "tool look" toolbar (optional)
- Improved RTT
- Picture borders
- Improved mouse selection
- ...and what should be in it:
- Decent table support
- Drag and drop configuration
- Drag and drop tables/contents re-arrangement
- Quick text effects
- Grammar checking
- pdf support

## Cool look

Two of the most obvious changes are visual ones. Load up WWT and a document and your screen will look suspiciously Word-like. A new "tool look" toolbarless icon bar looks odd at first, but grows on you. Most obviously, all your spelling mistakes (or at least words Wordworth's dictionary doesn't recognise) will be underlined with a wavy red line. Under the skin, the improvements are rather more fundamental.

Linked text boxes are an idea from DTP. Rather than treating the page as the smallest basic unit of text, this feature allows you to place the text around the page, and link those boxes, so that text flows from one of these boxes to the next. Although normally columns will be used for this sort of thing, if you want to do something different and elaborate, this is the technique to use. With just functions and auto-aligning, this makes Wordworth a pretty nicely layout package, certainly very capable of low level DTP.

## New: Quickshapes

An obvious borrowing from Word is the Quickshapes function. This calls up a palette window of basic shapes, which can be clicked on and drawn upon the screen. Word's equivalent has nested sub-menus for each shape which gives you a lot more choice, but then you're unlikely to need that much. It would have been nice to see Wordworth's text effects done similarly, but the same old click and hope from and remains. This is an area which Wordworth is a long way behind the power of Word, though you have to wonder whether Word's depth is needed for a feature most users will only use once or twice.

A more subtle improvement, but one I find superb, is the introduction of context sensitive popup menus. As well as the standard menus that pop up from the menu bar, if you hit the right mouse button while the mouse pointer is elsewhere, you get a different menu that gives you options relevant to what you clicked over. Click over an image object and you can: cut, copy, paste or delete it, send it to the back or the front, or call up the object information window used to control the output. Right clicking over an underlined spelling mistake brings up a mini pop up with a group of suggestions.



▲ In this screenshot, Wordworth's is capable of some truly sophisticated step-based, a nice bonus for a Wordprocessor!

Lining itself up against Word is certainly brave. The latest version of Word is huge, packed with features. However, if you're not out from word all the stuff that very few people are ever going to use, it would be a tenth the size and a hell of a lot less clarity to use. Word is in another league when it comes to tables, and text effects, but other than that there isn't so much extra in Word that most people would want. Wordworth does most things easily and quickly and with reasonable stability, although CyberGraphs support is so flaky Wordworth 7 really needs to be used on the Wordworth screen under retarg.

I've always been a bit of a Wordworth man in the Wordworth vs FinalWriter contest, but this one seals it for me. With Wordworth 7, Digits have made a realistic stab at challenging Word with a package more powerful than Word 6 in most areas, if a tiny bit less the Office 97 version. It remains beautifully easy to use, and the most comfortable interface of any wordprocessor I've used on any computer. Thanks, Digits. ■

Andrew Kane

## WORDWORTH 7

**System Requirements:** Wordworth 7.0, 1 MB free disk & hard disk

<b>Ease of use</b>	85%
Configuration could be better, but a superbly comprehensive feature set.	
<b>Value for money</b>	91%
Amazing value, prices superbly, but some extra on offer here.	
<b>Value for money</b>	95%
Even given its rich, polished package, good for comparison too.	

**VERDICT**  
Simply brilliant

**93**

# ArtStudio Pro

■ Price: £44.99 ■ Supplier: Epic Marketing ☎ 0500 131 485

Fancy some organisation for that stack of Corel PhotoCDs? A handy organisational tool would help, and Motion Studios figure they've got the solution in ArtStudio Professional.

**A**rtStudio Pro follows last year's 2.5 revision, which to put it mildly needed a bit of work. As a catalogue it was nothing special, and it was too difficult to work with and too limited to be of use as an entry-level image manipulation tool.

## What's new, Doc?

ArtStudio's interface has been cleaned up and improved quite a bit. The catalog is much easier to navigate now, the pop-up menus are easy to use (and remarkably similar to PowerPoint), and the formerly impossible and impractical image processing effects are now more accessible.

CyberGraphX support is greatly extended, to the point where all operations are possible. You can configure almost any graphics board or chipset to be the view module, or simply bring up a new window on the ArtStudio screen. The new viewer is fast for most formats, and you can define external programs for any format you see fit. Notably, ArtStudio's internal viewer did not handle HAM images on CyberGraphX well, something PMPro was able to do without too much trouble.

The PPC optimisations are welcome - I found myself blowing through effects like composites in very little time. Image loading and saving is something of a mixed bag - at times it is impressively quick, at others it is bogged down far slower than with the regular file I/O, should have been, without any good reason. PMPro catalogues can be imported directly, without incident, even from the new V5. ArtStudio Pro comes with an HTML export, and I have to honestly say I am ambivalent between the output it and PMPro provide - while not identical, they are functionally equivalent.

The new drag and drop is handy but could have been more so - it's somewhat confusing since it's not as simple as just moving a thumbnail from one location to another in the catalogue. I found it most useful for putting a picture into the image processing window. With some patience, you can use the drag and drop along with multiple project windows to re-order a catalogue.

If possible, you're better off working with the predefined sort criteria (alphabetical by name, date, size, resolution, etc.)



▲ Catalogue includes on-line preview



## What's not

Unfortunately, too much has stayed the same, or at best hasn't caught up with other programs, like PMPro. The documentation is completely inadequate, and is horrendously outdated. The ArtStudio file is just as badly constructed as it was under V2.5, with broken links all over the place.

ArtStudio does have a universal footer, meaning you don't have to specify filetypes when bringing in images and can load up a whole mess of pictures all once without caring about their source. The program does have an expanded variety of supported formats, but the problems is that they don't all seem to be working properly. MPEG and Avif files continue to work fine, but AVI and QuickTime support did not seem to function properly. You can link in external viewers to see these animations, if you can ever get them in place to begin with.

The image processing system is a quantum leap above the previous ArtStudio but

that still leaves a lot to be desired. There is no viable way to carry out any sort of batch operations and no preview. Even image conversion is far more of a chore than it should be. While you can batch that, at least, by marking a group of images and selecting 'Mark - Convert', you have to predefine the output format in the 'I/O' preferences. Last time viewed, the I/O menu is only brought up from the title bar, and cannot be left open - it kills the rest of the program's operation.

You have to select the output format and close this window each time you change output formats. This is the sort of thing that should be handled interactively, and it is, by any other reasonably well crafted program.

## Who is it for?

A program like this is generally targeted at the hobby user market. It should be fun and easy to use. Unfortunately it's not - between the ridiculous documentation and the difficulties in doing anything other than bringing up a bunch of thumbnails in a standalone window, fun is pretty much removed from the equation. And if you're not fun to use, you'd better be powerful to make up for it, but that's not the case here.

For roughly the same price as PMPro, ArtStudio is a poor substitute. The appearance may more reasonably priced but still isn't offering much in the way of real improvement - most of the update, aside from offering PPC support, is simply correcting the more egregious errors of 2.5's design. ■

Jason Crompton

## ARTSTUDIO PRO

**System Requirements:** Windows 3.11, 4.0, 5.0

100% disk

**Size of file:** 11M  
The software is better than before but still shows its age.

**Performance:** 10%  
Reason enough for cataloguing but not worth using for anything else.

**Value for money:** 20%  
Doesn't stand up to PMPro or the same price.

**Verdict:** Better looking, no features, pales before the competition.

69

# Picture Manager Pro 5

■ Price: £39.95 ■ Distributor: Bittersoft © 01908 261 466

The second picture filer for review this month offers a lot more than just creation of a few thumbnail banks.

**P**icture Manager Pro 5 is a graphics cataloguing program. On the surface, this isn't a wildly gripping concept. Do many people have hard disks so overflowing with images that they can't keep them straight? Actually, especially in this era of extremely cheap CD-ROMs, the answer seems to be "yes", and hence there are a variety of catalogue programs out there. But once you get past throwing some thumbnails in a window, which you can click to view the full image, what then? Surely there's something else for your DAD, or you may as well not bother. Fortunately, there is more on offer.

For starters, it does its basic job very well. Setting up a catalogue is a painless process – you can select a full directory or a group of files, or pull directly from a PhotoCD or ScanDisk scanner. Once you set up this batch, the program analyses the images and brings up a preview window, where you can browse your selections before committing them to the catalogue. The thumbnails are speedily generated, and you're on your way to organisational heaven. (That's all you're interested in.

## Ja, Einstellungen!

There's good news and bad news about

## Wait, there's more!

Picture Manager Pro 5 doubles as a batch image processor. It makes sense – you've got a group of pictures in a relatively organised space and can mark them, why not take the next steps and do more than just view them?

Version 5 greatly expands the program's capabilities in this department. Now you can not only do batch conversions from one format to another, but apply up to five other effects at the same time: blur them, bring up brightness, tone down the red – it's up to you. This is immensely useful and a very logical way to go about tidying things. Too bad about the arbitrary 5 effect limit. My only other complaint is that the preview window is slow to turn but obviously handled – it's very easy to apply effects by mistake that you had only intended to preview, and the previewer seems to be cumulative rather than retrospectively undoing, so you can experiment with the right level of brightness and so forth).

Picture Manager Pro 5's interface.

The good news is that once you get the hang of them, the toolbar menus and popup menu (click or an image and your options appear) are very easy to use, and the online manual does a good job of explaining each function in detail. The ability to launch and load your image directly into a paint program, by default, Paint and Offiant (if supported) is welcome, and a very good use of Alt+F5. If you care to learn the keyboard shortcuts, they will increase your productivity to a great deal, and are reasonably logical.

The bad news is that there are also QuickMenus, little windows which contain handy buttons to call virtually every function you'll ever use in Picture Manager Pro. Why is this bad news? Because this is the one area of the program the author failed to translate from German, so everything, right down to the little help graphics which describe all the buttons, are going to be a challenge to decipher.

On a more neutral note, the interface isn't as concerned with large friendly buttons as ArtStudio has become. In ArtStudio's case, however, a major revamp of the interface was necessary. For Picture Manager Pro, keeping it simple has worked well so far.

## Other goodies

Picture Manager Pro sets itself apart from the rest of the pack in part due to its ease of use and capable functionality.

Its import/export abilities are quite ingenious (and yes, they spring for a real GDI license, it appears) and there's usually no doubt as to what button to press next. The single best new feature would have to be the HTML catalogue generation. Now you can share your collections with the rest of the world online – just a couple of quick mouse clicks and then Picture Manager Pro churns out web pages with thumbnails and links to the larger images.

I was stunned at how simple, and fast, this was. Of course, you may want to edit the pages.

afterwards – unless you want all of them to say "Buy Picture Manager Pro, it's great!" – but the time you save here



► The fast image processing capabilities and a color mask.



► In effect, one major processing capability and a color mask.

ing Picture Manager Pro do the graphical layout does more than make up for all of the self promotion.

Picture Manager Pro also has the very handy capability to change catalogue sizes on the fly. If you decide you want to switch to small preview thumbnails to save disk and screen space, or because it's a collection of images you're not very interested in the detail of, the change is easy enough to make. The same applies the other way – if it's a sequence of very similar images and you decide you need large, colorful index pages, the transition is as simple.

PPC support has also been added. It's not active full-time – the PPC is called during conversion and image processing functions, mainly, which saves you some time. The main catalogue screen is snappy enough not to need the extra kick of the PPC, but more speed is always better.

Picture Manager Pro is in an interesting niche – you could use it just to catalogue images, but you'd be missing out. On the other hand, you could use it for batch processing and hardly give a look what the index looks like. Either way, it's a very capable program. ■

Jason Connolly

## PICTURE MANAGER PRO 5

**System Requirements:** CD 2.1, 1 Mbyte free RAM, fast drive. Recommended: 320, 4 Mbyte RAM.

Ease of use	95%
Value for money	90%
Performance	90%
For web PP applications	as slow as hell
Value for money	90%
With its own features, a good deal	

**OVERALL**  
Picture Manager Pro is a simple catalogue and image processor. Impressive at first.

**90%**





# Pace 56 Modem

■ Price: £129.99

■ Supplier: Active Technologies +44 1325 460116

In the red corner, a challenger for the 56K modem title from the UK...

**T**his is a 56K modem with voice and fax features. The price is higher than many 56K modems, but this is a high quality model with an impressive range of features.

The Pace has a smart black case

The speakerphone is of a high quality and needs no software support from the computer, using either the built-in microphone and speaker or the supplied headset. UK CallerID means you can see the number calling you before you answer the phone. Speed is what 56K modems are all about, and this one has got plenty. On my Nynex phone line it was as fast as any other modem I have used, and on my BT line it was the fastest.

Connected speeds of 48000 are excellent for these lines, and the modem never faded, dropped the line or remained in a lower speed during a connection. I was most impressed with it.

The Pace 56 Voice is a high quality modem, giving fast reliable connections and a range of extra features. The price is higher than others, but you get a lot for your money and you'll avoid some pain on phone bills. ■

Neil Butcherick



▲ Not too ready with steady-state bills

on the right side, so you can use it vertically or just flat on its side. The status LEDs are bright and clearly labelled in plain English. All connectors are on the back, there is a microphone on top and the left side sports a volume control and speakerphone button.

## PACE 56 VOICE MODEM

System Requirements: Any laptop

Size of case	90%
Has a control panel, looking nice in its surroundings	90%
It's easy to establish what you can get out of this thing and what not	80%
Value for money	80%
Value for the money compared to other modems around. This is a test, the value will only change as other modems come out and take it into account.	

**VERDICT**  
A high quality modem, with some potentially useful extra features.

**92**

## What is 56K?

56K refers to the maximum theoretical speed of the modem (56,000 bits per second). On a good quality phone line you could expect to get a connection speed of around 48,000bps. The quality, age and length of the connection between your phone and the local exchange is the critical part.

Both of these modems use the 'X2B Flex' system, an interim protocol that will be upgradeable to higher rates in the future.

# Dynamode Modem

■ Price: £99.99

■ Supplier: Online PD & +44 1704 834335

And in the blue corner, weighing in at £30 under, it's the Dynamode...

**T**he Dynamode is a 56K data/fax/modem. This is a fairly basic modem, based on standard for western computers, but the price is quite attractive.

The model sports the usual features for a budget modem. The case is very compact, with a power switch on top and sockets for microphone and earphone on the side. All other connectors are behind a flap on the back. The front has the usual row of LED indicators behind a smoked panel.

You get a printed manual containing basic installation instructions and a reference section on the full set of modem commands. You really don't need the manual to get started, just switch off your Amiga, plug in the modem and switch back on. Unfortunately this modem just doesn't cut it in the crucial area of speed. On a line that gave 48000 connections, every time with the Pace I got between 36000 and 42000.

Speeds on the other test line were equally disappointing. It also suffered from fading and dropped lines. In fairness, the hardware of the GP and host

been updated between the two reviews, but my host modem didn't have anything like these problems when used at the same time. I used this modem when writing last month's STFax review, and it worked faultlessly with the fax and voice-mail facilities of STFax.

While this modem is £30 cheaper than the Pace, the differences show. If you really can't afford the extra, it may be worth considering the Dynamode, but you will get



▲ Attractively cheap, but can the Dynamode catch the Pace 56?

more in the long run through longer download times. It depends how long you plan to be online whether it's worth it or not. That's the way it goes with modems! ■

Neil Butcherick

## DYNAMODE MODEM

System Requirements: Any laptop

Size of case	90%
Has a control panel, looking nice in its surroundings	90%
It's easy to establish what you can get out of this thing and what not	70%
Value for money	80%
Value for the money compared to other modems around. This is a test, the value will only change as other modems come out and take it into account.	

**VERDICT**  
At the end of the day, speed is what matters, and this modem didn't change enough.

**75**



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# Elastic Dreams

■ Price: £49.95 ■ Developers: Motion Studios/Titan ■ Supplier: Epic Marketing ☎ 01793 490 988

Ever wished you had a smaller nose, a bigger chin and not-so-sticky-out ears? Now you can, thanks to this new PowerPC Power Goo clone.

**T**his is one of the first major Amiga PowerPC applications to have appeared, and while it's primarily a toy, it's just the thing to show off your new PPC card. If you think it looks familiar you'd be right: it's a direct rip-off from a Mac application called Kai's Power-Goo, a point-and-click warping tool. Elastic Dreams comes with versions for both 680x0 and PPC Amigas.

## Quirky front end

As you can see from the screenshots, Elastic Dreams does not follow the traditions of Amiga Software. Those who believe strongly in a universal look and feel will no doubt be shocked by probably the most non-standard front end of any piece of Amiga software, but there is logic behind it.

Firstly, it makes it very clear what Elastic Dreams does, it looks so futuristic that Power Goo that anyone who has used the latter will know what to expect. Secondly, it lays out the tools in the most ergonomically satisfying positions, and thirdly it looks cool – not a bad aim for a piece of software which is intended to be fun.

Elastic Dreams is loosely split into three control screens. These are the Manager screen, the Composer screen and the Elastic screen. Each is a high resolution bitmap of the control panel, with gadgets such as sliders, buttons and faders all presented in their own rather polished style. It may not look Amiga, but it certainly looks impressive; this is a piece of software which takes being fun seriously. NTSC screenmode users should watch out though, in an NTSC mode you'll lose a bit of the bottom of the screen. No gadgets are completely obscured, but it still looks a bit ugly.

The options screen is where file access takes place. It is also where you can set parameters such as anti-aliasing and smoothing. You can even choose one of several gorgeous texture maps for the control panel facets. Pressing F10 in here opens a further options screen, which allows you a few more in-depth choices such as JPEG output



quality settings and save file type – loading is done automatically with over 60 file types recognised. There is also support for output via TurboPrint or input via ScanGrip.

## Getting into the Goo

The other two screens are where the real action takes place. The composer screen

allows two images to be mixed together in a far more subtle fashion than that offered by a standard sub through effect in a paint package. One of the two source images is transferred to the main window, and a start position marker placed in the other source image window. You can then point the second image over the first, then you could point in the eyes from one face onto another. If you didn't place the marker perfectly, then you can click on the move gadget and drag the overlay around. Other options let you smear the second image into the first to blend it in better, and a transparency slider allows you to make the overlay as subtle or opaque as you like (an option Kai would do well to note off).



## Bend it, stretch it

The Elastic screen has a single display window, as it only works on one image at a time. Beneath the central window is a film grip, which is where animation sequences are constructed. Beside the window are buttons for the various bizarre surgical proce-



▲ A typical shot of our feature leader, Tony... before his evening cup of coffee.



# Fusion 3.1

■ Price: £49.95 ■ Supplier: Bittersoft © 01908 261 466



If you're serious about Mac emulation, you may find Shapeshifter's lack of MacOS8 support too limiting. Enter Fusion 3.1...

**M**acs are funny old things. They can drive you mad but even the most die-hard Amiga fan should be able to find at least a few redeeming features in them somewhere, even if it's just to wish some of the applications that have never made it to the Amiga. We gave you Shapeshifter last month, but if you want the latest in Mac emulation, Fusion 3.1 is the way to go. It's getting dangerously close to a year since Shapeshifter was updated, so Fusion is the emulator with momentum right now, even though the eagerly anticipated PowerPC version is on hold pending the completion of some other projects.

Since 2.1, there have been two major types of change. The first difference is that Fusion's MacOS 8 support has been expanded (Shapeshifter is limited to MacOS 7.x).

## MacOS8: is it worth it?

Unconfirmed reports say it was to be released as MacOS 7.2 but fell prey to full version number inflation (Fusion 2.1 to 3 is arguably a minor image of that inflation). Even so, MacOS8 seems to have finally caught up in a few key areas. It now does some multi-threading, allowing the desktop to be doing more than one thing at a time (Amiga users got this with the advent of Open X).

Also, MacOS8 is a little more tolerant of file types it doesn't recognise. There's a program called 'Easy Open' which lets you get through to files even if they don't have an official Mac 'creator'. Netscape and Internet Explorer are being included with the OS these days, and Java support is now built in to the OS.

MacOS 8 leaves some other OSes floundering in the cold - including Shapeshifter. Fusion is now the only Mac emulation option if you want to stay with the newest MacOS 8.1 at the time of this writing, which Fusion has been fixed to support.

Fusion now allows the user of virtual machines on the Mac side, and you're going to need it. MacOS8 requires 12MB RAM with 20MB of virtual memory.



The other updates are less dramatic but just as welcome: miscellaneous bugfixes and streamlined operations which make using Fusion even easier.

▲ **Ready for life**  
Fusion can be assigned to files during transfer



## What's new for 3.1

Fusion now allows full control over the CPU cache from the configuration menu. This allows you to experiment to greater speed if you're using an 660 (by default, Fusion turns off most OS8 caches for safety since file software doesn't expect to see an OS8 running in full glory). Experimenting can be dangerous, however, and could cause the Mac side to crash at a very inopportune moment.

The IOP system has been much improved. This is the part of Fusion which has left Shapeshifter in the dust since day one. It's a very neat way to connect Mac partitions from the Amiga side. Now, you can assign Mac file creator tags on the fly as you copy files across, and an annoying bug has been fixed. Fusion comes with a large database of common file types, and new ones can be added very easily.

In earlier versions, if you had an AmigaDOS lock on the Mac partition when

shutting down the Mac side, an open CD-ROM driver of the Mac drive Fusion could take forever to fully quit until you realised the error - and even then sometimes the machine would crash. Now, Fusion checks for this sort of thing and tells you which drives are being held up.

CD support has been improved according to the docs, although I only ever had one problem with 2.1 and a particularly dramatic Mac CD (which still doesn't seem to be fully corrected). Some of the strange GUI hang-ups of the Fusion configuration screen have been cleaned up. Little niceties, like a three second boot delay to allow you to disable extensions on the Mac side, and improved SCSI support, round off the update.

While not everyone needs to go to MacOS 8 (I'm still not fully convinced by it myself), Fusion 3.1 takes care of a number of nagging problems and is a welcome improvement. It continues to be a fairly priced piece of software, and even if present users have no interest in OS8, the OS upgrade is worth it.

To clear up some minor headaches, it's also worth playing with the current version in case the next upgrade has something more valuable to you. ■

Jason Compton

## FUSION

**System Requirements:** August 11, 1994  
16M hard disk, Mac II and G4

<b>Ease of use</b>	90%
System usually runs with a little modification	
<b>Performance</b>	85%
Runs reasonably well	
<b>Value for money</b>	80%
Not often getting as good value for a Mac emulator these days, except PowerPC support	
<b>Support for updates</b>	75%
Shapeshifter is cheaper but Fusion is better supported for updates in a year's time	

## VERDICT

Keep up your wits with Fusion. Fusion is up to Mac emulation these days.

92



# PD.net

Dave Stroud introduces our brand new feature on PD software available via the Internet.

## Push Push

Type: Game

Available from: Amnet: gamethink@push-push.de

Size: 154K

Requirements: Any Amiga, 1MB RAM

Push Push is a lovely little puzzle written in Blitz Basic 2 by Luigi Reuberens. The first thing you should do after loading it is nothing. Just sit back and watch the demo disk in. You'll soon get the idea.

You control your character's movement over a playing grid using the joystick. The thing is, he (she/it) doesn't stop walking unless he walks into a wall. Or falls down a hole and dies. "A task you say?" Indeed. Once he's stopped by a wall, hold down the fire button and listen to the counter tick up. Let go of the fire button, and you push the wall the number of squares indicated by the counter.

The aim appears to be to clear the screen of the blue "game", by pushing walls over them. To make it a little harder, there are holes to fall down, special objects like paper and re-directing squares, and the walls bounce off other walls if you push them too hard, and kill you if you're not careful.

The lack of instructions means some features of Push Push go unexplained - not that it matters that much. Push Push will still manage to keep you occupied for a while, even if you can't figure out why it is your character moves occasionally instead of pushing a wall, or what the mysteriously appearing brown objects are. ★★ ★



## MUVideo 2.13

Type: Video database

Available from: Amnet:

mailto:mu@MUVideo.213.de

Size: 155K

Requirements: MuV 2.0+, OS 2.8

Christoph Kersch's MUVideo has reached version 2.13, and continues to expand. If your video collection is doing Mervin, this program could be the answer to your film-finding needs.

Oh, it like me, you don't have too many videos but you still can't decide which one to watch for the umpteenth time. MUVideo can roll in of assistance. With dozens of input fields, it could take you a while to catalogue even a modest video collection, but you should only have to do it once.

After that, you'll be able to find what you're looking for with ease. Through the "Filter" window, you can ask MUVideo to list films matching your every requirement from a list of actors that you would (or wouldn't, for that matter) like to see, through categories, rankings and dates, to picture and sound formats.

Say goodbye to the days of rummaging through unmarked video cassettes and wearing out your VCR as you search for that half-hour episode of Red Dwarf you taped ten years ago. Instead, hand the job of memorising your VHS collection over to MUVideo.

You can even add comments and link pictures to specific database records, just in case you forget what all those films that you taped last Christmas were all about. ★★★★★



## ABackup 5.2

Type: Backup utility

From: Amnet: dsa@backuptools.de

Size: 300K

Requirements: Kickstart 2+, 1MB RAM

Version 5.2 of the popular backup utility has fixed a few bugs from earlier versions, and added support for backing up to removable media like Zipquest, Jaz and Zip disks. This means you no longer need to sit by your Amiga with a stack of floppy disks, subjecting yourself to BZ as you insert and remove floppies every couple of minutes. Hallelujah!

Offering full and selective backup operations, as well as optional data compression using an external system like KPR, ABackup is worth its weight in gold: as anyone who's ever suffered from a major hard disk crash will be able to appreciate.

The GUI uses standard intuition rather than MUI. It doesn't look spectacular - you're not going to sit there looking at it for days on end - but that doesn't matter. What does matter is that it works, and works well. Besides, in an ideal world, you'd never have to look at it anyway.

However, the world is less than ideal, particularly for hard disk owners. So, when that dreaded goes pear-shaped and the world dumps on your floppies, make sure you've got a backup of that all-important data. Like believing in Santa Claus, the myth that your hard drive is even more reliable than a Volkswagen won't last forever. Be prepared, or be very, very quiet. ★★★★★





## PlayPac 1.3

Type: Game

Available from: Aminet: [aminet.net/playpac/1.3](http://aminet.net/playpac/1.3)

Size: 127K

Requirements: OS 3.50+ ROM, 640k space, 1Mb RAM (200K Chg)

HaveI we seen enough Edward Pashman clones already? Certainly not. Those who keep asking such questions often forget that for an idea to be copied is often, the original must've been a clone. Done well, a Pashman clone is no disappointment, and PlayPac could certainly argue its case for inclusion under this heading.

Version 1.3 of PlayPac sees the addition of a multiplayer mode, which certainly makes a change from the more common one-player versions. The random level features also adds to PlayPac's longevity, though perhaps the only drawback is that such level tends to have several dead ends. In traditional format, this would mean almost certain death, as colliding with a ghost would kill you instantly. Not so in PlayPac, where your Pashman has been given a shield, so that he can run through ghosts (and in fact he'll get trapped).

Other nice touches include the ability to choose a recommended and control various aspects of the game via a settings window. You can also choose between low Res 16 colour graphics, or the much

nicer High Res 64 colour graphics if you have VGA.

It would be nice to see grid sizes of more than 8x10 made available, if only for higher screen resolutions. With the multiplayer capability of v1.3, why not take it a step further with multi-modern support, or even TCP/IP capability? Imagine multiplayer PlayPac on a random, huge (perhaps screen scrolling) grid, with more powerups, played across the Internet either as a co-operative against the ghosts, all vs all, or even in a "grab the flag" team mode! Well, it'd make a change from QuakeWorld... ■ ■ ■ ■



## It's v1.0

Type: Utility

From: Aminet: [aminet.net/its/1.0](http://aminet.net/its/1.0)

Size: 218K

Requirements: OS 2.04, 1Mb free RAM, TCP/IP stack with TCP (also TCP or Mapped)

Following the trend to name small software after characters from Greek mythology, It's is bravely entering the already pretty well saturated for market of small software. According to the documentation, current studies for the Aminet other use MUI, crash often, have limitations, are expensive, slow, lacking in features or offer poor support for using a POP mailboxes from more than one place.

If that's the case, we must be in trouble! How does It's intend to save us? By saving on BGA, a library which is hard to find support for these days and whose development appears to have ceased

(something which It's author, Jilles Twilker, admits to in the documentation). Doesn't sound very helpful, but let's not jump to conclusions.

Amongst It's feature list are such delights as support for Eudora's and Exchange's "Priority" and "Return-Receipts" headers, "extensive use of multitasking" and support for accessing your POP mail account from more than one location. Some features, however—such as "ReplyAll" and "Forward"—are yet to be implemented. Well, it is only version 1.0 I guess.

The fact that It's doesn't use MUI will no doubt please some, but I found the opening and closing of windows rather sluggish. Whether this is down to BGA, It's, or just a blatant lack of RAM on my part I wouldn't like to say. All in all, it's a fair first effort, but a lot needs to be added if it's going to threaten the likes of Thor or Yem (a beta of v1.0 of which has just been released at the time of writing). ■ ■ ■



## Best of Aminet

Following the popularity of the various Doom ports available on the Net (which appear to have settled down to seven at the last count), the first ports of Doomset have appeared. "Doomset" and "3Doomset", both of which are located in game/shoot. At the time of writing, you'll need a fairly well-spread machine along with the data files from the original game to play Doomset on your Amiga.

If you can't play it yet, you can always see what you're missing by taking a peek at <http://theDoomsetForShort.de/DOOM>. Following on in the vein of the homepage for Doom ports, <http://www.mindsping.com/~marchmont/3d/index.htm> promises to provide information on all ports of Doomset to the Amiga.

Grid games (think Solitaire for the IBM) for something to do while you're waiting for those larger downloads. This Windows version of Gridade provides minutes if not hours of inspiration if, like me, you can't remember for the life of you how to complete it successfully. The thing is, once you have completed it, you don't really want to do it again. Perhaps a timer could be added, along with a "Fastest Times" high-score table to offer more of a challenge!

Of course, not everyone spends hours on their computer day after day, week after week. Most of us do occasionally manage to step outside or at least open a window to remind ourselves what "fresh air" tastes like.

Imagine my horror when I was abruptly removed from the latter category and firmly placed in "indoor territory by will/wulky/2k, DailyUp the 50K". This MUI-writing tool happily tells you how much time you spend on your computer each day, and will even show you the alarming statistics in graphical form if you don't believe it initially.

Finally, for those of you who haven't jumped on the bandwagon to tower up your A120 in recent months, how's about giving that beige casing a bit of a paint job? [picnet.v1200.jpg](http://picnet.v1200.jpg) may give you the necessary inspiration.



# PD•post

PD•post

For those without Internet access, here's Steve Bye with a round-up of the latest PD available via mail order.

## Survivor

Type: Colon/Shoot-em-up

Available from: Underground PD, 54,

Carman's Close, Sharnbury, Essex.

SG3-Pvt. Tel: 01703-285687

Price: £1.50

If you ever had an Atari ST it's OK, you don't have to admit it publicly! you'll probably remember a game called Odis. It was one of the best games the ST ever got and came from the Dungeon Master stable, crossing Choplifter with Theud. Survivor is a bit of a poor man's version of Odis.

The aim is to collect a certain amount of men from the scenery on each level. There are six of them, though some are the big. Most of your time is spent blasting away at the rocks with a combination of cannons and bombs, whilst avoiding the enemies. Whereas Odis had buckets of glass, atmosphere and loads of big levels, Survivor is a far more pedestrian affair. It's hard to muster any great affection for the title either, which doesn't help matters. \*\*\*



## MagScan V1.0

Type: Archive/database

Available from: Mark Sweeney 18, Brookfields Rd, Longgath, Manchester M13 0XP

Tel: 0161 2245475

Price: £5

You might have noticed this month's CU Amiga comes with a new Reviews Index section (see page 80). Due to space constraints we've limited it to two pages at the moment, not wanting to use up valuable pages on reprints.

Mark Sweeney (the author of MagScan) has gone a bit further and compiled a database of CU Amiga reviews going back to 1984. This is not an official CU Amiga database and we take no responsibility for its accuracy but it seems to have been put together fairly well. Details such as price, overall scores, supplier and quotes from the reviews are all included with the entries.

Mark gets into dangerous territory though with reprints of our RMQ series. This is

totally illegal and amounts to piracy. Mark, you must remove this immediately or expect a call from our publisher's lawyers.

On those grounds we shouldn't be covering it at all here, but assuming it comes without ripped-off articles, we would recommend it to anyone who can't be bothered looking back through a stack of issues to find a single review. \*\*\*\*



## Stone Towers

Type: Strategy/board

Available from: Underground PD, 54, Carman's Close, Sharnbury, Essex. SG3-Pvt.

Tel: 01703-285687

Price: £1.50

This is a very simple game on the outside, but when you get stuck in to the strategy you can realize it can give you a headache. The basic premise is to own as much ground as possible, you claim some ground by clicking your mouse on the screen and placing a castle, once you're done that you own the four squares surrounding that castle. Then your opponent takes his/her turn, this can be another human, a machine, or the computer.

Once the screen is full the battle takes a turn. To win you need to own as many squares as possible so to protect the ground around your castles you must upgrade them to be stronger than your opponents' enemy castles. The winner after a set amount of turns is the one with

the strongest influence over the most squares. If you get what I mean, it's simple to play but hard to explain. Good though.

A bonus game on this disk is called Dema, a rather nice-looking game of Draughts with nice-maced pieces but a low IQ computer opponent. Both games are best played against a human opponent. An entertaining disk. \*\*\*\*



## MiniTower Project

Type: *Hardware*

Available from: 3 Ramen, 80 Broad Avenue, Short Beach, Millersville, West Midlands.

0121 415 1111. No telephone number available

Price: £1.15 inc. P&P

If you feel confident enough to turn your Amiga into a tower system with a 24 speed CD-ROM, this will be of use to you. It is an AmigaGuide document taking you step by step through each giddy moment. Personally I would be far too frightened to start hacking away at settings, modifying power supplies and sticking meters in high voltage areas, and if you feel the same don't even attempt it because this isn't a Blue Peter special with a few fog rolls and a fiery liquid bottle.

But if you do decide to give it a go this disk gets you off to a good start with many hints, tips and warnings as well as a cheap suppliers and parts list that according to the author will save you quite a few bob. You will also need a few dials to complete the project. For propeller heads with soldering irons only. ★★☆☆



## BoxCar

Type: *Racing*

Available from: Norwich PD, 43 Midlam Rd, Norwich, Norfolk, NR5-6EH.

Tel: 01603 804855

Price: 50p + 50 P&P

This 1 or 2 player split screen racer has fine touches of graphical excellence in it, but to mention some good programming and attention to detail. Though BoxCar is Shareware that's our good fortune it is only a few screen refreshes and a bit of polish away from being of commercial quality. The opening menu screen offers you the choice of race track, control, 1 or 2 player, difficulty level, Grand Prix/Quick Race and Auto Race.

The last named should be used until you get used to the track beyond because of the perspective, you could be going into the screen at the start flag and coming 'out' of the screen down the back straight, if you spin off the track, and you will, you can easily get disoriented. Having Auto Race on will let you look in the right direction. There's no cheating allowed in this game either, if you cut too many corners you will be punished. Owing

to the lack you can view any of your opponents cars by pressing the 1-8 keys, also at the side of the screen are bird-eye views of the race in progress. There are only 2 tracks on offer in this demo version and you can't play the Grand Prix, a terror to the author will solve all that though. As I said, there are nice graphics, the sound effects are OK and the playability is there. It's a lot of a colour actually. ★★☆☆



## The Bogue

Type: *Shoot-'em-up*

Available from: Classic Amiga PD 11

Deansgate, Radcliffe, Manchester M26-

1241 Tel: 0161 722 1030

Price: £1.20 inc. P&P per order

Let's start with the main quip, any games programmer knows this is what the player looks at all the time and it should move smoothly and be pleasing on the eye... soaps, not in this game Bruce.

The enemies should also at least be attractive surely? Well, in The Bogue some of the enemies are boxes, yes those cardboard things, and just to make sure you know they are boxes the boxes have "BOX" stamped on them, very handy that. In The Bogue's favour though we have nearly smooth horizontal scrolling, possible sound effects and a very easy game to complete, even the end of level battle is a wing. The majority of the graphics have so obviously been borrowed from different sources that the palette clash badly leading to intermittent screen noise.

If there was any kind of documentation with the game, apart from a dodgy list of control keys I couldn't focus on, it might help to explain whether this is aimed at 3 year olds and if it was created with one of these dodgy game construction programs, which I have a sneaking suspicion it was. Sorry this month's turkey. ★

## B-Card V1

Type: *Business and creator*

Available from: Classic Amiga Software,

11 Deansgate, Radcliffe, Manchester M26-

1241 Tel: 0161 722 1030

Price: £1 + 50p P&P per order

Although this utility looks like it was written in 1988 it is a new release. The ugly design and clumsiness of the type and graphics a program that actually works quite well and runs up an A1280.

B-Card allows you to easily create business cards from a set of supplied templates. You can add your own borders and repeat box if you want a selection of borders are available from the author's. You can print 10 business cards onto an A4 piece of card and make your waste.

Colour printing is not supported but may be in a later version. B-Card executes its allotted task well enough, looks neat's everything you know. ★★☆☆



**Game of the Month**

# Art Gallery

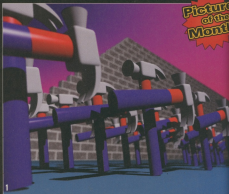
Are you a Digital Doll? Computer Caravaggio? Send your pics to:  
Art Gallery, CU Amiga, 37-39 Mill Harbour, Isle of Dogs, London E14 9TZ.

**See your  
work in  
print...  
and win a  
print, too!**

Each month we will declare one picture in the Gallery to be picture of the month - and if it is yours, we will send you a print of your work, output to an ultra high quality 800 printer on glossy paper that is around 25-30% quit from a print shop to you, guy! - you'll never see your work look so good!

If you want to enter a picture into Art Gallery, either email it to [artgallery@amiga.co.uk](mailto:artgallery@amiga.co.uk) or post it on disk to our postal address, marking the envelope Art Gallery. We recommend the use of PNG format as it saves a lot of disk space, but alternatively GIF or TIFF are fine.

• Jpeg drops image quality and should be avoided where possible, and should never be used for images with 256 or fewer colours.



**Picture  
of the  
Month**



2



3

July 93



4

vertical



### 1. Hammers by Calum Cookson

Anyone with a passing knowledge of 3D's Jack will recognize the model from Peter Fong's *The Wall*. While this image does not have the same bewitching impact of the Genesis Sports original, the plastic colors and superreal smoothness make this pretty eye-catching. Nevertheless, in PGR MAX, Calum used a SURF system to work for the final render, one of the advantages of using a ray tracing program available for pretty much any computer you can think of.

### 2. Red Dwarf by Kevin Cutler

Kevin Cutler does the original drawings for his work on paper, scales them in to his 4000 and the renders and composites them in Brilliance and ImagePlus. Given that he is working on an AGA screen and Multigiga, this is pretty incredible. Fast, smooth hand art is not Multigiga's strong talent.

The style of the image is solidly in the Frank Crockett tradition of school, strongly reminiscent of American fantasy comics of the 1970s, or something you'd find in the back of a Hawkwind album. Oddly enough, I can't get the thought out of my mind that this dwarf looks like Eric Cantona...

### 3. Feet Ship by Kevin Cutler

Kevin's second offering is pretty unusual. Although the screen is presented to you in a set aspect ratio, there is no reason for you to stick with it. This one is a pretty extreme 1529 by 194 pixels. It's great to see people playing with image format like this, it's a refreshing change from seeing everything screen shaped. On the other hand, I'm not sure we want to encourage the trend too much, it makes it very hard to lay out! Well done Kev and keep them rolling in.

### 4. Scorpion by Seahan M.

We dragged CU Amiga designer Seahan M. Lidding and screaming off his Mail and forced him at gunpoint to try PPRent. "Hey," he said, "I like this, it's really easy to use." The first... shape is the middle way as far as it got before we ran into trouble. "I want to apply noise and texture effects for a background, where are they?" Once a Photocopier, always a Photocopier. We let him go back to Autodesk's famous graphics package for the background, but just to be difficult we made him use it under Fusion on an Amiga!

### 5. Ship by Ulfus Gustafsson

This image is an Imagine render, apparently of a ship. I can't see it myself. A model airplane made out of rapidly washing up liquid bottles, perhaps...

I liked this when I first saw it, it is blunt, garish and indistinct. Now I rather like it. I think it's the rich blue background and the soft light-sourcing. I find it rather relaxing. Maybe Ulfus could do a version with out the object in the centre, giving rise to an endless new use of 3D rendering software for generating Mark Rothko style minimalist art.



**Prographics & ImageFX Users**  
Location: Stamford Park House, Essex  
Contact: Suzanne  
Telephone: 01305 848814 (Even-  
ings)  
WWW:  
<http://web.prographics.co.uk/prographics>  
Address: Stamford Park House, 178A  
Stamford, 44 Stamford Close,  
Stamford, LE8 7JH  
01305-848814 Home Even: 0817 759

**No Specific Name**  
Location: Scattered Communities  
Area, Leicestershire  
Contact: Norman Douglas  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
Meeting times: At day of week  
Meeting times: 10.00-12.00pm  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
01000, 000, 000

**AmigaTech Amiga Users**  
Group  
Location: Dayton Ave, Ohio, USA  
Contact: John  
Telephone: 00000-0000-0000 After 5pm  
WWW:  
<http://www.amigattech.com>  
Meeting times: 1st Saturday of the  
month, 10.00am  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**South West Amiga Group**  
Location: South West England  
Contact: Andy  
Telephone: 01705 300000  
Meeting times: anytime  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Superior Lakes Computer  
Users Group**  
Location: Central Coast, NSW  
Contact: Gerald Kempen  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Tasmanian Commodore**  
Users Association Inc  
Location: Hobart, Australia  
Contact: Ian  
Telephone: 0118 204 4000, 3rd  
Meeting times of the month  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**University Place Commodore**  
Home Users Group  
Location: Birmingham, West Midlands, UK  
Contact: 0121 350 0000  
Telephone: 0121 350 0000 evenings  
WWW:  
<http://www.university-place.com/~mellor&u>  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**R.A.V.A.**  
Location: Albany, The Netherlands  
Contact: Roland de Heer  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Virus Help Team - Norway**  
Location: Norway  
Contact: Helge  
Telephone: 011 201 10000  
WWW: <http://www.virus.no/~vst>  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**OWCC**  
Location: West Midlands  
Contact: Lyle  
Telephone: 0800 407000 (after  
hours)  
WWW: <http://www.owcc.co.uk>  
Meeting times: 10pm-11pm  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Amigaart**  
Location: Istanbul  
Contact: 00000-0000-0000  
Telephone: 00000-0000-0000  
WWW: <http://www.amigaart.com>  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Meeting times: Two a month**  
Location: Anywhere  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Commodore Computer User**  
Group Queensland  
Location: Brisbane, Australia  
Contact: 07 330 1100  
Telephone: 07 330 1100  
WWW:  
<http://www.compuuser.com.au/~cug>  
Meeting times: 1st Tue of month,  
7-9pm & 3rd Sat of month 10pm  
to 4pm  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
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**Amiga Amiga Society**  
Location: New Zealand  
Contact: 06 330 1100  
Telephone: 06 330 1100 or 06 330  
2100  
Meeting times: Wednesday  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**West London Computer Club**  
Location: West London  
Contact: Alan  
Telephone: 0181 750 1100  
Meeting times: 1st and 3rd Tues of  
month  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Dublin Amiga Users**  
Telephone: 01-234 5678  
Location: Dublin, Ireland  
Contact: 01-234 5678  
Telephone: 01-234 5678  
WWW: <http://www.dublin-amiga.org>  
Meeting times: Anytime (24 hrs.)  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Central Australian Amiga**  
Users Group  
Location: Alice Springs, Australia  
Contact: 08 330 1100  
Telephone: 08 330 1100  
WWW: <http://www.central-amiga.org>  
Meeting times: Monthly 10a  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Monmouth, 40 12113 100**  
Location: Monmouth, Wales  
Contact: 01600 0000-0000  
Telephone: 01600 0000-0000  
WWW:  
<http://www.monmouth-amiga.org>  
Meeting times: 1st Sat of month  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Amiga User Group of**  
Western Australia  
Location: Perth, Western Australia  
Contact: 09 330 1100  
Telephone: 09 330 1100  
WWW:  
<http://www.auwag.org.au>  
Meeting times: 1st and 3rd of month  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Amiga Computer Group**  
Location: Great Britain  
Contact: 01600 0000-0000  
Telephone: 01600 0000-0000  
WWW: <http://www.amiga-cg.org>  
Meeting times: Sunday, 10.00  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Huddersfield Amiga Users**  
Location: Huddersfield, in Yorkshire  
Contact: 01484 5678  
Telephone: 01484 5678  
WWW:  
<http://www.huddersfield-amiga.co.uk>  
Meeting times: 10.00am onwards  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Highland Amiga User Group**  
Location: Highland, Scotland  
Contact: 01463 5678  
Telephone: 01463 5678  
WWW: <http://www.hug.org.uk>  
Meeting times: 10.00  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Emerald**  
Location: Northern Ireland  
Contact: 028 330 1100 or 028 330 2200  
Telephone: 028 330 1100 or 028 330 2200  
WWW: <http://www.emerald-amiga.com>  
Meeting times: 10a  
Address: 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100  
00000, 000, 000

**Send this form to: User Groups; CU Amiga, 27-29 Mitrehouse, Isle of Dogs, London, E14 9ET.**

Alternatively, fax it to: 0171 872 8765, or use the online version of the form which can be accessed from our website at: [www.eu.amiga.co.uk](http://www.eu.amiga.co.uk) This service is completely free of charge.

General Location: \_\_\_\_\_

Tel: \_\_\_\_\_

Postal Address: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Meeting Times/Places: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Group name: \_\_\_\_\_

Email: \_\_\_\_\_

Web site: \_\_\_\_\_

Contact name: \_\_\_\_\_

Preferred contact method (please tick)

Email ☐ Phone ☐ Post ☐









Meaty, solid and full of goodness, this month's Workshop section is a bit like a nice Sunday roast (in a way).

# Amiga Workshop

## 76 Personal Paint 6.6

In part 4 and John Kennedy journeys into that strange wilderness which is home to the pixel.

## 80 C Programming

This time around Jason Palmer hits on the subject of multi-tasking, semaphores, fractals...

## 84 Surf's Up

NetDad has his usual rant whereas Neil Bothwick gives you the latest web related news.

## 85 Surf of the Month

Then Neil Bothwick starts the WWW for the more interesting sites... does he sink or does he swim?

## 86 Wired World

Neil Bothwick tries out YAM, the widely used freeware mailer... they're only game and improved the little blighter.

## 88 Scale MM300

In part 3, John Kennedy explains how Scale can be used in conjunction with all kinds of other applications.

## 90 Reviews Index

This new labour-saving device allows you to instantly locate product reviews without searching your archives of CU Amiga back issues.

## 96 Q & A

Get questions on Amiga stuff! Our panel of experts give you the answers and keep it moving.

## 99 A to Z

A-Z does he lol! That happy hackster who has hairy hands is heading a happy heap of it's... barbers.

## 106 Techno Tragedies

John Kennedy tries to fight the tears in vain, as he shares the demise of the poor little Sam Coupé.



Personal Paint 6.6.jpg



Scale MM300.jpg



Scale MM300.jpg

## Regulars

### 83 Back Issues

Missed out on an issue? Shame! All is not lost though, as you can probably find the offending article here.

### 100 Backchat

Comments, general information, criticism, suggestions. Here's a chance to get your name up there in print.

### 103 Subscriptions

Life is fantastic when you take out subscription to CU Amiga, the UK's best selling Amiga magazine. Oh, joy of joys.

### 104 Points of View

With eagle eyes unfocused, CU Amiga staff and contributors let the world know just what they think about stuff. Do our mass.

# PART 4

# Personal Paint

Everything is not as it seems - Amiga pixels have a secret which makes drawing something as simple as a circle harder than you might think.

As you know, the most basic element which can be displayed on your Amiga's screen is a pixel. The pixel, a contraction of Picture Element, is simply the smallest dot which can appear. When you use the finest possible brush and draw a single dot, that's a pixel.

The number of pixels displayed depends on the screen mode. For example, the default Amiga Workbench resolution is PAL, hi-res mode which uses 768 lines of 640 pixels. Other graphics modes have different numbers of pixels across, and the mode you select has a huge bearing on the appearance of an image. By the way, at the moment we are ignoring the number of 65,536 colour values which can be displayed - this often varies from screen mode to screen mode, especially on pre-AGA machines.

The important point to realise is that the different screen modes cause the pixels to change shape. Unlike almost every other computer platform, Amiga pixels are stretched depending on how the screen hardware is programmed.

This is easy to demonstrate to yourself. Start Personal Paint, and make sure the screen mode is standard low resolution PAL. 288 lines of 320 pixels. Draw a large circle in the middle of the screen, and then use the Image Format menu option to change to high resolution PAL. 256 lines of 640 pixels.

The circle will change shape



1 The effects of changing the screen mode - a circle becomes squashed out of shape

gradually, as the width of the screen is doubled.

The fact that Amiga pixels can change shape can be a problem for the following reasons:

1. Other platforms, such as the Apple Mac and PC, expect pixels to be square. When they try to display an Amiga image which has been created using a screen mode with rectangular pixels, the image can appear distorted.

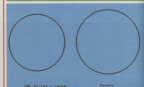
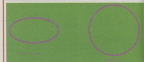
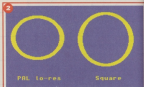
2. When drawing images on the Amiga, it can be hard to create realistic shapes if you can't depend on screen distances in the vertical and horizontal directions consisting of the same number of pixels. Drawing perfect circles and squares can be fraught with difficulties.

3. Assuming you have created a drawing, then as we have just seen, if you need to change the screen mode in order to fit in more detail, or to obtain a larger colour palette, you can totally destroy it by stretching or shrinking it in one dimension.

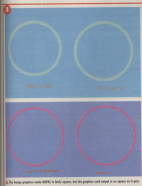
Although the Amiga's many graphics modes are extremely flexible - and the pity is which you can flip between different programs, using different modes almost instantly is unique - it goes without saying, that when drawing images on the Amiga you need to be extremely careful of your pixel shapes.

## When is a circle not a circle?

Measuring the "squareness" of pixels is usually done by looking at the



4 Different graphics modes differently-shaped pixels. The "square" circle on the right is only true for Amiga screens assuming the pixels are square - that is how far it can make distort it really



■ The Amiga graphics mode doLPRM is fairly square, but the graphics card output is as square as light.

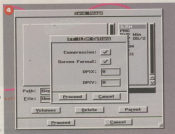
all of their width to their height. In PAL, the resolution inside for example, the ratio is close to 0.5. This means the pixels are quite tall and a circle which appeared round would require about 50 lines down to 100 pixels across. Of course, you don't have to round the lines; when you select the circle drawing tool from the Personal Paint toolbar, the circle will look round no matter what screen mode you are currently using.

This happens because Personal Paint requests from the Amiga spinning system the ratio of X to Y, and so it can calculate what dimensions a circle should be in order to appear round. Most of the time, this is perfectly acceptable, but not when you are creating graphics for other platforms or generally being extra-artistic.

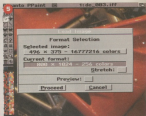
So what can you do? The obvious answer is to switch to a screen mode which has pixels that are

square – that way your circles will look like circles because they are in fact. With square pixels, a circle which is 100 pixels across will be 100 lines long.

There is a catch though: as you can see from the following examples none of the Amiga's graphics modes actually have square pixels. **1**



■ Select the Screen Format option to help our images look their best.



▲ Personal Paint will not use a cheap mode, but just say so.

The best graphics mode seems to be doPAL, which as you can see creates circles which are very nearly the same. In this mode, the pixels are very nearly square and so you can use it when drawing pictures for other platforms. If you do want pixels which are absolutely square, then you'll need to invest in a graphics card. As you can see, the pixels in this Personal Paint mode are square as both circles are identical.

The catch is that both Personal Paint and doPAL modes require a monitor which is capable of displaying signals at higher than 15kHz. In other words this means a PC style SVGA monitor, but you should be aware that not all monitors can cope with doPAL, even after fiddling with various hacks and utilities. Some moni-

tors will simply use vertical fold; I strongly advise that you test any monitor you are considering buying in advance. **2**

You might be wondering how it's possible to draw all these circles which work assuming square pixels: it's easy. Personal Paint allows you to switch to a drawing mode which automatically works in square pixels, and to activate it, all you have to do is select "Square Pixels" from the Graphics option under the Settings menu.

## Saving your work

When saving an image from an Amiga graphics program, the software usually embeds the current screen mode as part of the file header. This allows other programs, a viewing program for example, to set up the video hardware properly in anticipation for the incoming image.

However, these days there are dozens of different screen modes possible. Worse, you can't rely on even a genuine Amiga cloning with all the possibilities. For this reason, Chaz, the creator of Personal Paint, recommends you switch off this option when saving IF files. This is done by clicking on the Options button on the file requester. Toggle the "Screen Format" option to off.

With no forced screen mode, any software which loads the image must make an intelligent guess as to which screen mode to use. Normally the software will look at the dimensions of the picture and use that to predict the screen mode which will best display the image. Personal Paint itself is very good at getting the mode right, and most other viewing software can't do it

perfectly satisfactorily. **4**

## Changing modes

When you've created a drawing and want to change screen mode, *Personal Paint* can help you. You'll notice that in the Image Format requester there are two screen sizes displayed. The first, labelled Screen, is the true Screen size.

This controls the graphics mode used. The second is Image; this is the size of the picture you are working on – and there is no need for them to be the same. In other words it's possible to use the Screen display as a window on a much larger image. This is especially useful for using a square-pixel mode such as dithered, to work on a larger image.

To do this, first set your screen mode to dithered. Make sure you have the number of colours set properly. If you are dealing with a digitised image, use 256 and switch on dithering as discussed in detail last month. Now select the image you want to load.

Immediately, *Personal Paint* will detect that there is a difference between the current screen mode (which is 320 by 256) and the image (which is probably a lot larger). It will ask you if you want to change to a more, more suitable screen mode. It's vital that you decline this offer and stick with your dithered mode. *Personal Paint* will then load in the larger image. **5**

Now your current screen will act as a window on the larger image. You can scroll around it using the cursor keys, or even select Autoscroll when loading and let the window move about by itself. The important thing is that you are viewing the image with a screen mode with non-square pixels, and this can make all the difference when making adjustments.

When you are finished, the image can be saved as always – and if you switch off the Screen Format option in the save requester, the image won't be any the wiser to being shown normal into a smaller video mode. **6**

## Animations

When creating animations with *Personal Paint*, it's often worth spending the same time considering the choice of screen mode. This is especially true if you want to incorporate digitised elements in your work, or if there is a chance you

might want to convert the animation to a PC format such as AVI at a later date. Square pixels are important in those cases, and you might automatically go straight for dithered mode.

Some points of caution, remember that older (pre-NTSC) devices cannot display dithered mode.

Remember also that dithered mode requires a monitor capable of displaying higher than 250kHz ordinary video frequencies. Finally, dithered mode will not work with graphics or record to video tape, so if you want to combine your animations with live footage stick to PAL mode.

## Selected screen modes and their dimensions

Screen mode	Pixels across	Lines down
PAL hi-res	320	256
PAL Hi-res	320	256
PAL super Hi-res	1280	1024
PAL hi-res locked	320	512
PAL Hi-res locked	640	512
PAL super Hi-res locked	1280	512
NTSC hi-res	320	280
NTSC Hi-res	320	280
NTSC super Hi-res	1280	280
NTSC hi-res locked	320	400
NTSC Hi-res locked	640	400
NTSC super Hi-res locked	1280	400
Multiscan	320	240
Multiscan Progressive	640	400
SuperVGA Hi-res	800	600
SuperVGA Hi-res locked	400	600

Giants PPaint 1:00 003.111



▲ Using a smaller, for square, screen mode it's still possible to edit large pictures.

So there you have it, not all pixels are created equal.

If you intend to share your work with other computer users, for example over the Internet or as part of World Wide Web pages, you should keep this fact in mind. Amiga pixels are the best of course! **7**

John Kennedy



# Amiga C Programming

## PART 10

This month it's all about multi-tasking, semaphores and fractals.

**H**old on to your seats, as we dive into some complicated, pretty and very interesting topics for this tutorial.

Not only are we going to look at the one of the Amiga's biggest strengths (multi-tasking), but we're also going to try to appease the eye candy junkies out there with a quick look at the world of fractals. And all this is going to be tied into our on-going "paint" program.

### (Mis-)feature

First up, though, is the answer to a problem that inadvertently crept into last month's code. Yes, a bug! The final version of "main.c" (in "wd3") introduced a "selfPrognosis()" function which was called at the start of the program. It used a couple of DOS

library functions ("MainPrognosis()" and "AddParam()") but was called before that library had been opened! Modern compilers like Symantec and MSC will often silently cope with this kind of error and automatically open (and close) the library for you so it's not always something that will cause problems. But we sought to fix it, anyway.

The first example on the disks ("fract3") has a new version of "selfPrognosis()" (in "main.c"), but the major difference is that we've moved the call to this function into "createWin()", just after the "openLibs()" call. For this reason, both the Workbench message and the program name are passed to "createWin()" (only one will be valid, depending on how the program was started), and the "Look!" on "PROGNOSIS" is now done inside "selfPrognosis()". With these changes, our program is now a bit better behaved.

### Mandelbrot

Fractals were made popular by Benoit Mandelbrot, and his name is remembered in the most common kind of fractal: the Mandelbrot set. Complicated mathematics lie behind the pretty pictures, involving manipulations of 'complex numbers' and iterations of a (surprisingly simple) formula. There are many good sources of information on this beautiful form of mathematics available from your local book shop. In this tutorial we'll look at a straightforward (but inefficient) implementation, which is a good starting point.

The first example ("fract3") adds a new "Fractal" menu item on the "tools" menu to start the drawing of the fractal. The actual code for generating the fractal is in the "fractal.c" file. The top-level part of the algorithm

("drawFractal()") and the core part of the calculation ("calcZ") are shown in Example 1.

### Floating point

The algorithm makes use of C's "float" type, which represents a basic level of floating point numbers (ie. basic in their precision). Fractals can be calculated using integers, but the algorithm is more naturally presented using real numbers (ie. those that have fractional parts, too).

As the comments suggest, you can modify which part of the Mandelbrot set is shown by altering the four key numbers. A more complete program would allow the user to modify these values in an interactive way by clicking on the current image, but that's not the aim of this tutorial. We want the pretty pattern purely as a consumer of the CPU.

If you run the resulting program from the first example you'll notice that the fractal takes a while to draw (assuming you've not got a really fast Amiga!). While it's drawing you can't draw and the menu items and gadgets appear to have broken. Be careful: when the fractal finishes drawing all the menu and gadget selections will suddenly happen...

What's happening is that the DCMP message loop is busy calculating the fractal and so can't respond to your new requests. It's only when the fractal is completed that control returns to message processing.

### Mandelbrot

Benoit B. Mandelbrot is a French mathematician and the father of fractal geometry.

The most common kind of fractal is known as the Mandelbrot set in recognition of his work.

### Multi-tasking

This is a way in which a computer can give the impression that it is working on several things at once. If a computer can multi-task then it may do this in a cooperative or pre-emptive (time-slicing) way.

The former is used by the MacOS, and programmers must explicitly allow the computer to multi-task at key points in their programs. The latter is done, and it's the way the Amiga works, with each task being allocated a particular slice of time in which it can run.

This has the benefit of 'locking a slice of Talisman' into the way programs and tasks run together.

Image processing. The GUI has been 'locked out' while the program was busy.

### Multi-tasking

So, we've at last made it to the real purpose of this tutorial: the Amiga's ability to multi-task in a very helpful way.

The goal is to separate the fractal drawing code into a separate task so that choosing the "Fractal" menu item just has to appear this new task. Our main program will then return to the message processing loop and respond to the user, while the fractal task draws the fractal at the same time!

Normally you can get away with using the normal single task for your program. It's only when you need to do several intensive things at once that you should consider handling multiple tasks. There are many issues involved with multi-tasking your program, so it's not something for the faint hearted. This tutorial can cover

### Semaphore

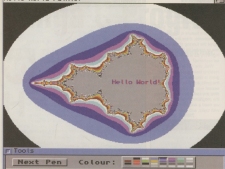
An arbitration method that can be used between tasks to control access to resources or other data. When one task holds a particular semaphore no other task can hold it.

All those that try to get hold of it will be put to sleep until it is available (although there's often a way of just testing whether a semaphore is available without being put to sleep). When the holding task releases the semaphore, possession will pass to one of those tasks waiting and that task is woken up.

Care must be taken to avoid common deadlock problems like 'deadly embrace', where a group of tasks are asleep waiting for semaphores that are currently held by others in the group (or none of them will ever get woken up again).



## Hello World Painter



▲ Here's our main editor

one of the simplest mechanisms.

For our example, we'll require that when our fractal task is running it must hold the "running" semaphore: If it is allowed to draw then it will be able to obtain the "drawing" semaphore, which it must then hold only while it is drawing a small part of the fractal.

To stop this task all we need to do is to hold the "drawing" semaphore (which will eventually cause the task to stop drawing), and then try to hold the "running" semaphore (when we obtain it we then know that the task has successfully terminated).

Our "stopFractal()" function must be called before closing the drawing window, so "closeGUI()" is extended to cope with this. Also, the menu item now acts as a toggle, stopping and re-starting the drawing.

## Tasks

There are a few issues concerning the mechanisms of creating a task. The "CreateTask()" function is supplied with a name for our task, a priority (lower than normal, -1), a pointer to our drawing code (the "fractal()" function) and a stack size (the standard 4096 bytes).

If you're observant you may have noticed the funny

"\_saved()" in the definition of the "fractal()" function.

This is a special compiler option that signals to SASiC and Sasm32 that the function is going to be used from a task other than

that of the "fractal()" function (Consult your compiler manual if this code doesn't work for you).

Another concern when making new tasks is that a simple task cannot access DOS functions

such as the I/O (and this includes things like "printf()"). Only full processes (like our main program task) can use DOS library functionality.

## Accuracy and efficiency

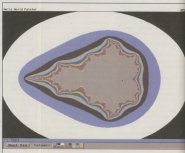
The second example uses "double" in place of "float" in the fractal calculation. This is a floating point type with more precision than "float", enabling deeper views of the fractal to be shown accurately.

Some efficiency is gained in the third example ("fract3") by pre-calculating the arguments to "sqr()", rather than having them recalculated on each loop. Notice the use of an array (managed by the pair of C functions "malloc()" and "free()") and the extra variables to hold the squares of "x1" and "y1". You might also like to fiddle with compiler options, such as getting it to use your FPU.

However, more dramatic improvements in drawing speed can be achieved by using a much better algorithm. Check out books on the subject for more details.

Next month we will start tidying up a few of the rough edges of our program and make it a little more user-friendly. I'll be seeing you then. ■

Jason Hulse



▲ Slightly better resolution







## NetGod speaks

Are you using shareware software? Have you registered it?

Shareware and commercial programmers are leaving, or considering leaving, the Amiga market. Why? Because it's just not worth their while continuing. People say things like "we should support these authors by registering their products", but it's much simpler than that. If you use it you should pay for it - just like any other product.

We have some excellent software on the Amiga. How many other platforms have three independent Web browsers, all of such a high quality, and all started as shareware? There are plenty of reasons given for not registering: "I can't afford it right now!", "It's too much hassle sending money to overcharges overseas"... and many more like it. But if you use these programs after an initial evaluation period, you are obliged to pay for them.

How would you feel on paying if your employer said "I can't afford to pay you this week, maybe next week?" or "It was too much hassle to go to the bank for your wages?" You have a right to be paid for the work you do, and a software author isn't any different.

If you use his work, please pay the going rate, because if you don't, it will be the author, and his software, that are going

# Surf's Up!

Neil Bothwick brings you more web related info, including news of the latest version of the Miami browser amongst other things.

## Miami 3.0

Version 3.0 of Miami is out now. With many enhancements over the previous release version, the upgrade is well worthwhile. Anyone who registered after 15th June 1997 can upgrade for free, and the charge is only \$12 (£7.50) for anyone else. One of the most significant changes for many people is the expansion of the GUI from the main stack.

This means Miami can use different GUI engines without changing the main program. MUI and GLayout/GeeBee interfaces are provided. It also means you can use Miami with no GUI loaded at all, going on and off line by sending



commands to its AFM port from another program, like a Desk layout or even your browser.

There have been many other improvements, including the addition of HTTP support functions, ready for use by any new PowerPC based Internet software. By the time you read this, the new Genesis TCP stack, derived from JemTCP, should have been released. It will be very interesting to see how the two compare.

## NetMind

How often do you visit the same Web site time and time again, just to see if anything has changed,



then the one day you decide not to bother, something major is updated?

NetMind provides a service called URL Minder that will keep track of any pages you specify and notify you by email whenever they change. You can specify how the notification should work, including having the changed page sent as an attachment to the email. Registering <http://www.cmg.com.au/netmind.html> with them means I receive the new index page from the Amiga Web Directory each morning, without needing to manually check the site.

As long as your email program supports AFM, you should be able to view this directly in your browser. You could also use it to monitor the download pages of software support sites, so you know immediately a new version is released.

You can register as many URLs as you wish and the best part about this service is that it's free. Just be

sure to make <http://www.cmg.com.au/amiga.co.uk> the first page you register, so you get to see the latest news from CU Amiga as soon as it is released.

The service is at [http://www.netmind.com/URL\\_minder/](http://www.netmind.com/URL_minder/)

## POP3 mailbox utility

One of the most common support questions I get from users of certain email programs is that their mail download gets so far and stops.

Every time they try to download mail it stops on the same message. Almost invariably this "bad" message is junk mail, with something seriously wrong with its header information. Until now, the only solutions have been to install another email program for a single download, or reindex into the mailbox to delete the mail manually.

Neither of these is a particularly user-friendly option. One thing the Amiga seems to be lacking is a decent mailbox browser. PC users have programs like ScanMail that let them browse their mailbox, viewing the headers of mails and deleting any junk mail.

Now there is a POP3 module for Directory Opus. Once installed, you can access your mailbox in a standard Opus later, each mail being treated as a file. In the early version I received today you can only copy or delete each mail, but the author states he will add an option to view headers in a future release. ■

Neil Bothwick



# Surf of the Month

This month there is more sinking than surfing going on, with a look at the Titanic web site, among others.



Information-starved Amiga enthusiasts are pouring in every sort of news they can get, with the result that the newsgroups and IRC channels are full with speculation and rumour. Life is based on hard facts, not on speculation or rumour. Meanwhile, there are few web sites where some hard information can be found. The first place to look has to be Amiga International's own site. The news page is updated at irregular inter-



everyone with an Amiga web site or story will notify the Amiga Web Directory of anything new. This isn't just a names service though. Amiga Web Directory has in-depth information on hardware, software, FAQs, commercial organisations, user groups and its own search engine. And don't forget to keep an eye on CUI Amiga's own web site for up to date news, as it happens.



## Macilla

Following the recent announcements about the release of source code for the next release of Netscape Communicator, a web site has been set up to provide information for programmers on all platforms. Run by Netscape employees, macilla.org has been set up as a clearing house to coordinate and combine the efforts of independent developers working with the Netscape Communicator source code.

Whether this is a genuine attempt to ridder the development

## URLs

Amiga International	<a href="http://www.amiga.de">http://www.amiga.de</a>
Amiga Web Directory	<a href="http://www.sasag.org/amiga.html">http://www.sasag.org/amiga.html</a>
CUI Amiga	<a href="http://www.cui-amiga.co.uk">http://www.cui-amiga.co.uk</a>
MacMist	<a href="http://www.macmist.co.uk">http://www.macmist.co.uk</a>
URLs_mindon/mactile.org	<a href="http://www.mactile.org/">http://www.mactile.org/</a>
Titanic	<a href="http://www.titanicmovie.com/index.html">http://www.titanicmovie.com/index.html</a>
UCI Cinema	<a href="http://www.uci-cinema.co.uk/">http://www.uci-cinema.co.uk/</a>
Yellow Pages	<a href="http://www.yell.co.uk">http://www.yell.co.uk</a>
Yell	<a href="http://www.yell.com">http://www.yell.com</a>
Star Trek	<a href="http://www.startrek.com">http://www.startrek.com</a>



of their product, or an anti-Microsoft tactic remains to be seen. This is a site only for programmers interested in working with the Netscape source code, it's not a place to post "please port Netscape Communicator to the Amiga" messages.

## UK based information

I want to see Titanic, the other day (and it was excellent, so I decided to check out the Titanic web site when I got home. The site does a good job of capturing the atmosphere of the film, with plenty of background information on the production and cast.

There are stills and movie clips to download, although the resolution of the stills was rather limited. For general cinema information, there are several sources to visit. UCI Cinema has their own web site, with details of films showing in each area. You

can also subscribe to Cinemat, a weekly email bulletin on film releases and where they are showing. The online Yellow Pages also has a film finder section, showing what's on where, film summaries and theatre information. This is the official UK Yellow Pages site, containing all the information you would expect to find in their directories, plus a whole lot more.

There is also an online alternative to directory enquiries: www.192.com. Some of the information is out of date, but it is a lot easier to find details of someone when you don't know their address than normal Directory Enquiries. But don't be tempted by J 3 search with no town name unless you have a fast connection and a lot of time.

Unlike the Yellow Pages site, this one has no connection with BT, despite the name, so don't consider any information you find in here to be official or definitive. However it can be a very useful site.

## Make it so

A very large proportion of Amiga users are Trekkies (probably for too many to be considered healthy), so it was particularly annoying that the official Star Trek web site also hosted on Microsoft's network, making access with other browsers difficult.

Well, now they've got their own domain and Amiga-using Trekkies can visit in all the delights at [www.startrek.com](http://www.startrek.com)

Neil Bathwick



ally, but some of the information is yucky. For example, after the statement about the use of both 68000 and PowerPC as the CPU for future machines was leaked out at the end of January, there was a measuring definition here in a couple of days.

For general news on Amiga developments from all quarters, the Amiga web Directory is still the most comprehensive resource on the Web. With links to almost all the news stories as well as new sites and other updates, just about



Amiga International





# Scala MM300

## PART 3

Take control of your Amiga hardware and even external hardware, by making use of Scala's powerful Affexx port.

Scala can do everything you could possibly want to do on your Amiga. Yes, I know that's quite a bold claim to make, but it's true. The reason is simple: if you can't achieve your goal directly from within Scala, you can make Scala launch another program or utility and therefore get it done that way. Scala supports Affexx, which means any other program with an Affexx port can communicate. Scala can also execute a Shell command, or start a Workbench program and then wait for it to finish, or come on multitasking in the background.

Here's an example: a few months ago we reviewed the extremely popular *Distant Suns*. *Distant Suns* is capable of calculating the position of the Sun, Moon, stars and planets. It also has an Affexx port, and is capable of providing all these features via an Affexx function call.

This means that if *Distant Suns* was running on your computer as well as Scala, Scala could use *Distant Suns* to provide it with data—such as the phase of the Moon. The Scala script could then draw a suitable lunar object, even though Scala knows nothing about astronomy, it knows enough to be able to ask another program which can tell it the answer.

That might seem quite an intricate example, but it simply demonstrates that Scala can talk with almost any other programs. A mod-draw-to-south requirement might be to make Scala control a CD-ROM player connected to your Amiga in order to playback music as a backing track of calculation. As long as you have an Affexx controllable CD utility, you can control it from within Scala.

### Ready, aim, execute!

Scala communicates with the outside world in this way via *Execute* events. These are events which are created and used in a similar way to wipes or sound effects, and they are

listed in the Main Menu alongside all them.

Well almost, by default the *Execute* events won't be listed, and so you need to adjust a few settings in order to make them appear. Here's how:



1. Use the Main Menu window, click on the System button.



2. Click on the Show button, and the Event list appears.



3. Drag on the Event list to move it to the left.



4. Now position the Event list so that the Event list appears.

Adding *Execute* events is easy: all you have to do is click on the *Execute* event in the list, and it appears in the window. Here you have several choices: the most important is the coding gadget which switches from Workbench to GUI to Affexx and back again. This is the type of event which you require. The name of the program or script is entered in the bar beside it: click with the mouse to bring up a file requester.

Before we create an example, a word of warning: launching a program from within Scala is a good idea to backup your system, so save everything before starting your experiments. Here's the example:

First click on the Show button, as this launches the event as a text to see if you get it right. All being well, after Scala has called the DPM command, you should find a text file in your ROM disk containing the list of all the files that are in the current directory. As the Amiga is a multi-tasking computer, it can perform several operations at once. This gets confusing if you are trying to create a one-step-at-a-time presentation.

Scala provides the *Wait* and *Interactive* commands for you to try and keep control over the system.

### Wait

When turned on, this forces Scala to wait until the command is executed before proceeding.

### Interactive

When turned off, Scala will continue running its script after the program has been launched.

It won't wait for the program to finish before moving on to the next element in the script.

John Kennedy

### Font foibles

If you are experiencing problems associated with a missing font after trying to run Scala, then try running the *Fontcons* utility.

This will patch up the internal font structure to make sure the Amiga knows that the fonts required by Scala are present.

### Top Tips on Scala and Airlink

■ Build yourself the Airlink interface controller.

This comes with Affexx utilities which can transmit and receive IR commands: for example, Scala can use Airlink to start and stop any IR remote control audio CD player. An example script is provided with the Airlink software: now Scala can control an external hi-fi for its backing track.

■ Remember IR control isn't limited to CD players. Using exactly the same hardware, Scala can even control your video recorder. This means you can incorporate real video in your projects. Pass the video into the Amiga via a Genlock, and you can create a very professional show.

■ Use Airlink with a spare IR remote control handset to provide a way of controlling your presentations. Throw away the mouse, and use a wireless handset to flip from page to page.

■ Tail with Airlink, combine it with the Scala CD-Player example project above, and build your own remote control CD player. Signals from your IR handset are received by the interface software and passed to Scala. Scala then triggers the Affexx scripts controlling the CD-ROM drive.

■ The most ambitious project is to use Airlink to control a video recorder whilst it is in record mode. This means you can use Scala to load up sections of a large animation, and record them to videotape automatically. You'll need to take into account how long your VCR takes before recording begins, and delay the playback of the animation accordingly.

## Example: controlling a CD player

In this example, we're going to use Scale to control an internal CD-ROM drive. This is of most use when an audio CD is in the drive of course, in which case Scale can turn it on and off and therefore give itself a professional soundtrack with the album of your choice.

The biggest problem is a situation like this is finding the utility which sits in the middle of Scale and the hardware you want to control. In this case, I'm using the utility *OpdyCDPlayer*, which is available from the CU Amiga CD-ROM number CUC017. As you would expect, *OpdyCDPlayer* has an Amiga port, and also comes complete with example Amiga scripts. All we have to do is trigger these scripts from Scale and we have instant control over the CD-ROM drive.



### Step 1

The first page in the script is the only page which will actually display anything on-screen. It has a background, a title and two places of text which will become buttons.

For the moment simply place them in the middle of the screen. In this example, only two actions are dealt with: *Quit*, and *Play/Pause*. After the *Pause* writing to make sure the opening screen always leads right back to the opening screen.

You can break out of the program with the ESC key.



### Step 2

Create another page in the script. This page won't actually display anything, it simply contains the *Execute* event which drives the CD player.

To create an empty page like this, click on the next empty slot in the number column. You can then rename the page to something more useful than *Untitled* and click on *OK*.



### Step 3

Now edit the *Execute* event. We want it to consist of an Amiga script, and the script itself is provided with the *OpdyCDPlayer* program.

We only need to find it in the *Filemanager*, and that's all the hard work done. Make sure *Wait* is turned off. Make sure this *Execute* event page also returns back to the opening page.



### Step 4

Create a third page. Again, this one should be empty apart from an Amiga command. This time the command is the *Play/Pause* action.

Once again, when this page finishes it should return control to the start of the script. When you want to create your own Amiga scripts, simply enter them into a text editor and save them to disk.



### Step 5

Return to the first page. Click on the "Buttons" button, and create two buttons by selecting the area around the relevant text.

The actions for each button should be obvious. They cause the flow of control to jump to the relevant page which triggers the necessary Amiga script. The result is that when the user clicks on the buttons, the CD player either quits, or goes to play or pause mode.



### Step 6

That's it! All you have to do now is make sure the *OpdyCDPlayer* is installed and running in the background. Try adding another Scale page to start it working. If you want to make the process entirely automatic.

Once the Scale script is running, click on the buttons and you should have control over the CD-ROM drive.

# Reviews Index

**N**ow there's no need to go searching through countless magazines trying to locate a specific product review. We've compiled all of the "technical" hardware and software reviews from the last two and a bit years up to the March '98 issue of CU Amiga.

This month we've got productivity software and hardware. Next month we'll switch the index to cover games and CD-ROMs. We'll then alternate between the two in subsequent issues with updates from each month as they happen.

Bear in mind that for now, the scores listed are the original scores awarded to the products at the time of their reviews. These should be taken as a rough guide only, as they are all relative to the rival products and prices that were available at those times, which may have changed since then.

If you would rather see us create the products with hindsight and in context with newer rival products, let us know. Likewise, if you would like any other specific info or service from this index then please feel free to give us your opinions on

the back of a postcard or sealed envelope.

The first test to put their thoughts into words will get a Wizard Mouse free of charge. This 3-button mouse was mistakenly left out of our recent Input Device round-up, which was ironic, as it would have been the highest scoring product of them all! Anyway, write to: Wizard Mouse Compo.

CU Amiga,  
27-28 Millharbour  
Isle of Dogs,  
London  
E14 9TE

Title	Type	Comment	Review Date	Score
<b>Productivity</b>				
Amiga 1 PPC	Automation tool	A great tool for processing situations that needs flying up	Jan '98	95%
Amiga Base 1.01 CD	Accounting program	Good to see this wonderful program as release again	Feb '98	92%
Base II	CD-R package	Excellent CD-writing package	Jul '97	88%
Base/CD 1.1	CD-R package	A very professional package with a sensible price	Jan '97	91%
As Mail 1.10	Comms (Email)	Much better packages can be found on Amiga	Jul '97	88%
Base/CD 1.1	Comms (Internet)	Good but flawed browser	Aug '97	84%
PPower 2.0	Comms (Internet reader)	The Amiga's best newsreader to date	Oct '97	96%
Amiga 1.1	Comms (Internet)	An excellent web browser	Aug '97	92%
NetAccess	Comms (Internet)	A high performance web browser for Internet access	Jan '97	89%
Base/CD 1.2	Comms (Internet reader)	A good quality though basic newsreader	Oct '97	79%
CPW 1.30	Comms (Net)	A few features and work for the package is being updated constantly	Jan '97	91%
Amiga 96 C.10	Comms (Internet)	The essential Amiga web browser	Aug '97	91%
Base/CD	Comms (Internet)	A fine cover for web browsers	Mar '98	83%
PageStream 1.3	FTP package	By far the best FTP package available for the Amiga	Mar '98	91%
Amiga 1.1 Emulator	Emulator (Amiga II)	It should have packed the envelope a bit more	Feb '98	88%
Base 96 Emulator	Emulator (Amiga 960)	Surprisingly better than we have had to date	Feb '98	88%
Emul	Emulator (Mac)	Fast and powerful Mac emulator for Amiga	Oct '97	78%
PC Link 1.1	Emulator (PC)	Slightly better than PCs	Jan '97	89%
PCs 1.1	Emulator (PC)	It's not quite there yet but PCs could be the way to go	Jan '97	86%
Amiga 486	Emulation (286)	Considering the long wait this upgrade should have been better	Oct '97	76%
Amiga 2	Emulation (pent/processor)	A specific performance made excellent by its own features	Oct '97	91%
Amiga 2.0	Emulation (pent/processor)	Good on a computer but poor as a processor	Jan '97	81%
Personal Print 1.0	Emulation (pent)	Excellent "emulate kernel" graphics package	Jan '97	89%
Amiga 40 1.0	Emulation (286)	Easy enough for beginners and powerful enough for experts	Apr '97	91%
Amiga 40 42 68	Emulation (286)	A great product that keeps getting better	Aug '97	93%
AmigaLink 1.1.10	Emulation (RTS)	If you are into RTS this is a must have	Apr '97	80%
Image 10 1.1	Emulation (pent/processor)	Excellent image processing software	Dec '97	93%
AmigaLink	Emulation (AmigaLink plug)	A worthy addition to AmigaLink that makes it easier to use	Dec '97	85%
AmigaLink 1	Emulation (286)	If you are serious about 286 try this	May '97	98%
Picture Manager Pro	Emulation (AmigaLink)	Good image management but needing some polish	Jan '98	82%
Visual 10	Emulation (AmigaLink plug)	The ultimate plug-in for ImagePro	Oct '97	96%
Every 1.0	Network package	The Amiga's definitive networking software	Oct '97	92%
Amiga Print 1	Printer drivers	A superb way to produce stunning output	Jan '97	92%
Base/Support Base CD	Programming (Amiga tools)	So this, users should be without this	Feb '97	88%
Base/Support 1.1 CD	Programming (Amiga tools)	Excellent support of the Amiga but not suitable for all	Mar '97	74%
Base/CD 1.1	Programming (AmigaLink)	In some ways it's better than Base/CD, but to others it's not	Mar '98	89%
Base 1.0	Programming (AmigaLink)	Only very advanced users should apply	Apr '97	71%
Base 2.0	Programming (AmigaLink)	By anyone other than those used to Base/CD it's the best	Oct '97	81%
AmigaLink 1.0	Programming (AmigaLink)	An excellent language and a good compilation of extras	Feb '98	85%
AmigaLink 1.0	RTS Network package	If you have a PC and Amiga then you need this	Jul '97	95%
AmigaLink Professional	Business software	Setting a bit old but still competent	Dec '97	81%
AmigaLink 1	Business software	An essential purchase for all business owners	Dec '97	88%
Amiga Print	Business software	The best compiling and adding software by a mile	Jan '98	96%













# Q&A

Don't worry how complicated your technical problem is, challenge our panel of experts and they'll try to fathom it out. Please don't forget to provide us with as much detail on your systems and problems as possible, to help us solve things for you.

## Logos

### Myseries and meanings ...



**Solutions to those everyday troubles with your Workbench.**



**If you need help getting more from your Amiga, just ask!**



**All your Internet and general camera problems swiftly solved.**



**Trouble making your Amiga sing? We've got the answers here.**



**Technical matters beyond the scope of plug-ins and plug-ins.**



**Answers to queries on particular pieces of software.**



**General queries which just don't seem to fit in anywhere else.**



**Specifically help with CD-ROM solutions and driver problems.**



**Problems with art and design? Help and advice is at hand.**



**Printers, monitors, we'll solve your peripheral blues for you.**

## Wrong magazine!



Dear Sir,  
(Hi, sorry, you're lost us here. ...)

At the moment I have A1200, 128MB HD, Blizzard 128050, 8MB RAM and an 8000 monitor and waiting for Microsoft to deliver.

Scandaleaders in Microsoft One-one seems to have any in stock.

1. If I wished to further upgrade to say one of the PowerUP 8MB cards from phase 5, would I have to ditch my existing card? If I have to ditch the Blizzard board would I be able to buy a 8MB card without the 80000 CPU and use the one out of the 128050 board.

2. When using the 8MB cards, would existing software coded for PPC Power Workbench and other non PPC applications.

3. I am seriously thinking of putting my A1200 into a lower class. I understand that 386 expansion slots can be used, would this then enable me to use graphics cards etc.

4. What can the fast SCSI controller for the 128050 board actually be used for (apart from adding more memory), and what's its advantage? All info is much appreciated.

Darren Gibson, Doncaster.

1. No. The PowerUP cards are no longer going to be produced in the 8000 version. The fall in price of 8000 chips meant the 80000 version was going to cost about a few less, which made it a financial nonsense.

However as the second hand value of your card is greater than the value of the CPU, this is no loss to you - you would have been better off buying the card with both CPUs and flapping your card one and hand. It is worth calling your phase 5 dealer of choice and asking about upgrade deals though.

Details are online at the moment but you may be able to

claim a discount or trade in.

2. No. PowerUP software will happily run alongside Workbench/800 apps, although there are some complex issues about how it switches between them, phase 5 and Range 5 Partner offer developers alternative programs 'kernels' which provide a core program for communications between the two, they work in fundamentally different ways, but this is largely academic to the end user.

3. Some boards for the A1200 give full 386 functionality. This means graphics cards and anything else. However be warned that you can only use Easystudio with A1200s unless you are using the Microsoft kit board and an A1000 style accelerator card. With Zone 2 you won't get the full performance benefits of graphics cards, and until we have been sent one to test, we can't recommend the 800 boards.

If it is only a graphics card you are after, consider the Blizzard/ValuePPC card designed to fit on that BlizzardPPC card you

are interested in. It has the rather major disadvantage of not yet existing, but the chipset it is being designed around is far superior to that in any current graphics card.

4. It is a high quality implementation of a SCSI interface. This allows up to seven devices to be connected to it and communicate with your computer at high speed. SCSI devices available include CD-ROMs and CD-Writers, hard drives, scanners, tape drives, Zip and Jaz drives, and so on.

## Chips aren't fast



I have recently acquired an A600 fitted with a 512K upgrade. I decided to further upgrade with a 52000 board and a hard drive. From Workbench I am given 8129K Chip Memory and 8 Mb of fast memory.

This I am finding rather confusing, and it seems to be a bit of a problem, as some packages seem to require more chip RAM. Can you give me some help?

D.R. Mudgeley, N. Yorks.



▲ SCSI-II based Studio offers you to play samples from fast 5MB/s and on Chip RAM.

Most software written in the past few years assumes you have an A1000. It requires AGA then there is no way it will ever work on your A500, but thankfully for owners of older machines, many pieces of software will run on the more primitive graphics hardware in this.

However, there is no way around the problem that many programs require sizeable chunks of chip RAM without actually giving them the RAM they need. When a program opens a screen, amongst other things, it asks you chip RAM.

You may in some cases be able to force it to open a smaller screen, but to get anywhere much you will need more chip RAM, and this means getting back on the slower to Power and adding for a possibly chip RAM upgrade, another hundred quid.

On the whole it is not worth upgrading an A500, it tends to cost as much as buying a comparable A1000 system would, if not more.

## 800 printers.

I have recently purchased a second-hand Amiga-500 with Wordbench 3.1 (also have a stock and video bar LC-15 colour). I would like to get a colour inkjet/usbjet printer (not too expensive) and would like to know if such a printer would be compatible with the A500 and also if the A500 is powerful enough to operate such a printer.

Would we be restricted to a certain make of printer? Do you have any recommendations as to which one would be the best to buy? Our main use would be printing from desktop software and a map program that we have, plus the odd use of colour topologies.

Please don't be too technical, we are only computer beginners!

See Danilo, Stourport on Severn

Your A500 will work with pretty much any inkjet/design printer. It is entirely up to the task, with two provisos - first is that you may find larger or more colourful images require more memory to print than you have, and second that if you print pretty slowly - no problem; if you are reasonable patient.

You will need a piece of software called a printer driver to tell the computer how to talk to your printer. Unfortunately no printer manufacturers ship Amiga software in the box, although Canon

## Tech Tip: It's good to talk



Every now and then you need to make an Amiga talk to other computers. You may have a bunch of pictures on a PC or a Mac which you want to import to your Amiga to process in ImageFX, you might have a Lightwave model you want to take over from your Amiga to render on an Alpha NT station. You might be reading our cover CDs on a PC until you get yourself a CD-ROM drive for your Amiga. How do you do it?

The most direct route is to link the two computers together. This means networking, and networking software. For the serious user, the Windows system allows an Amiga and a PC to connect to each other via a TCP/IP stack, which means that they can communicate over a LAN (local area network) via ethernet cards or eventually over the Internet.

This is the most advanced way of doing this sort of thing and allows a windows screen and a Macintosh screen to appear next to each other on your monitor and allows the Amiga to access your PC drives or vice versa. For those with slightly less rigorous designs, a parallel cable linking the two together allows reasonably fast downloads, certainly in comparison to Internet usage if not quite up to the speed of ethernet. Software to facilitate this kind of link up between an Amiga and a Windows PC is fairly common - third Science produce the excellent Network PC to do the job, making file transfers a



real doddle. Call them on +44 2074 344 3800.

A rather more elegant solution is available through storage devices. An obvious route is through floppy disks and the wonders of CrossDOS. Standard with Wordbench 3.0, this allows you to read and write to PC formatted disks. Make sure the poll file is in your drive's bootstraps directory (if it isn't you'll probably find it in storage/Drivers) and PC disks can be addressed by calling poll instead of d0: in all the usual manner.

Of course there is an obvious problem with this, the ZIP format of a 23-CD floppy disk in PC format is too small for many purposes. PCs as standard use DS/DD floppy disks which store 1.44MB, you'll find that having one in your Amiga will make life a lot easier. Microsoft will sell you one, ring them on +44 207094

287466. For larger files, a ZIP drive can be persuaded to use CrossDOS as well - find a suitable monthfile in the magazine drawer of this month's CD. Remember to change the device field to match the driver you use. A final problem exists. CrossDOS only supports 3.2 format. This is the old pre Windows95 PC file format which allowed files to be no longer than 8 characters long followed by a suffix of 3 characters, for example maximising. or file.txt. If the file you want to copy is longer than this, it will be appended, and for programmers this can cause major problems.

A simple solution is to zip all the programmes under windows using WinZIP and then unzip them using one of the Amiga zip programs once you have the archive at the other end. All the long file names are preserved within the archive.

## Amiga MIDI master



I want to use the Amiga as the master controller for other MIDI devices (using Octamedia 4 live plug). I own a big standard A1200 and expand it to a point where it has 8 Megas of modules can be stored and quickly accessed on stage.

I know I need more memory and a hard drive, but that's as far as I go, so can you help me out with the following questions?

1. What kind of memory do I require for playing back samples in Octamedia 4 - Chip or Fast?
2. Do I need the memory to be fitted into an accelerator card to fit in the rackslot? Would this conflict with the hard drive and any other

any other options?

3. How would the Amiga be fitted with more memory than the rackslot allows, without looting the masterboard (is it better? I was thinking of 32MB Shiflys).

4. Are there any programs or devices available to convert Octamedia modules into PC32 or fractional datastreams (Cubase)?

5. What is the best 16 bit sampler available for the A1200 and can an A1200 be fitted with sample cards like high-end Amiges?

Craig Oliverwood, Liverpool.

1. Normally Chip, but Octamedia Sound Studio allows you to play samples from Fast.

2. You can buy memory only



▲ Font problems with Scala? See Missing Fonts below.

cents, but the cost of cheap second-hand is now low enough to make memory only cents a false economy. There is no clash with hard drives.

3. I think you have heard that the trapdoor allows only 8 Mb, right? Wrong. This limit only applies to those memory only cards, if you get an accelerator in the trapdoor, 32 Mb is no problem.

4. You can save Sound Studio projects as Standard MIDI files which will load into Cubase or any MIDI file player. Select SMP Type 6 from the Save options.

5. Basically you're onto a laser for 16 bit audio with a straight A1200. There is only 12 bit and has patchy software support. Clarity is ever less attractive. The main problem is insufficient bandwidth on the A1200 expansion slots (although the trapdoor could easily handle it but there are no trapdoor samples).

If you want good, practical, reasonable 16 bit output you should get a Zoom breakout board for your A1200 (just fit it in a tower).

## Short but sweet



I have some questions:  
1. Is there a problem with AmigaDOS 3.1 and IDE CD drive and IDEs of RAM - and if so, is there a fix?

2. Is there a problem with either TTMMs drives or IBM hard drives? I've had three from two suppliers, none of which would run longer than an hour before crashing and needing reformatting.

3. Is the new Amiga going to have a 6800 and a RISC chip and if

so, which will it be?

English signature from someone in Dorchester

1. No. There is a problem with more than 4 Mb on a memory card with an unaccelerated 68020 system which applies to the FOMEGA 'card' slot, which would apply to some CD-ROM drives which use a FOMEGA interface.

2. This sounds to me like a problem of power. The power supply blocks which ship with A1200s are not very powerful and demanding hard drives can cause problems.

3. Given this letter arrived a couple of months before the big decision was made, you leave the wondering if you are in fact Myths Ming in disguise. Yes, next generation Kuppits will be based on a 68K and a RISC processor, the RISC chip in question being PowerPC.

## Power from towers.



I've got an A1200 with a mini tower containing my hard drive and CD-ROM drive. My problem is that I want to power the whole system, including the A1200 from the mini tower. A friend on mine has a PC in a mini tower similar to mine.

I noticed that he has a lead connecting his tower and monitor, providing power to the monitor. I looked at my own tower and found a matching socket. Would it be possible to get a lead that would go from this socket to my A1200, providing power to the Amiga? If not, is

there any other way of powering my Amiga from the tower?

Another Problem I have is that the little light on my Amiga indicating hard disk status turns off if I switch on the mini tower. Everything seems to be working fine, so will it be alright?

Name & address not supplied

The through power connector on the back of your tower is disabled on this side of the power supply - in other words you get 240 volts through it. The simplest solution would be to buy a socket extender - IC5 (1-44 (01434 35504) will them. This plugs into the IEC (anti-fuse Euro socket) and gives you a couple of standard UK style 3 pin sockets. Plug in your Amiga PSU and monitor into this and hey presto, everything is powered by the mini tower (see, I'm right), but it works.

If you want to bypass the A1200 PSU (very sensible) then it is a little more complex. The IEC socket on the back supplies 240v, so you can't use that. Instead you will have to connect up via the internal power connectors. IC5 can also tell you a cable which connects to the 10 way motherboard power headers and plugs into the back of an Amiga.

## My head hurts!



I am having problems with my Amiga, perhaps you can help me with it.

I have been using the software from your Commodore number 88, but it keeps coming up with errors. Is this a fault with the software? It is beginning to get annoying. It'd like an answer quick, so could you please write back straight off? If you think my disk is damaged then please send another disk. I enclose a stamped, self-addressed envelope.

Also, I have recently got a CD drive and have bought a few issues of your CD edition. Although it is very good, it is too hard to find things on the disk. You ought to have some kind of index, preferably with indexes of old CDs too.

I do have a complaint about CL. You seem to miss out reviewing some of the most important products! Why haven't you reviewed the PowerPC card for the A1200 yet? I think you must be getting lazy! Also the new computers from Marsland and the Risc graphic card for the A1200. These are important prod-

ucts, so get reviewing CL Amiga!

M. Chase, Haverfield

Well done, normally letters like this land up in the bin, but yours was so spectacularly wrong we just had to print it as a guide to others for how not to write a letter to CLG. So, in order:

1. Commodore 44, huh? Why don't you try telling us what it is? It also might have helped if you had asked about 5 years ago when someone here might even have remembered what the program was and how to use it.

2. No, we don't replace disks. If your disk is faulty you can get it replaced by DiskGress, check the blue panel on the contents page for details. Older disks might be replaceable through back issues, but we can't do it.

3. We have said no G4Es time and time again. We don't answer queries personally because if we did the mag would not get written.

4. We do have indexes as you describe. Try reading the instructions before complaining.

5. Do you think we had a choice and decided not to review the good stuff, huh? If we haven't reviewed something, maybe it is because we haven't been sent it?

There are basically four reasons why something hasn't been

reviewed in CLG. It's either not finished despite the efforts, it is linked to the UK distributors don't have any, it is finished and we received it but it isn't exciting enough to force it's way into the mag yet, or it's on sale but so bad or so long that no one wants us to review it and give it a passing. If there is something you want reviewed and we haven't reviewed it, ring up the supplier and have a go at them about it.

## Missing fonts



I am having some problems with your Scala Commodore. I installed all that was on Commodore 138 onto my hard disk using the installer, and then I copied all the contents of the "SCALA\FONTS" drawer on Commodore 138 to my IYS FONTS drawer.

After copying the backgrounds to the "Typesetting" drawer I attempted to run the program and got the message "Cannot find font Scala font 17". I double-checked that I had copied the fonts correctly and I had. Please help as I am about to quit it.



## How to write to Q&A

You can send your queries (or a good tech tip if you have one) to Q&A, CU Amiga Magazine, 27-28 Millbank, Isle of Dogs, London E14 8TE or preferably e-mail: [q-a@cu-amiga.co.uk](mailto:q-a@cu-amiga.co.uk). We can answer letters or text files on floppy disk. Please do not send an SAE.

**WE CANNOT RESPOND DIRECTLY TO QUERIES BY POST OR OVER THE PHONE OR E-MAIL, and cannot answer every Q&A we are sent. Sorry. We do appreciate that you may have a serious problem and want Amiga International to open a UK office you may have somewhere else to turn, but we get so many questions we simply don't have the time or resources to answer them all.** We do our best to use letters in Q&A that answer most common problems, or even if your own question is not answered you may find an appropriate reader has.

## A to Z



**Holy Ham mode, it's time for H - a letter typically dropped by our illustrious editor.**

### H is for...

#### Hackers

When someone was described as a hacker, it used to mean they were serious, nerdy programmer types. Then it meant people who "hacked" games to remove copy protection, spread illegal software (often with free viruses) and generally destroyed the Amiga software market. Now it seems to mean serious, nerdy programmer types again, especially UNIX fans.

#### HMM

A special graphics mode, unique to the Amiga, called Hold And Modify. Instead of using memory bits to store pixel colours, the bits are used to stored the difference between successive pixels - this means that although there is a little stepping between regions of different colour, images with up to 4096 colours are possible. AmigaVision has it and HMM was put into the Amiga's chipset only as an afterthought by the designers. No-one quite realised the effect it would have: the Amiga was one of the first computers, and definitely the first home computer, which could display graphics with such detail. Digitised pictures looked amazing.

#### HMMB

An upgraded version of HMM introduced with the AGA chipset HMMB can display graphics with so many colours that it looks almost indistinguishable from 24 bit images from graphics cards: just a bit slower, that's it.

#### Handshaking

The way in which two devices communicate. The handshaking protocol decides who is sending information and when, using some control lines (as with RS232C) system or special characters (as with

#### CONRADFF systems).

#### Hard drive

The most essential peripheral for an Amiga. A hard drive is like a floppy disk, but stores more and accesses it more quickly. Keeping the Amiga's spinning system on hard drive instead of floppy speeds up the Amiga and makes so much more possible. We used to think 20MB hard drives were cool, now 2GB drives cost the same or less.

#### Help button

A almost totally unused button on the Amiga's keyboard. No doubt there were grand plans for it, but it still doesn't do a single thing unless you program it yourself. OK, so some software may use it to start AmigaGuide help files, but not enough to make it a standard action. Bit of a waste really.

#### Hex

Short for hexadecimal, or "Base 16". Humans are used to counting using Base 10, so after nine we go directly to ten. However, if we use Base 16 instead it often makes dealing with the kind of numbers which crop up in computing a lot simpler. The numbers are exactly the same, but patterns emerge which make some names simple. Base 16 numbers don't count from 9 to 10: they go from 9 to A, then B and so on up to F. So after 9F comes 20.

#### Hidden flag

Amiga files all have special status bits called flags associated with them, and for example these allow them to be protected from deletion.

One of these flags is the hidden flag, and when this flag is set, the file won't appear in a directory listing. Obviously it was one of those things which seemed like it was a good idea at the time.

#### High resolution

An Amiga graphics mode. The default Amiga Workbench makes use of high resolution mode. This mode has 640 pixels across the screen. It's perfect for reading text and dealing with icons. The first Amigas could only use high resolution mode with a very limited number of colours (16) which kept it for special occasions.

#### HQSoft

A major Amiga player. HQSoft have done it all: Basic compilers, sound samplers, CD-R drives. They invented the Squirrel SCSI device which made the Amiga 4120's ROM/CA port into something useful.

They created Deepsee, which made a lot of games possible. The host hereby is a nice man called David, and I hope he forgives the split beer incident at the Vipers press launch in London a few years ago.

#### Host

An Affix script needs to know which program or programs it can talk to in order to execute a particular function. For example, if you want to use Personal Paint's filters from your Affix script, you must set Personal Paint up as the host from within the Affix script.

#### Hot spot

One pixel in the Amiga's on-screen mouse pointer is the "hot spot". It's this part of the pointer which is considered to be the exact area where the pointer is sitting.

#### Hyperbush

One of the easiest to use and yet most powerful pieces of multimedia authoring software. Why, oh why didn't we see the world ahead? There was nothing like it on any other platform for years. It was ahead of it's time.

Q:Qgi will not configure the PPP or other connection properly. It claims either the line is faulty or the PPP / strip at the ISP is incorrectly configured.

I have checked all of the settings in Miami, including DNS servers, protocols, MTU size.

Y:Kortof/finCis, etc. so I don't see the problem. This is seriously bugging me, because I'd like to use the SSL support with my copy of Groove'n 20 to make money, not credit card purchases.

Adrian Cope e-mail

All your problems stem from the fact you are using old and demonstration versions of software. You can't expect these to be as functional as the full versions. Buy a copy of Miami 2.0 - which is the only Amiga-compatible TCP stack at the moment with SSL support.

Andrew Guden, Manchester

We have had innumerable letters and phone calls concerning this problem with the Beale newsletter. The solution is simple: after installing Beale's fonts to your FONTS directory, run the BeFonts program (it can be found in your Workbench/Utilities drawer).

## No substitute



Could it help me please! I'm having trouble with my Internet connection. I am using tel-each with a 56k modem. The problem is that the tel-each software does not dial up unless some other application has used the modem first.

This means that I have to run the supplied TerminateTCP demo, connect, disconnect, and then use tel-each! I don't want to ramp up on this, because there comes a time when the Terminate demo can no longer be run, and has to be de-installed.

Also, the demo version of Miami



# Backchat

What's the use of an opinion if it's not aired? None at all, that's what! Get yours in print via the address below, or email them to [backchat@cu-amiga.co.uk](mailto:backchat@cu-amiga.co.uk)

Backchat  
CU Amiga  
37-39 Millharbour  
Isle of Dogs  
London E14 9TZ

## Mad Macs II

Thanks for the ShapeShiftMac emulation theme of your April issue. I like the idea of getting what is almost a free computer with the mag. So far I haven't got around to transferring my Amiga into Mac though - I don't yet have a Mac to guest the ROM image from - but reading further into your main features I'm not sure I really want to now!

I'm not experienced with Macs, but surely you're putting your legs with your tale of 'Mad Macs'! How can a modern computer expect to be taken seriously with such insane error reports (I'm unexpected error occurred, because an error occurred). That makes Windows sound half usable.

Dean Gurney, via email

## CU's lame excuses

After reading Tony Hargrett's 'Points of View' in the April 1998 issue of CU Amiga I find the need to write in and clear some points up. He says that the amount of people leaving CU Amiga has dropped, showing that

the Amiga market has shrunk. This is totally untrue, there are thousands if not millions of Amiga users all over the world and only a small percentage of these actually buy an Amiga magazine.

Why would someone buy a magazine if they had the Internet and could find the news out much quicker by going to a web site or chatting to the author of something on IRC? Let's face it, by the time the magazines hit the shops, the news is nearly 3-5 weeks old and many Amiga users already know about it.

There is also the fact that Swap have the cheek to charge £6 for the CD edition. This is far too expensive for a magazine that comprises 107 pages. I counted that around 27 miles of your magazine were taken up by adverts, which leaves 80 pages actually written text by you. This also includes many half page and smaller adverts, countless numbers of indexes and CDExtras indexes, and two Art Gallery pages with around 100 words if that on the pages.

Then we get the Doom level round up pages. You have the chess

to waste two pages on this?! Was there any point in that article? If I wanted to see what the levels were like I'd check them out for myself, after all that's what the levels were made for... to play... not for a magazine to tell me what they're like.

Overall a month's work for the CU editors must only come to about 20 pages with the other pages filled up with contributions from various people. I do not think the asking price each month is worth what we actually get and unless the amount of pages increases, quality of work improves or price drops, I'm afraid to say your figures next time will be minus my coin. You may print this letter, you probably will not, but whatever you do please take note of it.

Alan, via Digital Candy 585 email

Well Mr Anonymous, you didn't like that issue much did you? We would never be so foolish as to assume every Amiga user buys an Amiga mag each month. If you

**"Why would anyone buy a magazine if they had the Internet and could find the news out much quicker by going to a web site or chatting on IRC?"**

strategies were rooted in that kind of fantasy we simply wouldn't be around today.

The Internet is nearly always going to break news before a monthly printed magazine, although you'll notice our Profiles story in the April issue News section reached our subscribers before it was known about on the Net.

So if the Internet is a faster,

superior, better value replacement for printed magazines, think on this. How long would it take you to download the contents of our cover CDs, and when was the last time you saw something like Scale 10000 freely available on the Net?

Then there's quality journalism: informed features, in-depth reviews, creative tutorials... You want more words on the Art Gallery pages? It wouldn't be much of a gallery if the pages were covered in text would it? And as for adverts, please. Ask someone to explain to you the basics of business.

Oh, and when was the last time you accessed the Net on a train journey? <Steps down from delivery high horse>

Finally, and more to the point, if you want to pretend the Amiga scene is not shrinking, go ahead and fool yourself all you like. Us? We'd rather face the truth. That way we can do something about it. But then there are all wanted words aren't they, as you're not reading CU Amiga anymore.

## COBOL Ruler!

Firstly, well done for the best Amiga magazine, but as usual there are some points that really should be brought straight. In your 'Millennium Bug' article from July/Aug 1998 you refer to COBOL, based programs on main-

frame computers. However, this entire part of the article was in the past tense.

Quote: 'The applications written on these computers were often written in a language called COBOL'.

Quote: 'COBOL is quite a dinosaur now, but was considered very capable for developing applications until very recently'. And there were more.



long time into the future. It is also harder to upgrade a mainframe system, it's not just a matter of upgrading a new library!

Secondly is your take it to the Mac! While you say a reason for running a Mac is for other emulators, I can agree with this but your statement "the Mac has better Sega Game Gear emulators" is hardly true. AmiMasterGear is as near to 100% fully Sega Game Gear Master Systems compatible as an emulator can be and it is still under development. As long as you are willing to pay the register fee.

Mac emulation is good, but surely supporting Amiga software should come first, and if an equivalent Amiga program exists that is as good as on any other system you should be encouraging people to use that. For example, MMU2 is by far the best email program in existence, though I don't see you saying that we should install PC Task and WinBBS just to run Outlook 95.

Max, via email

### Ask yourself this...

A question to put at you so called true Amigans:  
If you win the Lottery, would you

**"I don't believe that any games being written now for the Amiga are in the same league as games such as Worms, Theme Park, SNES or Lemmings"**

buy a PC? Think hard about it! If your answer is yes, then:

1. You would be siding the PC market.
  2. Deep down you want a PC. I know CU Amiga isn't biased against the PC, but there are many users out there who totally are.
- And it's great to have some people biased towards the Amiga for a change.

all did on the PC!

You may think that because I am only 14 I don't know what I am talking about but I have asked many dedicated PC users and even compared whether they'd go back to the Amiga if things like Ultima Online were on it. Please do something! Could you please print this letter 'cause I am from Australia and it would be really nice for you to

Can I point out here and now, that working for a major company that still uses mainframe computing power for its work, that COROL, is still in use and new programs are being developed with COROL by our in house programming team as we speak! This is the same for all MVS based mainframe systems, and it will apply to places like Midland Bank, National Bank, Dunlop Tyres Ltd, Motorway Lynx etc. Okay so ObjectOriented 3.17 has now been released, but COROL is still the main programming language used on these systems.

So could you please make sure next time that in articles you use the correct tense in future. As COROL, is alive and kicking and will be for a



I have noticed that things are really looking up for the Amiga now! Good Luck to you still in with you 100% of the way

acknowledge our efforts Down Under!

Andrew Wierzbowski, via email

Andrew Fitzgerald, Perthman

**My what a running text of Amiga loyalty you've devised Mr Fitzgerald! You should be an TV with talent like that.**

### Just do it!

I have got to say you are an excellent magazine, and you're printing me with the Amiga info that I would otherwise never get. It is quite hard for me to stay with the Amiga as I am only 14 years old and I live in Australia. I play games all the time against all these PC users and almost always beat them although it is getting difficult to do this because 95% of PC games are not out on the Amiga.

I have just heard that Ultima Online is coming out for PCs. If we managed to get Disc000AM to convert this now I think the Amiga would suffer the revival of the century. I understand that Quake and Myst have come out but these are

Seeing as you're from Down Under we've printed your letter. Next month (or the one after), for no apparent reason, we'll print the first letter we get with a Timbuktu postmark on it.

### Bring out your scraps

I feel compelled to write to you after reading your answer to Chris Jones from Sheffield's letter concerning PC game writers converting to writing for the Amiga.

At the end of your answer you said that "The Amiga user base isn't a stamping ground separate for any scraps thrown its way", isn't it? When was the last really decent game written for the Amiga? Sure there are old games being written for the Amiga but are they actually any good?

Am I the only person who does not like the various Doom clones doing the rounds? Where is the standard of games that used to make the Amiga second to none on

### Letter of the month

I think I've already had it with you lot. I don't know whether to congratulate you or recommend you for mental treatment. Why? Because of your eternal, everlasting optimism in the face of all the Amiga's troubles!

Granted, you like to have a bit of a moan in the *Plebs* of View section but how can you keep that spirit up when most of us are sitting onto our income rats? Then it makes me think, maybe it's all just a show - a confidence trick to keep us all thinking it's going to turn out for the best so we don't defect to the PC.

Perhaps Tony Horgan's pessimism on the Comments page is the result of a strategically placed electric cattle prod, or maybe it's just been warped in Image Fit. Could it be that you are all just blind to the facts, or plain stupid?

Common sense and scepticism on my part has stopped me short of concluding some kind of alien mind-reading conspiracy theory, but only just.

I suppose at the end of the day I'm glad you can keep your pecker up. There are enough sullen show-games around at the moment so it is. Keep it up!

Jon Butterworth, via email

**We're just like what we're doing. As you say, there's no point just complaining and getting too depressed about things when**

**there actually are good, real things going on, even if they're not coming from Amiga let's face it the moment. It is the enthusiasm of the user base that has kept the Amiga going through these recent years, so lets not knock it!**

the gaming scene? I don't believe that any games being written now for the Amiga are in the same league as games such as *Worms*, *Theme Park*, *SWOS* or *Learnings*. Indeed, software firms like *Scorville* and *Team 17* do not write for the Amiga anymore. Hardly encouraging is it?

As for savings thrown the Amiga's way from PC programmers, I personally would welcome anything at all. I'm sure a large proportion of Amiga owners would run down to the shops, cash in hand, if games like *Theme Hospital*, *Nuclear Strike*, *Worms 2*, *Monkey Island 3* or *Scorville Soccer 2000* were converted from the PC to the Amiga. I know there is little chance of this actually happening but you saying it is not welcome is odd to say the least.

As an owner of an Amiga for many years, starting with a 500 and then upgrading to a 1200 about two years ago, I will support it forever, but let's not pretend the Amiga, and gaming in particular, is in anything other than decline.

Stuart Le Grix, Essex

There's a big difference between getting Amiga conversions of games like *Monkey Island 3* and *Theme Hospital*, and becoming a refuge for cut-offs from the PC game development world. The original suggestion in Chris Jones' letter was that developers who couldn't handle the pace in the PC market could get away with knocking out late or lesser standard products to Amiga users.

## Hull and Back

I was pleased to see the Amiga getting the show it deserves this year in the UK. Even though it's down in London (again) which will mean a lengthy round trip from Hull for me and my local Amiga mates, we'll be making the trip all the same. I think the idea of screening the EA Cup final is a good one too, as it gives people no excuse for not turning up. Shame about the short notice though.

Dominic James, Hull

## Get the violins out

I know this might not be the right place to mail this. But hey! Why not? I am sad! I have lost a good friend and Amigaoid. I wish not to state how, but it's not in a tragic accident or anything. He is still alive. I loved his friend quite a lot and this



lost our friendship. I was not understanding or maybe not respectful of his feelings.

But now I am discovering my side too with my Amiga, and in a month or so I will release a music cassette made entirely on an Amiga, and I will dedicate it to my lost friend. Over...

Peter Scholten, via email

So we're supposed to be some

**"Is there any point in trying to hold back the tide?"**

**Aren't we all destined to become slaves to the Wintel systems that have sucked in the rest of the world?."**

Kind of egotist/anti-personal problem solving reader are we? Don't worry though, your Amiga will always be your best friend. Now that is said!

## Look at my 680!

I'm just writing to say that people don't know what they're missing. I'm talking about those Amigas still using 68000 Amigas or even I guess, 68008 Amigas. I can't criticise them, because that was me until a few weeks ago. I came across a bargain 680 card for my A1000 and thought I'd treat myself. It had 16MB RAM on it (no!), All the talk of upgrading I'd heard hadn't prepared me for the difference it made to my system!

This 680 card is truly responsible for completely changing my views on 3D rendering. I used to think it was so complex and slow that I never even used your *Imagine 4.0* cover disc more than once. Then I thought I'd try it with my 680, and boy, does it fly! I'm now totally converted to the 3D era. Before, it would have taken maybe an hour for a very simple scene to render, only for me to find out that the viewpoint was wrong or something. Now, complete scenes are rendered in less than a few seconds, and I can see before my very eyes, and 'Quick Render' printers are as good as instant. The point of the letter isn't

to brag, as I'm sure there are lots of other 680 users out there. It's merely to shed anyone else's spending so long getting by on a lousy Amiga, thinking "this is as good as it gets", when they are missing out on so much.

It's only when you think about it that you realise what else you can do that you've got used to being out of the question. Now I can play more channels with *Sound Studio*. Multitasking a number of big CPU intensive programs at once is now a valuable reality.

In short, my Amiga has been given a whole new lease of life and I feel like I've got a whole new computer to play with!

Ryan Garmen, Worcester

## What's the point?

I don't mean to bring anyone down, but probably will anyway. My question to you is, in the light of Gates

and his global domination (he'll probably own the Internet soon too) is there really any point in trying to hold back the tide? Aren't we all destined to become slaves to the Wintel systems that have already sucked in the rest of the world? Amiga (instead of attempting to take on Microsoft) make David and Goliath look like quite an even match.

I mean, how on earth could anyone expect to overturn a monopoly like that? When it's reached the stage that most people think there are no other personal computer systems in existence, and don't even see a reason for those being any other systems, I think it's past the point of no return. I daresay me to say it, but I think all of this excitement about an Amiga rebirth is going to fall flat on its face very soon.

Michael Gordon, via email

There's nothing like a good positive note to finish off the letters page, and that was nothing like one. We disagree with you Garmen. People have short memories and assume that like *RoboRings*, Microsoft has been around and will stay around for ever. With technology moving so fast, today's Wintel domination could be tomorrow's *Testina Tragedy*. It could happen!

# To the Point...

## CDTV coverage?

Do you have or intend to have a special section for Amiga CDTV?

Jaydes, via email

No we don't, and we won't! At the risk of offending those with the not so little black boxes, CDTV is obsolete technology. Get with the program Jaydes!

## Imagine my surprise

Like all of Amiga users, I expected Quake on the Amiga to be a slightly scary looking affair. After all you need a fast CPU (660+) to get anything like a decent frame rate. If you want 10 to 16 modes, then 64. Quake is required along with a nice 3Dfx or PowerVR 3D accelerator. Imagine my surprise when I downloaded the Quake demo. From *ClassicGAMES*'s web site I got 640k of it. It looked awesome!

Mike Smithson, via email

You'll find that demo on this month's CD.

## Golden greats

I really liked your gold trimmed Quake cover. Any chance of the gold replacing the red permanently as I think it looks much cooler!

Richard Gough, via email

You never know, we could take it up as a regular thing, but we like to surprise you. Hopefully this month's alternative colour scheme will meet your approval.

## Set them free

I've got an idea. Why don't you have a vote for readers to tell you what things for nearly finished but unfinished games they would like to see get a proper release? Surely there are plenty out there?

Daniela Demaves, Co. Tyrone

CD Amiga reserves the right to edit letters so that they make sense. It may edit page and don't ramble on too much. So make it easier for us and don't go on and on and on and on and on and on... Thanks.



# Points of View

Time for a few more opinions... please note that the views expressed here are not necessarily those of CU Amiga.



## On a knife edge



The products we have in for review this month are some of the best we have ever had. The **Blizzard PPC** card is sitting in one corner and is smoking all that we throw at it. I'm writing this on **WordPerfect 7**, the zenith of Amiga word processors. I've been playing with **Electric Dreams**, **3D Studio** and **Picture Manager Pro**. I've been blown away by

**TurboGrafx 16** and I can't stop playing **Crackin' and Doom**. We've been hearing for a while now about the **Great Amiga Revival**, surely this is it? Not necessarily, Doctor. **Howard's** don't seem to think so. They've left the Amiga market. When have resigned back their Amiga development and (reluctantly) chosen to move some of their resources to developing for the **PC/Platform** market. Any number of developments have taken longer than people were hoping - from the delays in the **Blizzard** that until enough people pre-order, to the presentation from **Neofall** over supporting the Amiga. The latest **ASC** figures here in the UK indicated that the Amiga user base shrunk by another 15% in the last 6 months. Two very different pictures of the state of the Amiga market. Why the divide views? The answer is simple. The people who make up the Amiga market - the developers,

**"Bad news guys: hold onto your cash now, and the great things will fall due to lack of development capital."**

engineers, coders, distributors and retailers - recognise that the only way the market is going to recover is by supplying the best products possible. The problem is, it won't happen unless all of the Amiga community plays ball. Perhaps seeing all these great products makes people think that the market is in a healthier state than it is. The truth is that the Amiga market is still on a knife edge. The only real difference between now and 18 months ago is that if we fall the right side of the knife, everything is in place for a very rose future indeed. I guess there are just too many cashes holding onto their cash, confident that great things are just around the corner. **Bad news guys: if you hold onto your cash now, the great things will fall due to**

lack of development capital. The great Amiga revival is in your hands. The companies have done their bit, and now it's time to do yours. That means invest something. I'm not suggesting the Amiga market is a charity, don't lose something you don't want or need. Just look through the pages of **CU Amiga** over the last few issues - I challenge anyone to tell me there isn't a product that they would love to have. So buy it - and from a shop, not from a guy at the local Amiga club with a CD burner. Buy just one thing - let it be a single CD or a PPC card - in the next two months and if all the other readers follow your lead, the Great Amiga Revival is assured. ■

Robert Davis, Deputy Editor of CU Amiga

## Spreading the word



Here I am, well into my second week of work at **CU Amiga**. When I tell friends and colleagues that I had got a new job writing for an Amiga magazine, the standard reply was, "They don't still make Amigas, do they?" My answer, of course, was a qualified "yes", but this neatly sums up one of Amiga International's problems: the pub-

lic's lack of knowledge of the continuing existence of the Amiga. To take another example, about six months ago my parents wished to buy a new computer. Now, my parents are relative novices when it comes to computers, so, unfortunately, the only sane and reasonable advice I could give was to buy a PC. We duly trotted off to our local branch of **Currys** to see what deals could be done. I got into conversation with a salesperson there, and he asked me if I knew anything about computers. "Yes", I replied, not wishing to blow my own trumpet. "What have you got?" he asked. "I mainly use an Amiga", was my defiant response. His following dismissive comments manifested his ignorance and annoyed me immensely. What was this young kid trying to tell me? The ensuing dialogue I poured both concerning my greater knowledge, my wider experience of operating systems, and the benefits

**"I know what I'm talking about, and there is no way you can convince me that Windows 95 is any good."**

of using an Amiga shocked the poor fellow. I'm sure, I know what I'm talking about, and there is no way you can convince me that **Windows 95** is any good." Now, then, is it to raise the Amiga's profile in the eyes of the public? A large and expensive advertising campaign is one obvious solution - but perhaps not one that AI can viable pursue: their previous funds are more desperately required to achieve that much-needed OS overhaul. The conventional and cheaper way of promoting the Amiga has always been word of mouth. The faithful follower of the Church of Amiga would describe their friends and family with Amiga-performed miracles, converting them to the cause; they would poster and pursue vendors into stocking stockier

Amiga products. But more is needed. A cheap, one-off fee form of advertising would be for AI to produce or license official T-shirts, pens, or stickers, or coffee mugs, whatever, all emblazoned with the Amiga logo. The designer would proudly display those in the world to get the message across. Also, what about Amiga-branded keyboards instead of PC keyboards to connect to our beloved machines and how about some badges to identify all those anonymous looking tower cases. All we Amiga users wish to proclaim "Back to the future" from the rooftops of the world. Amiga International, please help us to do so. ■

Robert Dransfield, Staff Writer of CU Amiga

## What exactly is an Amiga?



Not so long ago I wrote a piece in this very magazine on how a new Amiga might take the form of a set-top box running WindowsCE, and boy, did I get in trouble for it. Before you burn me at the stake for heresy of the highest order, here's a meal of what follows and here's a think.

So what makes an Amiga an Amiga? Let's look at the options. You could start off by saying it's simple: It's a computer with two Amiga keys on the keyboard. Good by, but many OEM Amiga tower owners have PC keyboards with no sign of the funny A-keys.

Is it the motherboard design? Clearly not: there are at least two new motherboards in existence, neither designed by Commodore or an Amiga owner — and yet like computers based on them are clearly still Amigas. If anything these designs improve upon the A3000 and A4000, and are the machines which we should have had years ago.

Is it the processor: the central heart of the computer, taking away thousands of times a second? I disagree: there is no reason for it to be the CPU. The original Amiga was based on the 68000 processor, and the current 586 and 58000 devices are almost entirely different. They are faster by an order of magnitude, more power efficient, and use a totally changed internal



▲ Includes clean battery.

architecture. The push is on to move to PowerPC, and again, the state-of-the-art PowerPC has little in common with the original 68000. Then there are the i486 and Amiga Forever packages. These allow PCs and other computers to emulate an Amiga computer and run Workbench. On a fast PC it is even possible to run some games, because the emulator can mimic the Amiga custom chipset. With a PC running i486, it is effectively an Amiga.

OK, then, you say, now you mention it, what about the custom chip set? It sets the Amiga apart from the i486. It has the faster and Copper for which the Amiga is famous. With the Amiga's unrivaled TV and video friendly visual output, is this the distinction of Amiganeess?

Well, no, it's not — stick a graphics card in an Amiga equipped with a suitable Zorro slot and you can do without the faster, HAM mode, dual

### "A computer running pOS is still going to be an Amiga, isn't it? What about an Amiga running a Linux port?"

playfields, hardware scrolling and sprites. Instead you have a rock steady, 1024 by 768 (or larger) 24-bit display on a PC standard TVGA monitor and yet the computer is still clearly an Amiga except now you can run PhotoWorks like you've never seen it before using CyberPics drivers.

So, you say, it has to be the open system. The Amiga's Workbench is unique, and it's taken the PC world years to catch up. In fact, you may say the computer is still ahead of Windows/3, faster and more reliable. That's true: but if the Amiga Workbench is so great, why develop replacements such as pOS? A computer running pOS is still going to be an Amiga, isn't it? What about an Amiga running a Linux port? Oh, you say, getting desperate. It's the software. The excellent Amiga application software. Product like Imagine, LightWave, Final Writer and Wordworth. It's the applications

"The Amiga as we know it may be dying, or even dead. But the Amiga attitude isn't."



▲ Is it the applications that make the Amiga?

which make the Amiga what it is — graphical masterpieces, used in the TV and movies and easy-to-use word processors which don't cost hundreds of pounds and take up 100Mb

space. It's not a specific software application.

The Amiga is an attitude. It's an attitude which says computers don't have to be large clunky things. Computers can be cool. They can be well designed, efficient and powerful. They can be used by everyone, and you don't need to spend a fortune on software or development tools in order to do it. They aren't an end in themselves, they are a way of achieving something.

The Amiga as we know it may be dying, or even dead. But the Amiga attitude isn't. It's pending thousands and thousands of users into the world. Users who expect a certain style and quality. Users who may be using and programming other computers, using the software we'll all be using tomorrow. Users equipped with the Amiga Attitude. It's this legacy which the Amiga should be remembered for.

Some users will build new hardware, and call it an Amiga. That's fine — but the most important thing about the Amiga is the way it makes you feel, and how it makes you think. ■

John Kennedy, Technical Consultant  
79 Days

However, that doesn't alter the fact that maybe you're stumped by this stage. You might be asking exactly what is an Amiga, and more importantly, what is it going to evolve into? Now is it going to remain an Amiga after everyone has had their own attempt at "improving" it?

This is exactly my point. The Amiga isn't a schematic diagram on an engineer's wall. It's not a piece of clever hardware, or a particular graphical user interface. It's not the Copper, it's not hardware proto-

# TECHNO TRAGEDIES

## The Sam Coupé

The curse of downward compatibility spells the end of the British home computer revolution.

**Born** 1989

**Died** 1991

**T**he year is 1989, and the home computer market is undergoing another revolution. The age of the British home computer looks like it is coming to an end, as the fantastically popular

Sinclair ZX Spectrum starts to look distinctly underpowered beside the new wave of American computers from companies such as Apple and Commodore. The way forward is clearly 16 bit, and both the ST and Amiga have Motorola processors and custom hardware providing power and graphics unlike anything ever seen before.

Now, imagine you are a British hardware manufacturer and you are keen to get a slice of the action. What sort of new home computer should you launch? A brand new, 16 bit state-of-the-art machine? Ideally yes, but it takes a large amount of money to push a new platform and make it successful - new games aren't going to spring up overnight. What about a computer with the power of a 16 bit machine, but one which is still compatible with the current big dog, the ZX Spectrum? That was you got all the existing software and can still encourage developers to take advantage of the new features. Does that sound like a winning idea?

A company called Miles Gordon Technology certainly thought it was. Makers of add-on disk drives for the Spectrum, MGT designed and launched the Sam Coupé computer in the hope of having the natural machine for producing new software. One of the most important features of the Sam was a backwards compatibility chip which appeared in adverts that demonstrated it was, in fact, MGT that gave you best to make the decision between buying a new computer and you would have to look at the Sam and to find more sophisticated hardware graphics in the computer industry.

The Sam Coupé's main aim was also relatively modest. It was the first of the range of target audience that Spectrums, and of anything with a real reputation for considered high-tech. So the Coupé featured a keyboard, floating in the middle of a screen, sitting on a base. Whooops. Yes, it was first-class made of white stuff and it was also one of the ugliest computers ever. Quite what the designers were thinking of is hard to

imagine, but looks didn't come into it. One reason was that the base was designed to snap apart and become filled with reconfigurable devices called 'disk drives'. Although a cassette tape interface was included as standard, it was possible to fit floppy and even hard disk drives - all without extra pieces of hardware hanging off your desk. A feature logical in the time.

It got better too, although it still used the old favourite 6 bit Zilog Z80 processor. Its speed had been almost doubled to a fast-stepping 8MHz. Audio and graphics were also luxurious, with stereo sound from a genuine sound-chip (no simple beeps here) and high-resolution (up to 512 by 1024 pixels) in up to 128 different colours. At the back were MIDI interfaces, reconfigurable connections and even a SCART socket.

The ST and Amiga were clearly the better machines, but they were also exorbitantly expensive. The Sam on the other hand, was almost cheap and friendly. It was British, it played Spectrum games. It should have been a contender.

### What went wrong?

Well, from the very beginning. When it was launched, it got off to a fast start by missing the crucial Christmas market and suffering from a lack of a decent advertising campaign.

It may have been aimed at Spectrum owners looking to upgrade, but many potential customers didn't think it offered enough in the way of new features to make it worthwhile. The new Spectrum magazines of the time almost completely ignored it, concentrating on the new 16 bit machines on the horizon. The Spectrum compatibility was really a double-edged sword. It may run old software, but didn't that make it old hardware? Why spend money on something which doesn't do much more than the Spectrum?

MGT never got sufficient financial backing and went into liquidation. Even the creation of a new parent company, SAM Computer Company, by the original design duo of Alan Miles and Bruce Gordon, failed to succeed. I remember waiting around a computer show and bumping into the Sam stand, even the temptation of a 20000 programming competition prevented me from leaving with a Coupé under my arm. It's much better to wait for the Amiga and ST to drop down in price, I thought.

The next year, that's exactly what the Amiga and ST did. Suddenly home computers had



graphical user interfaces, hardware sprites and could re-trace and play flight simulators almost instantaneously. The Sam Coupé was indeed into 1990's technology, and the 1980's were over.

That's not to say no-one bought it. The estimated number of Coupés sold is placed at 12,000. However, new software was almost impossible to find as none of the big software houses wanted to continue developing for 8 bit hardware. It was this 'No software, no reason to buy hardware, no hardware to develop software for' vicious circle which the Sam had been designed to break.

It didn't make it. It failed, but **not before** it owners didn't want to stop their old software. They wanted new software running on brand new hardware. Then wanted to play games on the Amiga and the Space Harrier machine.

These days Miles Gordon's family of success for the Sam. Single sales have made the Sam a Sam success, and therefore more of a success than most, and there are plenty of retrospectives on the Internet. It's the obligatory anniversary of success, even a Web Ring to keep track of all the sites. It's a shame, interesting and useful to today's computer world.

If you've ever been to a computer show, make sure to annoy them by asking what happened to the 'Super Spectrum'. They have taken you all that time.

John Kennedy

### Web resources

<http://www.yi.com.au/TeamJohns/sam.htm>  
<http://www.spm.mls.co.uk/hypertexts/for.htm>  
<http://www.team-demon.co.uk/siliconcomp/samcomp.htm>  
<http://scoo.ccl.com.co.uk/Sam/samdev.htm>



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